FOR CYCLES
CONSULT
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOR CYCLES
CONSULT
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

FOUNDED BY Sir P. M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. X. NO. 267 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1922. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA.

(Companies Incorporated in England).

MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.		Steamers.	Tons.
11th	November	MANTUA x	10,902
18th	"	MOREA	10,911
25th	"	MALWA	10,941
2nd	December	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
9th	"	NARKUNDA *	16,227
16th	"	CALEDONIA	7,622
23rd	"	KARMALA x	9,098
30th	"	KHIVA	9,097
1923			
6th	January	MOLDAVIA*	15,800
13th	"	CHINA	7,952
20th	"	MANTUA	10,902
27th	"	NALDERA *	15,825
3rd	February	MALWA	10,941
10th	"	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
17th	"	KHYBER	9,014
24th	"	MACEDONIA*	11,089
3rd	March	CALEDONIA	7,622
10th	"	DEVANHA	8,092
17th	"	CHINA	7,952
24th	"	MOREA*	10,911
31st	"	MANTUA	10,902
7th	April	MALWA	10,941
14th	"	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
21st	"	NARKUNDA *	16,227
28th	"	MACEDONIA	11,089

x Through steamers from China.

*Through steamers from Australia. Have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

P. AND O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN—leaves Marseilles for London via Bologne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
To Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about		Steamers	Tons.
1922.			
21st	November	NEVASA	9,071
4th	December	MATIANA	8,600
22nd	"	MULBERA	9,100
1923			
5th	January	MASHOBRA	8,324
19th	"	GAZANA*	5,284
2nd	February	GAMARIA*	5,255
16th	"	MASULA*	7,261
7th	March	MALDA	8,965
16th	March	DOMALA	8,441
30th	"	DOMANA	8,600
13th	April	MANDALA	8,246
27th	"	MANTOLA	8,963

* Cargo vessels only, will not convey passengers.

SAILINGS TO STRAITS & CHINA.

1922.			
17th November		SICILIA	
15th December		MACEDONIA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. "Nellore."
28th	"	SOUDAN	
1923			
12th January		MOREA	Connects at Colombo with s.s. "Kalyan."
22nd	"	SICILIA	
9th February		NARKUNDA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. "Khyber."
28th Feb.		SOUDAN	
9th March		MOLDAVIA	Connects at Colombo with "Karmala"
6th April		NALDERA	Connects at Colombo with "Kashgar"

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Date	Steamers.	Tons.
24th November..	NALDERA	15,825
15th December ..	MACEDONIA	11,089
1923.		
12th January ..	MOREA	10,911
9th February ..	NARKUNDA	16,227
9th March ..	MOLDAVIA	15,800
6th April ..	NALDERA	15,825

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about		Steamers	Destination.
10th	November.	VASNA	Busreh via Karachi.
11th	"	LINGA	Karachi Coasting
13th	"	VITA	Karachi via Coast.
15th	"	TAROBA..	East & S. Africa
16th	"	BARPETA	P. Gulf viaKarachi

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE and Co,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.
P. O. Box. 122.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANTS MARINE, LIMITED.
AND
B. I. S. N. CO.'S JOINT SERVICE.
CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Terms Rate of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
18, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 163.
Telephone No. 1220.

SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE.

REGULAR SEMI-MONTHLY SERVICE to JAPAN via SINGAPORE, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Dep.
Tamba Maru ..	N. Wada	5,845	14 Nov.	25 Nov.
Moji Maru ..	Y. Tomioka	3,757	27 Nov.	11 Dec.
Tsushima Maru	T. Takeda	6,746	9 Dec.	16 Dec.
Wakasa Maru ..	M. Goto	6,074	14 Dec.	26 Dec.
Kamakura Maru	J. Fujisawa	5,829	27 Dec.	10 Jan.

All steamers, equipped with every comfort, and fitted with electric lights & fans in every cabin free of charge and wireless telegraphy. A qualified Surgeon and specially trained Chefs carried.

Y. YOSHIDA, Manager,
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Phone Nos. 279, 4362. Telegrams "YUSEN."

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

Fortnightly sailings between Bombay, Karachi and Calcutta, Burma calling at Galle, Tuticorin, Colombo and other coast ports according to demand

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing about.
S.S. Holmberg..	5100.	18th November.
S.S. Jalaputra..	8310.	30th November.

For freight and other particulars apply to
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co.,
Agents.
Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL $30,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND ... £4,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND ... $25,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $30,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E.C.
BOMBAY OFFICE.
40, Churchgate Street.

OTHER BRANCHES.

Amoy	Hongkong	Rangoon
Bangkok	Ipoh	Saigon
Batavia	Johore	San Francisco
Calcutta	Kobe	Shanghai
Canton.	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Chefoo	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo.	Malacca	Sungei Patani
Dairen	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Haipheng	New York	Vladivostock
Hamburg	Peking	Yloilo
Harbin	Penang	Yokohama
Hankow		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the world.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

E. R. HYND,
Agent.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL 5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 3,97,61,500
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 31-3-22 ... 59,82,112/8

HEAD OFFICE.
62-68, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
SUB-BRANCHES.
Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.
LONDON AGENTS.
THE LONDON COUNTRY WESTMINISTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES upto Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st. January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS.—Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

LOAN AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.

SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.

General Banking and exchange business of every description transacted.

T. C. ANDERSON,
General Manager.

BANKING

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882.)

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ... Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... „ 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... „ 73,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY.
Manager.

THE BANK OF MORVI, LTD,

(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)

HEAD OFFICE: Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.

LONDON AGENTS—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital ..... „ 40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls „ 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds ..... „ 89,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 3 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Received at 4 per cent.

STERLING DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on Lond— bought and sold.

GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.

STOCK and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected. All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

C. I. PAREKH & CO.,
Agents.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK.

LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital .... Rs 7,50,66,525-0-0.
Paid up Capital and Reserves ..... Rs. 2,43,69,957-8-0.
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..... Rs. 5,25,46,567-8-0.

Sir D. T. Tata, Kt., Chairman.
Board of Directors.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.
LONDON OFFICE: 31, Great Street, Helens, London E. C. 3.

Branches: CALCUTTA, CAWNPORE, DELHI, HYDERABAD, (DECCAN), LUCKNOW, MADRAS, RANGOON.

Every facility offered for general and Exchange banking throughtout India and with Europe and America. Bills of Exchange negotiated. Deposits received. For terms apply to Head Office or to any branch.

General Manger,
L. D. L. BUCKLEY.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

	Rs.
Capital Authorised	100,00,000
Capital Issued	50,00,000
Capital Subscribed	50,00,000
Capital Paid-up	25,80,130
Reserved Fund	18,00,000

HEAD OFFICE LAHORE.

Amritsar	Hapur	Ludhiana
Amballa City	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Amballa Cant	Hyderabad	Montgomery
Bombay	(Sindh)	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jullundur	Patiala
Calcutta	Jammu	Quetta
Delhi	Jhelum City	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Srinagar
Gojra	Lyallpur	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

DES RAJ MEHRA,
Manager.

BANKING

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 1.

BRANCHES:

Amara	Calcutta
Baghdad	Colombo
Bahrein	Madras
Basrah	Mosul
Bombay	

Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,000,000
Reserve Fund £300,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-wood. K. B. E., C.B., C. M. G, Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Brt.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Meyer Sassoon, Esq.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.

BOMBAY BRANCH:

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent per annum.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on applicaion.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.

L. F. TUCKER.
Manager.

NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELS BANK,

(NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK.)

(Incorporated in Holland.)
Established 1863.

Authorised Capital ..... Fl. 60,000,000 about £5,000,000
Paid-up Capital and Reserve Fund Fl. 75,000,000 about £6,250,000

HEAD OFFICE at AMSTERDAM (Holland).
SUB-OFFICE: THE HAGUE.
EASTERN HEAD AGENCY at BATAVIA,
BRANCHES.
DUTCH EAST BRANCHES:

Ampenan	Palembang
Bandeong	Pekalongan
Cheribon	Probolinggo
Gorantolo	Semarang
Macassar	Soerabais
Medan	Tjilatjap
Menado	Weltevreden

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS:—Singapore.

CHINA and JAPAN:—Hongkong, Shanghai and Kobe.

BRITISH INDIA:—Bombay and Calcutta.

LONDON BANKERS:—London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd., Swiss Bank Corporation, Williams Deacon's Bank, Ltd.

PARIS BANKERS:—Guaranty Trust Company, of New York.

NEW YORK BANKERS:—Farmers Loan and Trust Co., Guaranty Trust Co., of New York, Golman Sachs and Co.

Correspondents in every part of the World.

BOMBAY BRANCH:

314, Hornby Road, (J. N. Petit Institute Building.)
Post Box No. 876.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

W. J. de GRAAN.
Manager.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

(Affiliated with the P. and O. Banking Corporation Ltd.)

AUTHORISED AND SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Rs. 40,000,000
CAPITAL ... Rs. 25,00,000
RESERVE FUND IN GOVERNMENT PAPER ... Rs. 25,50,000
CONTINGENCY FUND for equalisation of Dividend, Provision for bad or doubtful debts, adjusting fluctuations in values of investments or etc., ... Rs. 6,00,000

HEAD OFFICE—ALLAHABAD.
BRANCHES.

Bombay, Bareilly, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Dehra Dun, Gorakhpur, Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Lucknow, Meerut, Mussooree, Naini Tal, Nagpur, Patna and Rangoon.

SUB-AGENCIES.

Allahabad City Office, Amritsar, Aminabad Park, Lucknow, Benares, Cawnpore City Office, Chandausi, Fyzabad, Hathras, Hapur Lucknow City Office, Lyallpur, Moradabad, Mutra, Rae Bareli, Sitapur.

CORRESPONDENTS.—In all the principal Towns throughout India.

LONDON BANKERS.—The P and O. Banking Corporation, Limited. The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 2 per cent. allowed on balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 100,000 provided the interest amounts to Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Small sums received Copy of Rules can be obtained on application. Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the Custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realised. Loans and Cash Credits granted.

Currency Notes of any Circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit account free of charge. Banking business of every description transacted. Copy of Rules may be had on application at the Head Office and at any of the Branches.

F. D. FOREMAN,
Agent,

Bombay Branch,
Allahabad Bank Buildings,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

BANKING

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, TAMARIND LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.

ASSETS EXCEED RS. 30,00,000.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

5% P. A. ON DAILY BALANCES.

As long as the Government of India finds it difficult to borrow funds in the open market at rate of interest lower than 6 per cent. p. a. or at any rate below 5 per cent. p. a. we have decided to give full advantage to our customers of the predicament of the Government and to grant them 5 per cent. p. a. on their daily balances with us on Savings Accounts on and from the 1st of August, 1922. Interest payable only on the 31st day of December each year, even though an account may be closed earlier

Investments mainly in or against Government of India Securities and in Securities admitted by the Trust Act. For rules and particulars apply to

YESHWANT ANNA KUNTE, Esq., Director, Girgaum Branch.
Dr. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M.A., P. Managing Dir.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)

(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 65,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES:

Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los Angelos	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Singapore
Darien	Nagasaki	Shimonoseki
Frengtien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 10,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

H. YAMAZAKI,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay.
Post Box No. 267.

Rs. 4,674

Our PRUDENTIAL Deposit Account has become very popular. We receive Deposits daily. Our clients are to be met all over India and even in Mespot & Africa.

Pay Rs. 5, Rs. 10 and Rs. 50 monthly for 252 months and after 21 years draw

Rs. 2,337,
Rs. 4,674
AND
Rs. 23,370
respectively

Rs.10 a Month paid regularly will bring Rs. 4,674 at the end of 252 months

YOU CAN BANK BY POST

or personally—Distance is no hindrance

6% WIDOWS' & ORPHANS' FUND

INTEREST PAID MONTHLY

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Full Particulars Free from

THE INDUSTRIAL AND EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Phone 5805. Deptt. B. Post Box 22, BOMBAY.

Branches: Kapurthala, Karachi, Surat and Rawalpindi.

SHARES STILL AVAILABLE.

Prospectus Free.

INSURANCE

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO. LD

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

A PROGRESSIVE INDIAN LIFE OFFICE

	Rs.
Total Invested Funds Exceed	54,00,000
Total Claims Paid over	14,00,000
New Business—1921	55,56,500
New Business—Jan. to Aug., 1922 ...	60,92,000

A "National" Policy combines all that is best and latest for Life Assurance Protection. A specimen Policy form is enclosed with every Prospectus which will amply repay perusal.

For forms, Agencies, etc., apply to:

J. A. KIMBER, General Manager.
S. N. BANERJI, Secretary.
or
Messrs. DHURANDHAR BROTHERS, Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency, C. P. and C. I.,
Brufally Buildings,
Opposite W. & A. Graham & Company,
Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

INSURANCE

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LD.

113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN.
MAHOMEDBHOY CURRIMBHOY, ESQR.

Attractive Plans for Life Insurance with lowest rates and with special advantages. For particulars apply to—

JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY, LD,

CALCUTTA.

Second Quinquennium Valuation-Report and commends a Bonus of ½ per cent., on sum assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April 1923, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One lakh. Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 47,00,000.

The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.

Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.

S. R. KHOPKAR,
Manager.
Bombay Branch.
49, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

HOTELS.

MATHERAN.

MATHERAN STATION RETIRING ROOMS.

Large, Airy and well-furnished Suites, accommodation for very large numbers of visitors.

The Catering and Management of the Matheran Railway Refreshment and Retiring Rooms will now be run by a first-class European Caterer and Hotelier of repute, and Visitors will find this the best in Matheran for excellence of Cuisine, Comfort and Cleanliness.

All milk used will be pure and fresh from our own cows and Buffaloes kept on the premises.

Terms Rs. 8/8 per diem Inclusive.

OPENING 1ST OCTOBER.
Rooms now Booking.

Tel. 2710. *Telegraphic*:—"LODGE."
THE ONLY BEST AND COMFORTABLE HOME.
FOR RAJAHS AND HIGH CLASS HINDU FAMILIES.

Shri Narsinh Hindu Lodge

VITHAL SAYANA BUILDING, LOHAR CHAWL

Decent boarding and lodging accommodation guaranteed

For charges.:—	Monthly	Daily
Special Class for Kings	200—0	10—0—0
1st Class	75—100	5—0—0
2nd Class	50—70	3—8—0
		2—0—0
		1—8—0

STUDENTS GRANTED FOR CONCESSION UPPER CLASS.

Electrical
Engineers & Contractors

INDIAN ENGINEERING CO.
16 Hummum Street, Fort BOMBAY.
Phone 1896

Full Stock of Electrical Goods.
Your Enquiries Please AAS.

I say! You fellows—what a sweat you're in. What's the hurry? There's just the right time to catch the tram. Right time, did you say?.....why, of course, mine's a West End Watch. Never need worry about obstruse calculations with a West End Watch. No need to add or subtract a few minutes from what the watch says and then find you've made a mistake. A West End Watch is always right. Saves an awful lot of trouble in this clumsy climate, doesn't it?
The "HIRA"
STERLING SILVER
Rs. 75.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE SENT FREE.
West End Watch Co
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

Gents' Tailors and Outfitters

EST. 1909.

Our tailoring department is under an Expert cutter and able workman. Orders executed promptly and carefully Please Phone up 4008 for our representative.

SWADESHI CLOTHS IN STOCK

A. R. ABDURREHMAN & Co.

28, CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

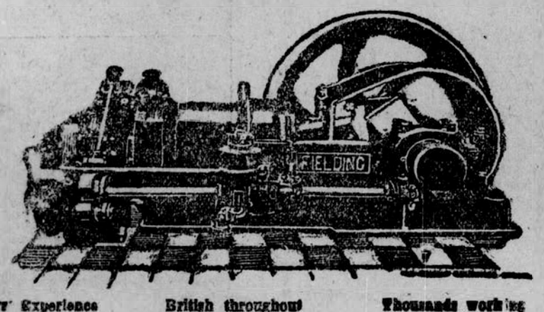
TELEPHONE No. 4008.

Fielding and Platt Ltd.

SEMI-DIESEL
Crude Oil Engines and Suction Gas Plants
NO WATER INJECTION

SAFE SIMPLE RELIABLE ECONOMICAL

USE SEMI DIESEL ENGINES

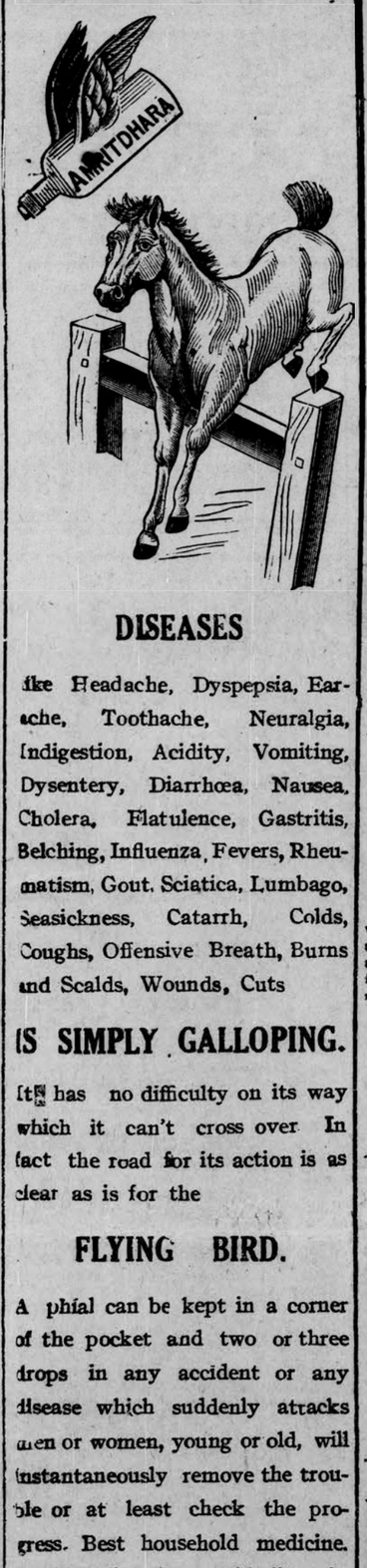


40 Years' Experience British throughout Thousands working
STOCKS HELD

MOOLJI HARIDAS & Co.

Agents for the Bombay Presidency, Rajputana, Sind, Baluchistan, Punjab, Central and United Provinces.
Post Box No 135, Carnac Bunder, BOMBAY.

THE ACTION OF



DISEASES

like Headache, Dyspepsia, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Indigestion, Acidity, Vomiting, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Nausea, Cholera, Flatulence, Gastritis, Belching, Influenza, Fevers, Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Lumbago, Seasickness, Catarrh, Colds, Coughs, Offensive Breath, Burns and Scalds, Wounds, Cuts

IS SIMPLY GALLOPING.

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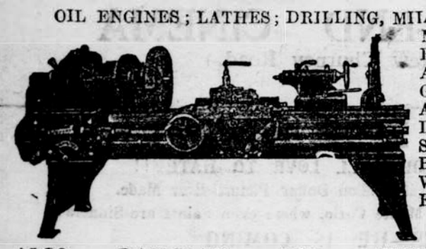

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"THE PLANTERS' DOMINION."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Your admirable leader of the 4th November viz. "The Planters' Dominion", along with the horrowing and heart-reading accounts of the Chandpur tragedy of June 1921, speaks its own tale. This heartless and brutal treatment meted out to the unfortunate "coolie" labourers of Chandpur in the Assam District and the charge of the Gurkhas on defenceless and cholera stricken men, women, and children were at the time aptly compared with the Gallianwalla Baug tragedy. The magnificent wages or 3 annas a day to the helpless and hapless labourers who were snared to the tea-fields by the Agents of the foreign planters, with an offer of a few rupees in advance as a bait, and the whizzing of the whip, the imprisoning of the helpless "coolies" and the thousand and one other ways of utter cruelties perpetrated by the foreign planters who call themselves the followers of Christ, were revealations as to the ways and means adopted to perpetuate system of trafficking in human souls.

When the unfortunate "coolie" labourers, men, women and children, had fled for their native villages, they were absolutely famine-stricken and were dying on the roads by the scores. When an offer of cooked rice was made by some Government officials to these unfortunate victims of Mammon, they absolutely refused to touch the contaminated rice of the Government fearing a snare to take them back to the field of their original slave market. They calmly preferred to suffer or die.

And what is the part played by this Ma-Bap Government in this tragedy of slave-trafficking? They have enacted degrading laws, some of which are a disgrace to any Statute-Book, for the absolute benefit of the planters ignoring the equity of justice the Indian Councillers without whose Co-operation, and outward silent support, the Government dare not continue such injustice even for a day.

A subtle but effective system of terrorism and display of military force have always made the poor dumb sufferers in different parts of India, when the interests of English capitalists are concerned quietly submit to their fate till the day of their merciful death or till some one like Mahatma Ghandhi the lost loved of India patriots or admirable Englishmen of the type of C. F. Andrews, Pollock, Stokes and the Lord Bishop of Madras arouse the nation from its lethargy by going to the rescue of millions of their poor starving creatures, who have hardly seen any sun shine in their miserable but short span of life.

One of the remedies I suggest is that every educated Indian should ever take the opportunity of freely and fearlessly speaking to his English and Anglo-Indian friends and acquaintances that there exist more heartless and unscrupulous persons in their community in India than they dream of, and that their cloak of piety and fair-mindedness is worn out long since, and that their humbug talk of equal justice has been ruthlessly exposed in its naked forms where their vested interests are concerned.- Yours etc.

A. B. CHOTHIA.
Gowalia Tank Road.

AHMEDABAD NEWS.

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Nov 8.

The Directors of the Old Share Bazar of Ahmedabad have resigned from the Board, although the Chairman and Secretary of the Board still continue to hold office.

A branch of the Pasteur Institute has been opened in connection with the Ahmedabad Civil Hospital. It is therefore, no longer necessary for persons bitten by mad dogs to go all the way to Kasauli.

The number of students present in all the forty-three schools of the local "Prajakiya Prathanic Kelavani Mandal" was 6,786 on November 1st as against 9061 on the rolls, the percentage of attendance being as high as 74.9 (excluding 50 girls of the Chudi-O!- Urdu Girls' School.

A new association called "Sarvamata Samgraha Mandal" has been started at Ahmedabad to bring together persons of all shades of opinion on a common platform for the discussion of non-controversial questions of national importance.

The Tamil Nadu Khilafat Conference passed a resolution condemning and regretting the misdeeds done by Moplahs and Multanese and appealing for liberal contributions from the Khilafat Committee especially the Punjab Committee for the relief of the distressed Hindus and Musalmans. The conference unanimously approved the boycott of councils.

Sir John Kerr, Governor of Assam, left Calcutta on Wednesday for Shillong.

Lord Lytton, Governor of Bengal, who leaves Darjeeling for Calcutta on the 14th instant will halt at Santahar to visit the area in North Bengal affected by floods.

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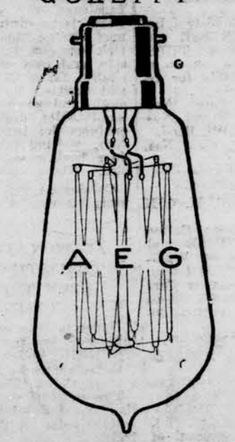

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AUCTION SALE

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents
(123 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay).

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT KAMATIPURA 3RD STREET.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI and Co. will under instructions from Bai Firojbai Cursetji Daver and Bin Bachubai Nusserwanji Banajee, the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the heirs and legal representatives of the deceased Gafoorbhai Cassumbhai the Mortgogor in exercises of the power of Contributory Mortgage dated the 15th March 1918, made between the said Mortgagor of the one part and the said Mortgagees of the other part sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 13th November, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned property on the premises.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of the Quit and Ground Rent tenure situate at 3rd Kamathipura Street, in the City of Bombay together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon containing by admeasurement four hundred and thirty-nine square yards or thereabouts and situate within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 3303 to 3305 and 33166, New No. 10139 Old Survey No. 2888 to 2891 and New Survey No. 5704 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "E" Ward No. 1202 and 1204 Street No. 3, 5, and 7 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the North by Sweepers' Passage on or towards the South by the Kamathipura 3rd Street, on or towards the West by the property of Kazi Shaikh Esmail and on or towards the East by a public passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their office 9, Bell Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned auctioneers.

SALE OF A CLOTH AND TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT AT PRAG MAHAL NO. 5—7A BLOCK A11, DHOBHI TALAO.

Messrs. SORABJI CAWASJI and Co. will by order of the first mortgagee and the second mortgagee in possession and on account and at the risk of the partners of Messrs. Jaswant and Co. the mortgagors sell by Public Auction on Saturday the 11th day of November 1922 at 3-30 p.m. at the premises as above the stock-in-trade of the firm of Jaswant & Co., consisting of:—remnants of serge, tweed, China, Silk, cotton check tussore, poplin, fancy shirting, English tunic and pleated shirts, Felt and other hats, tweed caps, collars, neckties, braces, silk and cotton handkerchiefs, Socks, Ready made suits, sleeping suits, undershirts, Waterproofs, glassdoor cupboards and showcases.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the buyers and the balance shall be paid and goods removed next day.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

MISTRY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
9, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 4021.

SALE TO COMMENCE AT 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE of household furniture by well known makers, Chapel's Piano, Glass, Crockery and plated ware.

On Saturday the 11th November, 1922, at Star Mansions Fazal Road, Colaba, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MISTRY and Co., will sell by Public Auction very rich furniture comprising of sliding dining table, dining room chairs, mirror back side board, and dining waggon, tea tables, Drawing Room Suite, drawing room cabinet, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, screen jardiniers, piano by Chapel's Singer Sewing Machine, Hall lamp, fancy writing tables and revolving bookstands, silver show-cases, Gunn sectional Book case pictures, ornaments, hatstand, Indian carved Furniture, teapoys, file cabinet, Ice Chest, season wood almirahs, cloths presses, dressing chest of drawers, and marble top washing tables, glassware, crockeryware, and plated-ware, etc.

The property of D. Rose Esq., of Messrs. Duncan Stratton and Co., and others.

Catalogues will be printed and the property is open to view.

SALE TO COMMENCE AT 10-30 A.M. (S. T.).

AUCTION SALE of mahiganised and teak and black household furniture, sliding dining table, sideboard, double full-sized wardrobe, piano, hall marked English silver cups and vases, old brassware, sewing machine, electric hall lamp, platedware, etc., etc.

On SUNDAY, the 12th November, 1922, at Imperial Mansions (ground floor), Cuffe Parade, Colaba, at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MISTRY and Co. will sell by Public Auction household furniture comprising of dining table, dining room chairs, sideboard and dining waggon, tea tables, drawing room cabinet, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, jardiniers, very slightly used piano, Wheeler's sewing machine, hall lamp, fancy writing tables and revolving bookstands, silver show-cases, ornaments and pictures, hall marked English silver cups and vases, very old solid brass jar and ornaments, hat-stand, teapoys, file cabinet, ice-box, season wood almyrahs, cloths presses, full-size mirror door double wardrobe, dressing chest of drawers and marble top washing tables, glassware and platedware, etc.

The property of C. M. Collins, Esq., District Executive Engineer, B. B. and C. I. Railway, and others.

Catalogues will be printed and property is opened to view.

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

MEHTA & CO.

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT AND G. I. P. RAILWAY.
25 Medows Street Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF 3 CASES COPPER FOILS AND 5 CASES IMITATION GOLD THREAD.
HIGH COURT O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 2798 of 1922.
Irving Rogers
vs.
Jainarayen Ramsaroop.

On TUESDAY, the 14th instant at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA & CO., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms by consent of both the parties herein and pursuant to the consent order made in the above suit:—

J N 341 R S 1/3—3 cases each 200 books of 100 leaves copper foils (one side silvered not coloured) 10½ by 4½ inches and 16/17 ozs per book.

It 342 1/5—5 cases each 100 bundles imitation gold thread No. 40/2 each bundle weighing 50 ozs. case weighing 250 lbs.

For conditions of sale and inspection of goods, application may be made to the undersigned.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th November, 1922.

AUCTION SALE.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS,
52 Medows Street, Fort.
Telephone No. 4927.

NOTICE.

Auction sale of plot of Land situate at Mahaluxmi, Warden Road, advertised for sale on SATURDAY the 11th instant, will now be held on MONDAY, the 20th instant

NOTICE.

Auction sale of Immoveable Property situate at Agra Road, Kurla, advertised for sale on SUNDAY, the 12th instant has been postponed sine die.

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE PIECE OF LAND SITUATE AT WARDEN ROAD MAHALUXMI FACING THE SEA.
HIGH COURT.
O. O. C. J.
SUIT NO. 682 OF 1922.

Advocate-General of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
Jiwan Ramchandra & Others ..... Defendants.

Under instructions from Messrs. Thakordas and Daru, Attorneys for the Defendants No. 2 and 3 and in pursuance of the directions contained in the Consent Decree herein dated the 8th August, 1922, Messrs. GANDHI & Co., Auctioneers, will, on MONDAY, the 20th day of November, 1922 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises the following property.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Warden Road, Mahaluxmi, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay fronting towards the North of the said Warden Road containing by admeasurement one hundred and fifty-six square yards or thereabouts bearing New Survey No. 7099 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'D' Ward No. 3557 and Street No. 28 bounded on or towards the East by the property of Balaji Krishnaji on or towards the West by the well belonging to the late Dhakji Dadaji and beyond that by a passage on or towards the North by a public passage and on or towards the South by the compound wall of late Dhakji Dadaji and beyond that by the Warden Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale applications may be made to Messrs. Thakordas and Daru at their office at No. 40-42 Nanabhai Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES SITUATE AT HANES ROAD, NEAR THE MAHALUXMI STATION.

Messrs. GANDHI & Co., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Mr. Chhotalal Jekisondas Vakil for the Vendor, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned properties on FRIDAY, the 17th November, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTIES.

FIRSTLY.—ALL that piece or parcel of Fazandari lease hold land being a part of 1600 square Yards or land demised under the Indenture of Sub-Lease, dated seventeenth June One thousand nine hundred and two together with the messuage tenement dwelling house or chawl standing thereon, situate at Clarke Road, in the Byculla Flats, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 500 square yards be the same a little more or less and which said hereditaments and premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'G' Ward No. 48 (22), Street No. 48U (in the Municipal Street known as Haines Road) and forming portion of a plot of land bearing New Survey No. 3422 and are bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the property belonging to Adarji Behramji Daruwalla on or towards the West by the property hereinunder secondly described on or towards the South by a passage of the Fazandar and beyond that by the property of Haji Ismail Gul Mahomed and on or towards the North by a road or passage of the Fazandar and beyond that partly by the property of Mulji Damodardas and partly of Haji Abassally.

SECONDLY.—ALL that piece or parcel of Fazandari Lease Hold land or ground containing by admeasurement 398-6/9 square yards or thereabouts being a portion of the premises described in the indenture of Sub-Lease dated 29th January 1896 together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house or chawl standing thereon situate lying and being without the Fort of Bombay between the Foras Roads respectively known as Mahaluxmi and Haines Roads in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'G' Ward No. 48 (22A) and Street No. 48UA (in the Municipal Street Known as Haines Road) and forming portion of a plot of land bearing New Survey No. 3422 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the property firstly hereinabove described on or towards the West by the said Sub-Lessors property and beyond that by the property of Usman Jamal and on or towards the North by the said Sub-Lessors property and on or towards the South by the Sub-Lessors property and beyond that by the property of Haji Esmail Gool Mahomed.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Mr. Chhotalal Jekisondas Vakil for the Vendor at his Office at Picket Road, Kalbadevi Road, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 11th Nov. 1922.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
No. 85. Hummum Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 4081.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 14th November, 1922, a 9 a.m. (S.T.) at the premises the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street Nos. 22, 27, 24 Case Nos. 9, 17, 46, Kalbadevi Building Street Nos. 81-83 Case No. 158 1st Nawroji Hill Road.

Building St. No 34, 4-62, 64 case Nos. 206, 208 DeLisle Road.

Building St. No. 34, 4-62, 64 case No. Governor's Road, near Pajbawdi, Parel.

AUCTION SALE OF 293 BALES F. M. GIN OOMRA COTTON.

Under instructions from the Japan Cotton Trading Co., Ltd., Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 15th November, 1922, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), at Arthur Bunder, Colaba, near Fort Press on account of the Insurance Offices concerned the following bales of cotton damaged by water:—

293 bales fine machine gin Oomra Cotton.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY the 15th November, 1922 at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at the premises the materials for removal of the following building.

Building No. 143 north of Apollo Bonded Warehouse (in the Government Dockyard).

MENESSE AND CO.
Auctioneers.

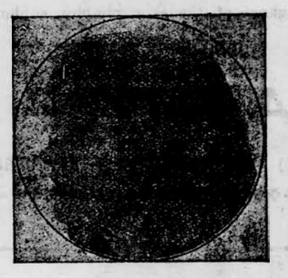
Bombay, 11th November, 1922.

AMUSEMENTS.

GLOBE CINEMA

Sandhurst Road.
UNDER AMERICAN MANAGEMENT
To-day Double Programme
III INSTALMENT
THE GREAT MYSTERY SERIAL

'A Woman in Grey'



EPISODE
No. 7. At the morcy of Flames.
No. 8. The drop to death.
No. 9. Burning Strands
AND
Kohinoor Film Co's production
Krishna Maya.

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

129 Apllo Street Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY WELL KNOWN RUNNING CONCERN OF CIGARETTES, Etc. of Messrs. Curzon and Co., at Esplanade Road, Fort.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant, sell by Public Auction, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), in the shop of Messrs. Curzon and Co., at Esplanade Road, Fort, the very well known running concern of Cigarettes, etc., together with its goodwill as well as sole agencies of Best Brand Cigarettes, as well as all the stock-in-trade such as furniture, show cases, cupboards, writing tables, chairs, safes, steel file cabinets, cash memo Machines, typewriters, cigarettes, of Best Brands, tobacco-pipes, glass jars, cigarette pouches and cigarette-holders and gold and silver cigarette cases, sticks, mirrors, sign boards, electric lights and fans screens, etc., etc.

The above shop is being sold off as the owner is proceeding to England shortly.

On SATURDAY, the 11th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of Grey and coloured piece goods etc., etc.

AT 2-30 P. M. (S.T.).

1 second hand rubber tyred English Brougham.
1 second hand rubber tyred Landaulette.
1 second hand rubber tyred Victoria.
1 Arab horse going in harness.
One 10-14 H. P. 4 cylinder 5 seater open body De Dion motor car in running order.

AUCTION SALE OF ANILINE DYES, PADLOCKS, HANDBAG FRAMES AND ROLLER SKINS.

Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on SATURDAY, the 11th instant sell by Public Auction at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Rooms by order of the Banks and Offices concerned the following:—

16/55—40 c/s Rhodamine B. 6000 tins 3500 lbs.
56/65—10 c/s Corthamine 2000 tins 875 lbs.
66/75—10 c/s Magenta Crystal 200 tins 875 lbs.
76/82—7 c/s Orange Extra 1400 tins 612½ lbs.

3 cases each 100 doz "Moha" Padlocks.
1 Case Hand Bag frames.
1 Case Welsh Roller skins assorted "Goblet" size 13 to 21.
1 Case Semi Chrome Roller skins, Black assorted. "Best" and "Goblet" size 21 to 24.
5 Cases Semi Chrome Roller skins Black "Best" and "Goblet" size 17 to 20.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On SUNDAY, the 19th day of November, 1922, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Parel Tank Road known as Chinchpokly Hill from Kala Chawki and next to the Tata receiving station, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass crockery and plated ware, large dining table arm and without arm chairs, side board and dumb waiters rich carpets, table ornaments, Chesterfield sofa and easy chairs, suite of sofas and chairs, fancy Cabinets, vases, teapoys, single and double bedsteads, mirror almyrahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing and wash hand tables, dressing chest of drawers corner cabinets, Ice boxes reclining sofas cane furniture, writing tables, silver cabinets, glass door book cases, aluminium utensils, etc., etc.. The property of late Mr. F. Willies.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF THE RIGHT OF COLLECTING SQUATTERS' FEES FROM THE MUSJID BUNDER VEGETABLE MARKET.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will on MONDAY, the 20th instant at 9 a.m. (B.T.) sell by public auction at the Arthur Crawford Market office.

The right of collecting squatters' fees from the Musjid Bunder Vegetable Market for four months from 1st December 1922 to 31st March 1923.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Superintendent of Markets or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 11th November, 1922.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30 P. M.
Matinee To-morrow at 5-30 p. m.
R. Courteneidge & W.
Holloway's London Co.
"THE GARDEN OF ALLAH"
PLAN AT MESSRS. S. ROSE & Co.
CINEMA AT 6-30 P. M.
"The Silent Master"

THE EMPIRE

Direction Madan Theatres Ltd.
To-day at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15, and 10 p. m.
A BRITISH WINNER!
A subject every sportsman should see! The Greatest turf Romance every Screened!
An original Steeplechase story by J. Bertram Brown,
"SCARLET LADY"
Featuring the darling of the English Screen and Famous British Film Star.
VIOLET HOPSON
This delightful little lady's name is a household word in England, but remarkable to relate this is the first Appearance on the Empire Screen.

THE EMPRESS

TO-DAY AT
3; 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
THE MILE-A-MINUTE SERIAL
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
BY THE THRILL-A-MINUTE STUNT KING
CHARLES HUTCHISON
COME TO-DAY!
COME TO-DAY!
COME TO-DAY!
Life means nothing to Hutch. The Greater the risks the Better he likes them.
NO LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY WILL INSURANCE HIM.
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
A THRILLING STORY OF NEW YORK HARBOUR.
Life in a great Harbour
Life on the big Ships
Action on Sea, Land and Air
Will startle you!
Amaze you!
Keep you in a pitch of
Exciting interest!
CHARLES HUTCHISON
The World's Greatest Thrill Creator in a Dramatic Story of New York's Harbour Life. Clean, vigorous, breath-catching! Spectacular!
CHARLES HUTCHISON
The Thrill-A-Minute Stunt King in
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
"GO GET 'EM HUTCH"
The Greater the risks the better he likes them—the greater the daring the more fearless he is.
The Screen's Serial Sensation!
The Mile-A-Minute Serial!
The Thriller of Thrillers!
MAKE A POINT OF SEEING
The First Three Episodes To-day
Amazing in its Thrilling Intensity
SEE IT TO-DAY!
Greater than ever the stunt King has ever done.
SEE HIM TO-DAY!
No living Actor attempts the stunts of Hutch.
SEE HIM TO-DAY!
SEE THIS SERIAL
CHARLES HUTCHISON
In a Thrill-A-Minute-Serial
"GO-GET-EM-HUTCH"

Under Public Patronage
Lalitkala Darsha Natak Mandli
Founded by
Late Mr. KESHAVRAO BHONSLE
will stage at the
"BOMBAY THEATRE" GRANT ROAD
on
Sat. 11th November 1922.
"HACH MULACHA BAP"
Sunday 12th November 1922.
"SUTCHE—GULAM"
Proprietor.

REDUCED PRICES
From 10th Nov. 1922.
Apply for the free catalogue and the new reduced price list.
ANNAPURNA COOKER CO.,
Near West-End Cinema, Girgaon, BOMBAY, No.

AMUSEMENTS.

WEST-END CINEMA

TO-NIGHT! THIS WEEK!!
A Supremely Charming Screen Version of Neil Burgess' Famous Thrilling.
RURAL AMERICAN RACING DRAMA
THE COUNTY FAIR
An extraordinarrily delightful Maurice Tourneur Super-production!
With an All-Star Cast
25—Race Horses—25! Hundreds of People!!
There is a great horse race as the climax of the delightful pictures of a county fair in full swing as the high-lights in this best of the Tourneur productions.
It's the big screen version of Neil Burgess's famous play which took the country by storm some seasons back. The picturization is bigger and finer than the original story and it is a sure fire winner both for its fine rural types, its quaint humor and the fun and excitement of a county fair ending with the greatest horse race that was ever staged for a screen production.
THE TOURNEUR SCREEN SENSATION
THE COUNTY FAIR
It is one of those heart interest stories of laughter and tears and plain simple people that never fails to register.
It is the biggest thing of the kind ever shown and has all the fun and excitement of a day at the fair crowded into a tale which reaches its climax in the best horse race ever flashed before the camera. A great all-star cast is also in it.
THE COUNTY FAIR
The Programme includes a 2-Reel Chester Comedy: "ONE BEST PET"—featuring
SNOOKY THE MONKEY
To-night 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45; and 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)
WEST-END CINEMA
(New Churney Road.)

COMING!!

A MAN YOU WILL LOVE TO HATE!!
In the First Real Million Dollar Picture Ever Made.
A Colossal Drama of Monte Carlo, where even Saints are Sinners!
YES—HE IS COMING
in the Universal Super Jewel—The Greatest Photo-Drama that the Mind of Man has ever Conceived
COMING SHORTLY TO BOMBAY
With his
"FOOLISH WIVES"
We promise you it will be
The Most Wonderful Picture in Bombay.
By and with VON STROHEIM "The Man You will Love to Hate"
Presented by CARL LAEMMLE
A Unversal Super-Jewel Production
The First Real Million Dollar Picture
More thrills than ever before concentrated in one gigantic picture—more costly stage settings than were ever before disclosed upon the silver screen—and the most fascinating villain who ever decoyed a pretty woman into a compromising situation.
COMING! COMING!!
Princesses—Plebeians
Ardent Adventuresses
Spendthrifts-Gilded Fools
Gamblers—Gentlemen
Yes! ALL ARE COMING—WHERE?
WHEN? WAIT AND SEE!

This Week! This Week!
CINEMA MAJESTIC
PRESENTS.
THE GREATEST PICTURE OF THE SEASON.
A picture adoptation of the most well-known story from the Hindu scriptures—highly-interesting and instructive.
PITRODHAR
OR
GANGA THE REDEEMER.
See how Bhagirath succeeded in bringing Ganga down to the earth to do her work of purification of the sinful for ages to come.
In point of artistic photography—beautiful settings—perfect acting—it is
THE BEST PICTURE
PRODUCED IN GORGEOUS STYLE
BY
the well known
STAR FILMS LTD.
POPULAR PRICES.
TIME—5-15, 7, 8-45, 10-30
EXTRA SHOW AT 3-30 ON HOLIDAYS.

!! TO-NIGHT !!
AND DURING THIS WEEK
IMPERIAL
PRESENTS
A MOST BEAUTIFUL & CHARMING PICTURE FROM THE INDIAN MYTHOLOGY.
SATI-ANUSUYA
IN 7 ACTS
PRODUCED BY
THE KOHINOOR FILM COY.
DAILY FOUR SHOWS.
5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.
EXTRA SHOWS ON SAT. SUN. AND HOLIDAYS at 3-30 p. m.
PRICES AS USUAL

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF H.H. THE
MAHARAJA SAYAJIRAO GAEKWAR
OF BARODA
Gandharva Natak Mandali
will stage at the
New Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road,
Saturday 11th November 1922 (8 P.M.)Night
SHARDA
Sunday 12th November 1922 (2-30 p.m.) Noon
VIDYAHARANA.
Managerr, Gandharva Natak Mandali
Bombay.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Readers' Private Short advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rate:—

FIRST 20 WORDS—ONE RUPEE.

Every additional word—One Anna.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "apply Box No....." Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "The Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A smart Senior COMPOUNDER with copies of testimonials, salary according to qualification. Goan preferred. Apply to KNIGHT & DAY, East Street, POONA.
A R5388

WANTED—Two ASSISTANT PRINTERS only competent with experience need apply MANAGING DIRECTOR, "Bombay Chronicle."
A

WANTED—A CLERK with some knowledge of Gujarati account books. Apply to MAHOMEDALLY NOORBHOY BANDUKVALLA, Abdul Rehman Street.
A R5440

WANTED—An ASSISTANT ELECTRICAL ENGINEER. Only experienced men need apply to Box No. 8696, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R5444

WANTED—A GRADUATE, knowing Canarese and Marathi to work as Translator and Interpreter. Starting pay Rs. 90 p. m. Apply personally to the CHIEF TRANSLATOR, High Court, Bombay.
A R5428

WANTED—A GOVERNESS in a respectable Mahomedan family. Good salary to a really capable person. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 8679, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R5397

WANTED—An expert and experienced MANAGER, having full knowledge of a canvasser. Apply sharp THE RELIANCE PRINTING PRESS, 2nd Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.
A R5346

WANTED—An experienced Hindu SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON as family doctor and to work in a Charitable Dispensary. Pay according to qualifications. Apply with copies of testimonials to SETH NARAYANDAS THACKERSEY MOOLJI, Wadhwan Camp.
A 14804

WANTED—(1) A retired L. M. & S. knowing Hindi, (2) A B.A., LL.B., knowing accounts and banking business and conversant with Hindi. Apply stating age, previous experience and minimum salary expected to RAI BAHADUR TILOKCHAND KALYANMAL, INDORE.
A R5410

WANTED—Several CIVIL ENGINEERS for assistant positions on large engineering works. Applicants to receive consideration must advance satisfactory proof of technical training and practical experience supported by first class references. Salaries according to qualifications. Apply to Box No. 8685, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A14803

WANTED—A residential GARDEN SUPERINTENDENT. Previous experience of management and maintenance of ornamental flower garden, Orchard and kitchen garden essential. Salary according to qualifications. Apply to AMBALAL SARABHAI, Ahmedabad.
A 14800

WANTED—Four BRANCH SECRETARIES and six GRADUATES or UNDERGRADUATE apprentices for a newly started Insurance Company. Good prospects. Pay according to qualifications. Security in each case Rupees Five Thousand cash bearing 6 per cent. interest. Agreement least 2 years. Apply with testimonials in own handwriting mentioning pay expected to Box No. 8692, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 14814

WANTED—Unemployed and others getting meagre pay to see Manager, STANDARD TYPEWRITER CO., 259/261, Hornby Road, opposite Messrs. COX & Co., to better their future prospects by learning in leisure hours, Pitman's Phonetic Shorthand and Typewriting by Touch System. Hundreds have been successfully coached up and are filling good posts as Stenographers and Typists. Why not you. Success Guaranteed. Join to-day.
A

SITUATIONS WANTED

An experienced Hindu HONOURS GRADUATE, strong in French and English requires some TUTIONS. Please to apply Box No. 8673,, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R5376

PARSI LADY willing to join in any respectable family as COMPANION or GOVERNESS on reasonable terms. Apply Box No. 8694, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R5439

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO BE LET.—A small portion of our office on the THIRD FLOOR, Examiner Press Building, Medows Street. For further particulars see BRANCH SECRETARY, National Indian Life Insurance Company, Ltd., between 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.
C C14802

TO LET.—Decent FLATS. In each flat, four bed rooms with gallaries and bath rooms attached, drawing room, dining room, kitchen and servant room all fitted with Electric light, very near Dadar, (G. I. P.) Station. Apply MAYASHANKER RATTONJI & Co., Bombay Improvement Trust Plot No. 17, Vincent Cross Road near Dadar (G. I. P.) Railway Station.
C R5386

TO LET from 1st. December, 1922, extensive SHOWROOM with about 7,500 sq. ft. floor space, with basement and balcony, at Hughes Road Cumbala Hill near Rolls-Royce Ltd., best suited for big motor showroom, there is permission to run a workshop also in the premises, separate entrance to workshop, personal inspection invited. For further particulars please apply to T. R. PRATT (Bombay), Ltd., Hughes Road. Bombay.
C C14771

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

TO BE LET—GROUND FLOOR, measuring 1,450 sq. ft. and 1st floor, flat measuring 2,900 sq. ft., situated at Fort Street, Frere Road, Bombay, No. 1. Apply for particulars to Messrs. F. MUKAGLIA AND CO., 20, A. Fort Street, Frere Road, Bombay No. 1.
C 14794

TO LET—Big and small GODOWNS 3,000 square yards and warehouses Apply Mr. JIJIBHOY, 'Nisbit Hall', near Mazagon Police Court.
C R5427

TO BE LET—SHOW ROOMS, Godowns and Motor Garages on Lamington Road. Apply Box No. 8683, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C R5412

TO BE LET—Irani Building, Jaifalwadi, Tardeo, Blocks, containing 3 bed rooms, one drawing room and a kitchen. Rent Rs. 140 to Rs. 160. Apply CINEMA MAJESTIC, Girgaon.
C 14819

COMMODIOUS HOUSE at the foot of Palli HILL, touching Palli Danda Road. Apply CASH CHEMISTS, Fort. Rent Rs. 40.
C R5443

TO LET—From first December, COMMODIOUS FLAT at Santa Cruz. Two halls, six bed-rooms, two kitchens, two bath-rooms. Apply before 9 a.m. H. B. DIVANJI, opposite Kumar Villa, Santa Cruz.
C CR5437

CHAGLA MANSION—TO BE LET—Fourth floor, two Blocks, airy rooms, rent Rs. 145 each, at Sussex Road, Byculla. Apply ALLIBHOY CHAGLA AND CO., Kharek Bazar, Mandvi.
C R5399

TO BE LET for Hindus, airy rooms near station see or apply BHAWANJI SHAMJI, King's Circle, Matunga.
C R5268

CHAGLA MANZIL—TO BE LET—A spacious Bungalow ground and upper floors at Reynolds Road, Byculla. Club Back Road. Apply ALLIBHAI CHAGLA & CO., Kharek Bazar, Mandvi.
C R5370

TO LET—ABBA BUILDING at Carnac Road and Jambulwadi, Shops, Godowns, Offices and Blocks. Apply HAJEE MAHOMED APPA & CO., 173, Jackeria Musjid.
C R5336

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

WANTED FURNITURES in small lots or large quantity. Good opportunity for those breaking their houses. Apply Post Box 3090, Bombay.

FOR SALE AND HIRE—Household office room, drawing room furnitures at reasonable terms. Apply ADAM SAJAN & CO., 364, Nagdevi Street, next to Mandvi Post, Bombay.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Well furnished BUNGALOW namely "Record Hall" Civil line Bund Road near "Pabani Hall". Apply to DAWOOD HASHUM, East Street, POONA.
G R6327

FOR SALE—Valuable properties in good locality. For particulars apply to Box No. 8697, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
G R5445

FRUITS, FLOWERS, SEEDS,

FRESH FLOWER & VEGETABLE SEEDS —Buy your seeds from an old, established and reliable house.—PESTONJEE P. POCHA & SONS, Seed Merchants, Poona. Price list free on application.
GA R5354

MOTOR & ACCESSORIES

A DARRACQ MOTOR CAR is to be sold for Taxi by instalment system. Apply immediately to Box No. 8681, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
JA R5404

FOR SALE—Six Cylinder BUICK CAR in perfect running order. Price Rs. 3,500 nett. Apply to K VISVANATH, care of this paper.
JA

MACHINERY, TOOLS, Etc.,

HAND-LOOMS—Weavers and workers on hand-looms have now a very good chance to purchase from us their wholesale and retail requirements in hand-loom accessories, such as shuttles, bobbins, pickers, etc., at a considerable low price. Please to enquire at our office and ascertain the fact. P. P. 'ELVEDI & CO., 132, Parsi Bazar Street, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.
R4695

FOR SALE—DE VRY CINEMA MACHINE, recently imported unused, perfect condition, complete with sheets Rheostat, winding apparatus spools, etc. Cost Rs. 1,400 offers to Box No. 8691, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
K 14812

FOR SALE.—New 16' long Gap Bed Screw cutting Loudon Bros., Lathe, second-hand 18' long Gap Bed Screw cutting Lathe, new hand power Screw cutting machines, new 1½ B. H. P., National Oil Engine, second-hand 9 B. H. P. Crossley, 10 B. H. P. National, 11 B. H. P. National Oil Engines, 3' Radial Drilling Machine, new 34 B. H. P. Blackstone Special Crude Oil Engine, new 35 B. H. P. Blackstone refined Oil Engine. Prices low to clear B. D. BERY & CO., 58, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay. Telegrams: "BLUEMOON". BOMBAY.

FOR SALE.—One practically new heavy built No. 2, Cincinnati MILLING MACHINE with Brand new extra equipments such as automatic turn-table, Vertical, head, Dividing heads, and etc. One UNIVERSAL CUTTER GRINDER, Cincinnati make. Brand new English Lathes 8 feet gap bed with 2 and 1/8 inches hollow spindle self acting screw cutting complete with change wheels, & etc. One practically new fast speed DRILLING MACHINE. One brand new Mortor mill 7 feet diameter English make complete with all the parts. Brand new BRAIDING MACHINES having 12 and 16 spindles. Brand new English Electric motors from ¼ h.p. to 5 h.p. Apply to:—M. PENY & Co., Mahomed Bldg., Hornby Road, Fort.
K 5447

FOR SALE.—One S. H. CENTRIFUGAL PUMP 2½" X 2" by Tangys. One S. H. 8½ B. H. P. Oil Engine by Naylor (Crossley type). Two new Saw Benches English make 36" and 42" available for immediate delivery. No Brokers. Apply KADAM & Co., 17, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.
K R5412

HOTELS.

HOTEL, CENTRAL NOVA GOA, PORTUGUESE INDIA—Situated at the margin of river Mandovi, a few paces of the docks, affords best accommodation. The best culinary act over Portuguese India. Every kind of food can be had at the request of customers. Rates are moderate. For particulars please apply to the MANAGER.
R5438

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED

WANTED—APPLICANTS to obtain free copy of "SECRET OF SUCCESS", our 1922 Prospectus. INDIAN ACADEMY OF COMMERCE, SURAT.
N R5409

WANTED—Young ARAB HORSE, grey preferable, must be of quiet habits and used to saddle and harness both. Apply Box No. 8680, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
N R5378

WANTED.—New or secondhand one pair of CAST STEEL BEVEL WHEELS No. of teeth 51 and 39, pitch 2", length of teeth 6½" with taper cone bushes for 4½" and 4½" shaft respectively or nearest size. Apply stating price to the AGENTS NEW KAISER-I-HIND MILLS Co., Ltd., Bank Street.
N R5421

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

BOUDOIR COTTAGE PIANO, Rs. 525 and a Knake First Grade UPRIGHT PIANO, Rs. 1,000 or any reasonable offer. R. MASTER, Moose Building, Tram Terminus, Grant Road.
C R5425

WANTED TO SELL one card of the OLD SHARE BAZAR. Offers wanted. Apply to Box No. 8693, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
N R5434

TWENTY SHARES of THE INDIAN NEWSPAPER CO., LTD., ("Bombay Chronicle") of the face-value of Rs. 50 each, offered at Rs. 30 each. Apply Box No. 100, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

CHEAP, Lady's 5 real Rubies Gold Ring, Rs. 15, charming hanging Ear-rings set beautiful Moonstones, Rs. 10, Dress Pin set single garnet, Rs. 12, Set fancy Ceylon Stones, Rs. 15, Gold Chain with pendent set single Moonstone and 6 Sappiers, Rs. 40, Tiger Claw Brooch large set 3 Rubies, Rs. 25. V. P. P. Apply Box No. 8695, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
N R5442

FINANCIAL.

RS. 5,000.—Required by businessman on sound Security. Repayable in 4 months by equal instalments. Apply Box No. 8675, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R5382

WILL any gentleman advance Rs. 3,000 on personal security for two years for investing in a well going concern? Good substantial surety will be given if desired. Good interest or a share in the profit. Ap. Box No. 8670, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
R R5371

EDUCATIONAL.

INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE—Established 1906—Sound Training in Book-keeping and Accountancy, Auditing, Banking, Law, etc., imparted by Principals, A. J. Mukati and R. S. Bharucha (late of the Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution). Fees moderate. Enrolment daily. Classes morning and evening, Kanta Terrace, Kalbadevi, Bombay. Prospectus on application.
M

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTIONS, ESTABLISHED 1896. The most successful and therefore the best Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subject—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

BIG BUSINESSES want trained men, Expert Accountant, Banking experts, Business Managers, and Expert Stenographers. ALEXANDRA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE trains men for any of these positions thoroughly—practically. Hundreds of students trained in the last 18 years. Moderate fees. For prospectus apply to Principal opp. Whiteaways.
M R5433

SAFEGUARD yourselves against "The Inchcape Axe" by thoroughly preparing in Shorthand and Typewriting (80 days' Course), Accountancy, Commercial Law, Banking, Economy, Technical Education and General Commercial Knowledge, or in either of these subjects in the shortest possible period. The Examinations of "The Institute of Book-keepers", the Association of Book-keeping Teachers and the Institute of Commerce will be held in December. Apply THE PRINCIPAL, LENTIN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 283, Hornby Road.
M R5446

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

AGENCY WANTED.—Wanted.—A booksellers wants the agency of books on Indian affairs written in English. For details write to Box No. 8674, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T R5380

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Fox Portable, New with Case	175
Corona Folding latest with Case	267
Remington No. 10, Rs. 135, No. 11 Brief	204
Remington No. 7 Rs. 75, No. 8 Brief	55
Oliver No. 3 and 4	100
Underwood latest Policy	200
Royal Fisscap size	100

Ribbons, Carbon papers. Repairs to All Makes of Typewriters. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
T B

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
Remington Portable with Case, New,	275
Blick 7, Rs. 75, Remington 7, 80,	90
Sun, Visible, Portable, Back Spacer,	110
National Portable, Rs. 115, Fox Portable,	125
Oliver 3, Rs. 110, 5, B. S., 140, Brief,	140
Noiseless, Rs. 125, Multiplex Hammond,	150
Mercedes, Century Possible, new, Rs. 175,	200
Underwood 5, latest, Rs. 200, Brief, 185,	200
Yost 20, Brief, Rs. 200 Dec. Tabulators	225
L. C. Smith and Bros. 3, Brief, Silent,	225
Oliver 9, latest, Rs. 190, Policy Size,	250
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 175, 200, 220,	275
Remington 11, Brief, Rs. 200, 10, Brief,	260
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, as new,	
Gujerati Remington 9, Brief, little used,	200

Nicolls and Company, Typewriter Experts, Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

PIANO REPAIRS.—If despaired of your worn out Piano get it renovated at minimum cost to save the high price of a new one. S. CHANJIBHOY, Grant Road.
R5426

SHUDH PAWITAR DHOTIS—With or without borders, 5 yds. by 44ins. to 46ins., bleached at Rs. 5-8 to Rs. 6 per pair. Wider than 46ins. can be made to order. Shudh Khaddar at suitable rates. CHUNI LALL ROORARAM, Khaddar Suppliers to Congress Committee, Patti (District Lahore).
T R5441

PROFESSION

LEPROSY AND LEUCODERMA.

IT has now been arranged to distribute about 10,000 sample packets of PANDIT KRIPARAM'S infallible cure for LEUCODERMA or WHITE LEPROSY. It never fails. Write for it at once, per V. P. P. for As 8 to meet the cost of its transmission, to

PANDIT KRIPARAM,
8, Nandibagan Lane, P. O. Salkhia,
(HOWRAH).

P.S.—Pandit Kriparam's deeply interesting volume on Leprosy at As. 8 per copy V. P. P. Charges As 4

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WANTED.

QUALIFIED INDIAN ENGINEERS, Mechanical or Civil, to be trained in special process of making and laying concrete pipes. On completion of training, the successful candidates will be placed in charge of factories and of pipe-laying. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 8686, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
14805

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Poll on the Resolutions and amendment specified below moved at the Third Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will, as declared by the Chairman at the Meeting, be taken at the Registered Office of the Company, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on Tuesday the 14th November 1922 between 12 noon and 5 p.m. (S. T.)

(a) On the Resolution to confirm the appointment of Mr. Revashankar Jagjivan Zaveri as Director of the Company.
(b) On the amendment to elect Mr. Chotalal Ishwarlal Parekh as Director of the Company in place of Mr. Walchand Hirachand who retired by rotation.
and (c) On the Resolution to elect Mr. Hiralal Dahyabhai Nanavati as Director of the Company in place of Mr. C. A. Latif who retired by rotation.

NAROTTAM MORARJEE,
Chairman,
Third Ordinary General Meeting.
C14747

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Poll on the Resolution viz.

"That in the Article 142, in the lines 4 and 5, instead of the words 'not more than 4 months before the Meeting' the words 'not more than 6 months before the meeting' be substituted."

moved at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 31st October, 1922, will, as declared by the Chairman at the Meeting, be taken at the Registered Office of the Company, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on Tuesday the 14th November 1922 between 12 noon and 5 p.m. (S.T.)

NAROTTAM MORARJEE,
Chairman,
Extraordinary General Meeting.
C14748

THE DWARKA "TEMPLE" BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT

GUARANTEED.

British standard tests and specifications
Used by
GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS
and
Leading Firms in
REINFORCED Concrete Work.

For particulars apply to:—
PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
No. 2, Rampart Row, Fort, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Subscribers to the late Mr. C. G. Shah Memorial Fund, raised by past pupils, will be held at 5 p.m. on SUNDAY, the 12th November, 1922, at the T. and T. V. SARVAJANIK MIDDLE SCHOOL BUILDING, GOPIPURA, SURAT, to decide what form the Memorial should take. All the subscribers are requested to attend the meeting. Those who have not paid up their promised contribution are requested to remit the amount at an early date.

(1) V. C. JADAV,
(2) B. J. AKKAD.

7-11-22. C14809

NOTICE.

AHMEDABAD RED-CROSS FETE.

THE AHMEDABAD RED-CROSS COMMITTEE have decided to hold a GRAND FETE in aid of the RED-CROSS FUND from 3rd to 9th December, 1922, at Sheth Bhagubhai's Vanda, near Khas Bazar.

Those Merchants and Businessmen who wish to have Stalls in the Fete for the Exhibition and sale of their goods are requested to communicate early with the undersigned for terms and conditions. It is intended to reserve a section of the Stalls for Indian-made articles.

Applications are also invited from owners of attractive side-shows.

V. RAMANBHAI.
H. P. CHAHEWALA,
Joint Honorary Secretaries,
Red-Cross Committee (Ahmedabad).
Ahmedabad, 8th November, 1922.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENT.

AUCTION SALE on 14th November, 1922, through Thana Court of a valuable property, consisting of about TEN THOUSAND SQUARE YARDS, covered with three substantial buildings, a big well, mango trees, etc., about 7 minutes' walk from the Thana station on Nawapada Side. For particulars, see the NAZIR, District Court, Thana.
C14784

BUILDING MATERIALS.

SEALED TENDERS INVITED by November 25th, for the purchase and removal of a corrugated iron building on wooden frame in the Prince of Wales Museum grounds about 149 feet by 35 feet. For full particulars and forms of contract apply to MUSEUM SECRETARY.
C14781

AN OPPORTUNITY TO EARN MONEY.

WANTED—AGENTS on liberal Commission terms to represent Messrs. A. WELS AND CO., Sports Manufacturers (Specialist for Tennis and Badminton Bats), Sialkot Punjab. Cash Security of Rs. 300 essential interest allowed 6 per cent. Apply sharp to the above firm.
C14780

READY WASTE FOR SALE.

COTTON and YARN WASTE of the JAM MFG. CO., LTD., is to be sold ready, the tenders of which will be accepted at the Co's. Office No. 4, Dalal St. Fort, till Saturday, the 18th instant accompanied with Rs. 500 as deposit.
R5407

THE RANAGHAT COTTON MILLS, LTD.

BY a resolution of the Board of Directors at the meeting held on 14th October 1922 the management of the Company has been transferred to Rai Debendra Nath Ballav Bahadur as the Managing Director of the Company vice Messrs. A. C. Paul and Co., resigned and the registered office of the Company has been removed to No. 26, Gailiff Street, Calcutta. All correspondence and remittances to be henceforth addressed and sent to him at the above address.
C14815

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

A MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held on MONDAY, 13th instant, at the Old Share Bazar Hall, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) when the following subjects will be considered.

1. To make a requisition to the Company to reduce its Capital and lessen the liability of the shareholders.
2. To consider about repaying to shareholders a substantial amount from the large Capital lying with the Company.
3. To consider what other steps should be taken to strengthen the position of the Company.

Those shareholders who agree with the above proposals are cordially invited to attend the meeting.

CHHOTALAL ISHWERDAS PAREKH.
C14785

NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

WE have great pleasure in acknowledging the excellent services rendered by our Clearing Agents Messrs. JETHABHAI JEEVAN AND CO. of New Chinch Bunder, under the personal supervision and management of the Proprietor Mr. Kotak. Evidently they have an efficient organisation as their work has always been very prompt and extremely satisfactory. They have on various occasions delivered consignments at our premises within a few hours of their landing on the wharf and have won our approbation for having enabled us to fulfil our engagements based on the arrival of our fresh stocks. We can confidently recommend these people to any business firm who may be on the look-out for honest straightforward and zealous Clearing Agents.

F. M. CHINOY AND CO.,
Proprietors,
The Bombay Garage.
R5424

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE EXPOSITION OF ST. FRANCIS XAVIER AT PANJIM.

DECEMBER 3RD TO JANUARY 3RD 1923.

SAILINGS.

The Goa Line Mail Steamer will leave the FERRY WHARF at 10 a.m. (S.T.) daily as usual calling at Ratnagiri and intermediate ports, and at MORGIM by Steamers leaving Monday, Thursday and Saturday.

Commencing from November 26th Special Steamers will leave FERRY WHARF at 10 a.m. (S.T.) sailing direct for Panjim on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays, if sufficient inducement offers.

MANGALORE LINE STEAMERS will leave PRINCE'S DOCK, at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.) on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS. Passengers for PANJIM will be transhipped at AGUADA and conveyed by Launches without extra charge to PANJIM, or landed at MARMUGAO, at their own option.

FARES.

Fares as under:—

BOMBAY TO PANJIM.
Without Food.

SINGLE.

Lower Class.	Upper Class.	Cabin.
Rs. 4 4 0	Rs. 6 8 0	Rs. 20 0 0

RETURN.

Lower Class.	Upper Class.	Cabin.
Rs. 7 8 0	Rs. 12 0 0	Rs. 40 0 0

Return tickets will be available to return up to the 31st January 1923, and such ticket-holders will have priority of accommodation as far as can be arranged in both directions. Cabins must be Booked in advance in both Directions.

KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 9th November, 1922. C14795

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR NEW TELEPHONE CONNECTIONS.

WITH a view to bringing up to date the list of applications for new telephones, reply-paid post-cards have been sent to all persons whose applications were registered, and to those who have not replied, registered letters have also been sent.

In case the post-cards and registered letters above referred to, have not reached the applicants, owing to change of address, or other reason, the Company hereby finally requests applicants to inform the Company, at once, whether or no they wish their applications to remain on the Company's Register.

W. L. MORGAN,
Secretary.
Bombay, 9th November, 1922. C14813

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF SOCIOLOGY AND ECONOMICS.

WINTER TERM.

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY AND CIVICS (with Civic Exhibition) at Royal Institute of Science (entrance next to Elphinstone College). Open 9-6 daily. Lectures and Practical Work on General and Applied Sociology by Profs Geddes and Pherwani. Open to graduates and others interested.

DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS at the New University Buildings (entrance opposite Watson's Hotel). Open 11-5-30 daily. Lectures and Practical Work on Advanced Economics and History of Economic Doctrines by Profs. Shah and Vakil. Open to graduates and others interested.

FARDUNJI M. DASTUR,
University Registrar.
C14816

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of GOVINDJI KHODA, Hindu Inhabitant late of Sihor, a goldsmith ..... Deceased.

BAI MOGHI, widow of Govindji Khoda of Sihor, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Sihor in Kathiawar, Executrix, according to the tenor of the Will ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this 9th day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two and in the thirteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

Messrs. CHITNIS KANGA AND MANBHAI,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
The 9th day of November, 1922. C14829

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 2630 OF 1922.
SHORT CAUSE.

Plaint filed on the 23rd day of June 1922. Summons to answer plaint under section 27 O V, rr 1, 5, 7, and 8 and O VIII, r 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

The DIAMOND SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY LIMITED, a Joint Stock Company, having its Registered Office at 39-41, Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiffs.

v.

THAVARDAS GANGARAM, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, his registered address with the plaintiff-company being Barbhai Moholla outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendant.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:—

The plaintiffs claim from the defendant the sum of Rupees 2,207-6-6 with further interest on the allotment and call moneys at 9 per cent per annum from the 1st day of January, 1922, up to payment, the costs of this suit and such further and other relief as in the circumstances may seem fit to this Hon. Court.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 28th day of November 1922, at quarter past eleven o'clock standard time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiffs, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the Suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the plaintiffs' case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

Witness Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 7th day of July, 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
for Prothonotary.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,

The 7th day of July, 1922.

Messrs. MANSUKHLAL HIRALAL MEHTA & CO,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
C14818

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 489 of 1922.

NAGJI MOTIJI AND CO., a firm, carrying on business as Shroffs and money lenders at 2nd Carpenter Street, Null Bazar, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1.) BAI GANGUBAI MOTIRAM DHURANDHAR, of Bombay Marathi Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Santa Cruz in District of Thana without the jurisdiction of this Honourable Court. (2). ANANDRAO MOTIRAM DHURANDHAR, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Santa Cruz, in District Thana, without the jurisdiction of this Honourable Court a minor under the age of 18 years by his Guardian ad-litem, A. F. Chinoy Esq, one of the Commissioners of this Honourable Court. (3). NATHMAL HEMAJI (4). DHANRUP POONAMCHAND, of Bombay Marwadi Hindu Inhabitants, trading as Shroffs under the name and style and firm of Hemaji Dewaji and Co. at Dadar outside the Fort of Bombay, (5). GHELABHAI DHARAMSEY and (6). CHAPSEY DHARSEY, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants residing at Parel outside the Fort of Bombay. (7). THE HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY, LTD., a limited company incorporated under the Indian Company's Act of 1913, and, having its Registered Office at Meadow Street, within the Fort of Bombay, (8). G. G. NADKARNI, the Acting Official Assignee of Bombay and the Assignee of the Estate and effects of Nathmal Hemraj Insolvent having his office in the High Court premises, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendants.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that this Hon'ble Court will be moved before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kajiji on THURSDAY, the 16th day of November, 1922, at 11-30 a.m. or so soon thereafter as Counsel can be conveniently heard on the part of the abovenamed Plaintiffs for an ex parte decree against the 1st and 3rd to 8th defendants and for costs of the above suit on the ground that the defendants 1st, and 3rd to 7th have not filed their Written Statement though the time to do so has already expired and that the 8th defendant does not want to put in any defence.

Dated this 7th day of November, 1922.

This Notice of Motion was taken out by Messrs. Rustamji and Ginwala, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs.

(Sd.) RUSTOMJI & GINWALA,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

To

Messrs. MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Attorneys for the 1st defendant abovenamed.

NATHMAL HEMRAJ, Esq.,
3rd defendant abovenamed.

DHUNRUP POONAMCHAND, Esq.,
4th defendant abovenamed.

Messrs. WADIA GANDHY & Co.,
Attorneys for the 5th and 6th defendants abovenamed.

The HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
7th defendant abovenamed.
and
The OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE OF BOMBAY,
8th defendant abovenamed.

C14825

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 3967 of 1922.
No. 4042, 12-9-22.
E. 4029, 6-9-22.

SUMMARY SUIT.

Plaint filed this 30th day of August, 1922.
Summons under O. XXXVII, r. 2, of the Code of Civil Procedure.

THE INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION OF NEW YORK, U. S. A., carrying on business at Churchgate Street, within the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiffs...

vs.

(1) DINANATH RAMCHANDRA, Hindu Inhabitant of Bombay, residing at 8th Dammer Lane, Gamdevi, outside the Fort, Merchant, and (2) SHANKARLAL GIRDHARLAL, Hindu Inhabitant of Bombay, residing at Harakchand Master's House, Gulalwadi, outside the Fort, Merchant ..... Defendants.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting.

Whereas the abovenamed Plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendants, under Order XXXVII, rule 2, of the Civil Procedure Code, for Rupees 2,021 for principal and notarial charges due to them by the 1st and 2nd Defendants jointly and severally under two hundies, both dated 20th February, 1922, one for Rs. 200 and the other for Rs. 800, making together Rs. 2,000 as mentioned in the plaint hereto, interest at 9 per cent. per annum, costs of the suit and interest on judgment at six per cent, per annum, till payment.

Amended this 30th of October, 1922, postponement precepie, dated 25th October, 1922.

The hearing is provisionally fixed for the 17th November, 1922.

Of which a copy is hereto annexed, you are hereby summoned to apply to this Court within ten days from the service hereof exclusive of the day of such service, for leave to appear and defend the suit and to appear and defend in pursuance of such leave if granted. In default of your obtaining such leave or of appearance and defence in pursuance thereof, the Plaintiffs will be entitled to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rupees 2,021 and interest as aforesaid and the sum of Rupees two hundred for costs. Leave to appear and defend may be obtained on an application made within the time aforesaid to the Sitting Judge in Chambers upon your paying into Court the sum herein mentioned or upon affidavits disclosing such facts as the said Judge may deem sufficient to support the application within the meaning of Order XXXVII, rule 3, of the said Code.

Witness Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this 4th day of September, 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
for Prothonotary.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The Fourth day of September, 1922.

Messrs. CRAWFORD BAYLEY & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

C14811

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a MEETING of the BOMBAY CREDITORS of SETH ABDUL KARIM HAJI ABDUL SACOOR will be held at 3 p.m. (S. T.) on SUNDAY, next the 12th instant at Heera Bag near C. P. Tank to consider important proposals made by Seth Abdul Karim Haji Abdul Sacoor about satisfaction of the debts due to the Bombay creditors.

Dated this 9th day of Nov. 1922.

DALLAS & Co.,
Attorneys for the committee appointed by the creditors of Seth Abdul Karim Haji Abdul Sacoor.

R5435

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai RATANBAI DINSHAW NASIKWALLA, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant as Mortgagee in exercise of the power vested in her by virtue of an Indenture of Mortgage dated 15th June 1921 and made between Narmadashanker Hurjiwan Joshi of the one part and the said Ratanbai Dinshaw Nasikwalla of the other part has contracted to sell the undermentioned property subject to an Indenture of Lease dated 22nd July, 1921, and made between Narmadashanker Hurjiwan Joshi of the one part and Ahmedali M. A. MURZBAN HORMUSJI DASTOOR. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our office No. 14 K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground formerly of Pension and Tax Tenure but since redeemed from payment of Pension and Tax situate lying and being on the South side of Walkeshwar Road, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement two thousand six-hundred and sixty-four square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 323, New No. A 1/2127, Old Survey No. 13, New Survey No. 2B/7292 and Cadastral Survey No. 309 and bounded on the East parity by the property of Navi Vhu and partly by a private gully on the West by the property of Lalchand Jasodanand on the North by the Hilly ground of Jaffer Sulleman on the South by the said Walkeshwar Road and the messuages tenements and buildings standing thereon are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 2483 and Street Nos. 4 and 5 and are now in the occupation of the present Lessee the said Ahmedali M. A. Tapia.

Dated this 6th day of November, 1922.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

C14783

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT NO. 2622 OF 1922.
SHORT CAUSE.

Summons to answer plaint under section 27 O V, rr 1, 5, 7, and 8 and O VIII, r 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

The DIAMOND SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED, a Joint Stock Company, having its Registered Office at 39-41, Apollo Street, within the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiffs.

v

BABIB CASSAM, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Merchant, his registered address with the plaintiffs company being Hoosein Building, Null Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendant.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting.

Whereas the abovenamed Plaintiffs have filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz.

The plaintiffs claim from the defendant the sum of Rupees 2,207-6-6 with further interest on the allotment and call moneys at 9 per cent per annum from the 1st day of of January 1922 up to payment, the costs of this suit and such further and other relief as in the circumstances may seem fit to this Hon. Court.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 21st day of November 1922 at quarter past eleven o'clock (Standard Time) in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to answer the abovenamed Plaintiffs and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiffs' case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

Witness Sir LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 7th day of July, 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.
for Prothonotary

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 7th day of July, 1922.

Messrs. MANSUKHLAL HIRALAL MEHTA & CO.,
C14817 Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

AUCTION SALE.

NUSSERWANJI SORABJI & CO.'S SALE.

Auction Sale of unserviceable stores advertised for sale on the 13th November, 1922, has been POSTPONED to 27th November 1922 at 2-30 p.m. when all stores mentioned in former notification will be sold.

Further under instructions from The Ordnance Officer I/c Ordnance Depot Bombay the following stores will be sold at 11 a.m. on the premises of the said Depot on TUESDAY, the 28th November 1922 behind Town Hall, Fort, Bombay.

Brass, copper and other metals, blankets, doosootie, sewing machines, telephones and other stores.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to

NUSSERWANJI SORABJI & Co.,
Government Auctioneers.
71 Frere Road, Mughul House, Fort, Bombay

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES,
Liverpool, Nov. 9th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES.

Months.	To-day's Price
Nov.	—
Dec.	—
Jan.	14 56+6
Feb.	—
Mar.	14 27+8
April	—
May	14 03+8
June	13 88+5
July	13 78+7
Aug.	—
Sept.	—
Oct.	12 93+12
Egyptians Jan.	17 85+10
March.	18 00+15
May	18 20+15

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.
New York Nov. 9th
To-days Prices.

Futures at New York,	Dec.	26 68·53
	Jan.	26 33·53
	Mar.	26 25·52
	May.	25 95·47

Liverpool, Nov, 9th.

Cotton Del. M.U. G.O.C. Liverpool	Jan.	14 53+3
	Mar.	14 24+5
	May	14 01+6
	July	13 75+4

London, Nov. 9th.

Telegraphic Transfers	1/3 23/32 Quiet
Bar Gold	£ 4/12/2 Quiet
Bar Silver Spot	33 7/16 Quiet

MONEY MARKET.
London, Nov. 9th.

Rentes 3 per cent.	58
Bar Silver Spot	33 7/16
,, 2 months hence	33
China Bank sselling:—Quiet.	
Discount Bank of England Rate	3
3 per cent. since 17th July 1922.	
Interest day to day loans	2
,, 7 day market loans	1 3/4

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.
London, Nov. 9th.

WHEAT.

Rozario Santa fe—63 lbs Nov-Dec.	48/6
Barletta Russo—62 lbs. Nov- Dec.	47
Australian Feb Mar. Value	49/6
Karachi Barley Nov-Dec.	33/6
Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 480 lbs. C.I.F. Nov.-Dec. Sellers	51/6
Tone of Wheat:—Dull.	

SHARES.

Chartered Bank	£ 18
Hongkong	117 1/2
National	112/1/2
P. and O. Banking Corporation	14
Eastern Bank	5 1/4

SEEDS.

RAPESEED, Ferozeporo real Bold Nov-Dec,	£ 17 1/2
LINSEED, Argentine Nov.-Dec. Nominal	£ 16 3/4
,, Dec.-Jan. Paid	£ 15 1/2
Tone:—Firm.	
RAPESEED Brown Cawnpore per ton Oct-Nov,	£ 15 3/8
COTTONSEED, Bombay (sound delivered per ton) Dec-Jan. Sellers;	£ 8 1/8
TORIA RAPESEED;—Nov.-Dec. Sellers	£ 18 1/4

METALS.

English Best Selected Copper	£ 65 1/2
Standard Copper G.M.B.	£ 63 3/8
Copper Braziers	£ 82
Yellow Metal	8
Hard Spelter	28 1/2
Corrugated Sheets	17 1/4

WAR LOANS ETC.

Funding Loans 4%1960/90	87+1/8
Victory Bonds 4 %	88 Unchged.
War loan 5% 1929/47	98 13/16 ,,
Consols 2 1/2 %	56 7/8 ,,
Rupee Paper 3 1/2%	37 ,,
Indian Stock 3 1/2 % (Sterling Loan)	44 1/4 ,,
Govt. Securities 3%	54 3/4 ,,
7 per cent. Indian Loan	£ 109 1/2

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure, Dec.-Jan.	13 1/4
Plantation First Lortex Crepe Nov.	12 1/8
Tone:—Firm.	
Freight of Coal—Cardiff to Bombay	17/6

JAVA SUGAR.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Nov-Dec. Sellers	18/10 1/2
Fine White Java, C. & F. Calcutta Jan-Mar. Sellers	19/1 1/2
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay Nov-Dec, Sellers	19/4
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi Nov.-Dec. Sellers	19/4
Tone:—Dull.	

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)
November 10.

To-day a further advance of 53 points was reported in New York futures. The market advanced on trade and speculative buying and short covering. The undertone of the American market remains strong and we think we shall still see higher prices as the season proceeds although there may be some reactions from time to time.

The Marwari Bazaar opened this morning steadier for F.G. Mg. Broach April-May in accordance with further rise in American markets at Rs. 506, i.e., Rs 8 over previous rates, and steadily declined to Rs. 499 on selling by offices and Marwari jobbers. From this level it advanced to Rs. 502 on buying by an office Again on selling by Marwari Candy brokers the prices eased to Rs. 500½ the rate at 4 p.m. being Rs. 501. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 499. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 497 and closed at Rs. 498½.

Fine M.G. Oomra December-January opened at Rs. 452. Some offices and Japanese Houses sold at this price causing the market to decline to Rs. 445. After a meagre fluctuation the rate at 4 p.m. ruled Rs. 445½. While Oomra March opened at Rs. 456 and went down to Rs. 448½ on selling by offices and a Japan House, the rate at 4 p.m. was Rs. 450½. F.G. M.G. Bengal December-January was Rs. 363 nominal.

Our market for ready cotton continued to remain steady with a fair demand from exporters and millwalas. About 10,000 Bs. are reported to have been sold yesterday.

COLABA CLOSING QUOTATIONS (6 P. M.)
Bombay, Nov. 10th

			Rs.
F. G. Broach	Apl./May.		493 1/2
Fully Good Bengal	Dec.-Jan.		366
Fine Oomra	Dec.-Jan.		444
Fine Oomera	March.		449 1/2

E. I. C. A. QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Nov. 10th.

			Rs
F. G Broach	April-May		500
Fully Good Bengal	Dec.-Jan.		360
Fine Oomra	Dec.-Jan.		443
,,	March		419

SPOT QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Nov 10th

Description, Super-fine	F Good	Good	Fine		
M. G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	365	350	340	—	
M. G. Oomra's No. 4	420	405	390	—	—
M. G. Central P. No. 1.	450	435	420	—	—
M. G. Central P. No. 2.	435	420	405	—	—
M. G. Broach	460	450	440	—	—
M. G. Southerns	—	515	505	495	

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m. on 9th Nov. 1922.

Cotton	2,347 Bales.
Wheat	4,241 Cwts
Linseed	2,873 ,,
Rape, etc.	1,110 ,,
Gingellyseed	2,616 ,,
Poppyseed	1,322 ,,
Groundnuts	863 ,,
Castorseed	7 ,,
Rice	448 ,,
Myrabolams	1,531 ,,
Cottonseed	6,386 ,,
Mowraseed	598 ,,
Gram	252 ,,
Juwar	1,766 ,,
Masur	Nil. ,,
Barley	87 ,,
Bajry	2,174 ,,
Seal	3,000 Tons.
2 day's Total	

EAST INDIA COTTON ASSOCIATION.

WEEKLY REPORT.

Bombay, Nov. 10th.

Receipts for the week ending 9th November 1922 and corresponding period last year.

	1922. Bales.	1921. Bales.
Bengals	5591	3636
Oomras	6798	20302
Dholleras	1675	1050
Broach	..	205
Southerns	830	2411
Persians	3	411
Americans	..	..
Egyptians	..	..
Other sorts	728	3631
Total	15866	31646

Exposts for the week ending 9th November 1922.

	Bales.
Europe	39969
China	2320
Japan	63357
Coast Ports	240
Total	105886
Afloat in harbour Europe	5842
China, Japan & Coast Ports	1264
Total	7106

Receipts from 1st September 1922 to 9th November 1922 and corresponding period in last 4 years.

1922-23	1921-22	1920-21	1919-20	1918-19
68251..	325122	132647	143600	132339

Exports from 1st September 1922 to 9th November 1922 and corresponding period in last 4 years.

	1922-23	1921-22	1920-21
Europe	107153	150304	13860/
China	3835	25004	10090
Japan	157193	193462	9214
Coast Ports	5463	4457	2931
Total	273644	373227	160842

	Bales.
Total exports by rail from 1st September 1922, to 9th November 1922	31,741
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, dealers and Mills in Bombay on 9th November 1922	5,36,094

PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT.

Nov. 9.

BOMBAY FUTURES.

Closing quotations:—
On November 8th 1922.

Fully Good Bengal December-January 1922-23 dly per candy Rs. 348; per lb. pence 7.41
M G Broach April/May 1923 per candy Rs. 484; per lb. pence 10.21
Fine Oomra December/January 1922-23 per candy Rs. 432; per lb. pence 9.14
Liverpool futudes closing January 1923 on 8th November 1922 per lb. pence 14.50
New York futures closing December 1922 on 8th November 1922 per lb pence (cents) 26.15
A candy weighs 784lb.; f o b Bombay.

MARKET REPORT.

The local market has responded to the advance in foreign markets. Bu it must be recapitulated that the present values are far behind any justifiable parity between Indian and American rates. The most hampering factor is the bearish sentiment predominating all considerations. The demand for spot has greatly improved and houses closely connected with Europe and Japan have been free buyers. Spot cotton is also in good demand. The political situation in Near East Europe is exerting its influence on the piecegoods markets of India and Japan.

WEATHER AND CROP.

The week's reports have not been favourable from all parts. In the Nizam districts, recent rains have been calculated to do a little harm to the crops. Weather in Khandesh and Berars is reported to be showery and cloudy. In Northern and Central India arrivals continue to be on a free scale whereas in Gujarat and Kothiawar the crops are flourishing. Where the crop has just matured, picking has been started:—for instance in Bhavnagar and Barsi.

EXCHANGE.

Quotations:—
Sterling Banks buying per 1 Rupees and d T/T 1/3 23/32 D/D 1-3 3/4 M/s 1/3 7/8
Yen (Japan) Banks buying per 100 Yen Rs. 161 for 60 days s/d.
Yen (Japan) Banks selling per 100 Yen Rs. 166 T/T
Tael (Shanghai) buying per 100 taels, Rs. 255 D/D.
Bank rote—5 per cent from 27th October. 1922.

FREIGHTS

Quotations:—October/December.

To Liverpool per ton shillings 22; per lb. pence .20
To London per ton shillings 22; per lb. pence .20
To Dunkirk per ton shillings 23; per lb. pence .20
To Marseilles per ton shillings 22; per lb. pence .20
To Barcelona per ton shillings 40; per lb. pence .36
To Antwerp per ton shillings 23; per lb. pence .20
To Ghent per ton shillings 28; per lb. pence .24
To Rotterdam per ton shillings 30/6 transhipment; per lb pence .26
To Hamburg per ton shillings 23; per lb. pence .20
To Genoa per ton shillings 23; per lb. pence .20
To Venice-Trieste per ton shillings 22/6; per lb pence .20.

Nov. 10.

Liverpool due to open to-day about 34 to 35 points up.

We have received the following cable from Messrs. Weld & Co., Liverpool, dated the 9th instant.

"Straddle and scattered buying, market influenced by strength Egyptian. Southern markets firm. New York, trade and speculative buying and short covering absorbing easily heavy long liquidation. Strong undertone."

FOREIGN MARKETS.

During the week under review the Home markets show a sharp advance both in Liverpool and New York. The market advanced on continued good demand by American Spinners and on trade and general buying. The Census Bureau Report was published on the 8th instant. It shows 8,140,000 bales ginned upto 31st October as compared with 5,646,000 bales last year and 7,508,633 bales in the year 1920. Although this figure is high as compared with previous years' ginnings to the same date it seems that the crop is a very early one, and the Home markets seem to look upon the figure as a bullish one, and as an indication of a crop of not more than about 9,500,000 to 10,000,000 bales at the most. Our opinion of the market is still bullish and we think that prices for Americans may still rise considerably further. In spite of the American advices coming higher day by day our market has not followed the advance proportionately. The lack of confidence in the American rise and the nervous sentiment prevailing amongst marwari jobbers and Bull operators have hampered the market from going up so far. But we think that ultimately prices must rise here considerably to make up for the present disparity in values.

Our market for ready cotton maintained a steady tone during the week. Exporters as well as local Spinners are reported to have bought about 30,000 bales during the period.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with a week ago:—

	Last week	This week
Liverpool January	13.72	14.53 plus 81
Liverpool March	13.51	14.24 plus 73
Liverpool May	13.35	14.01 plus 66
New York December	24.51	26.68 plus 217
New York January	24.20	26.33 plus 213
New York March	24.28	26.25 plus 197
New York May	24.10	25.96 plus 186

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully good viz. Broach April-May opened on the 3rd instant at Rs. 457½ and declined to Rs. 455 on selling by marwari jobbers. From this level the prices steadily advanced to Rs. 487 in sympathy with continued higher advices reported from Home and on buying by Japanese Houses, Offices, and Commission Houses. Again owing to a small decline in Home Markets and on selling by Commission Houses the prices eased to Rs. 481 on the 8th instant. At this level an Indore Operator bought and the prices jumped to Rs. 490. Again on higher advices from Home on the 9th instant the market went up till Rs. 499½ and after sharp fluctuations closed on the same day at Rs. 491½. Fine viz. Oomra Deer January opened on the 3rd instant at Rs. 402½ and steadily advanced to Rs. 436 in accordance with the rise in American markets and on buying by Offices and Japanese Houses. Again going down to Rs. 431½ on the 8th instant, the prices improved to Rs. 447 on the 9th instant, on good reports from Home and on buying by Offices, and after fluctuating closed on the same day at Rs. 438. While Oomra March opened at Rs. 407 on the 3rd instant and went up till Rs. 439 on continued advance in Home markets and on buying by Offices. Again touching Rs. 434, the prices steadily improved to Rs. 451 and closed at Rs. 442½ on the 9th instant. F. G. Mg. Bengal Dec.-January opened at Rs. 330 on the 3rd instant and closed at Rs. 356 on the 9th instant, the highest being Rs. 360 and the lowest Rs. 330.

PIECE-GOODS.

There has been no new feature of interest in the Cloth Market during the past week. The general tone has been steady, although reductions in current values have been noticeable here and there. The wholesale demand from the consuming districts remains very disappointing. But the retail enquiry has given due support to the market, and scattered transactions have occurred. The old stocks have been changing hands, but the prices realised show heavy losses. There are some merchants who, having traded beyond their means, are in financial difficulties and are not in a position to meet their liabilities, and it is feared that the loss will fall either on the guarantee brokers of the Importing firms concerned or on the firms themselves where there are no guarantee brokers. There is a demand at present for guarantee brokers but they are as scarce as ever owing to the risk involved being too great compared with the percentage gained on the turnover. Some further lots have been advertised for sale by public auction during the next week by the Bank and Importing Firm concerned and on account and at the risk of the defaulting indentors. These goods comprise 15 cases of Printed Woollen Prints, 2 cases Striped Venetians and 3 cases Fancy Meltons.

In Grey Shirtings of Manchester make, there has hardly been any change either way. Drills have been easier by four annas per piece and Jaconets by two annas. Liepman's White Shirtings No. 1500, being in the hands of one merchant, have appreciated in value by six annas per piece. In White Mulls, the 58 inches by 20 yards Red End styles have shown a further reduction of two annas per piece as anticipated. White Mulls 38,43,48 and 53 inches by 18 yards which were selling at Rs. 6-8 per piece average have been quoted at Rs. 6-1 average to attract buyers and effect sales. Nainsooks have remained steady.

The Manchester Market has been steady but with little doing. It is realised there that big business will not be done until prices have been considerably reduced. The Shipping Firms are anxious to reduce the cost of the goods as far as possible. Suggestions are put forward for reducing the packing charges and working at a margin which has been cut very fine. It has been decided to stop production on Saturdays and Mondays until the end of this month in the Spinning Mills using American Cotton. Sir Charles W. Macara, speaking on the cotton industry in Britain is reported to have said that; "Both India and China to whom we look chiefly, have had excellent seasons. They have not only had bountiful crops, but they have gathered them cheaply and ought by this time to be placing orders freely for the goods that Lancashire makes and which they cannot procure, else-

(For other Commercial see page 14.)

SHARE REPORTS.

BANKS.

Name	Paid up amount. Rs.	Face Value. Rs.	Div. paid.	Nov 6. Last Div. Rs.	Nov 6. Quotations. to buy. Rs.
Alahabad Bank	100	100	Feb-Aug.	9%	320
Alliance	100	100	Jan-Aug.	7%	136
Baroda	50	100	Jan-July	7%	73
Imperial	500	500	Jan-July	10%	1325
,, Contributary	122	,,		10	330
India	50	100	Jan-July	7%	99
Central	25	50	Feb-Oct.	7%	33/8xd
Tata Bank	22 1/2	75	,,	as. 8	15n.
Chartersd Bank	£.5	£.8	Apr-Oct.	13/3	£17
Eastern	£.5	£.10	,,	5	74
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	S 125	S 125	,,	£3	£115
Mercantile Bank of India	A £12	1/2	,,	16%	£27/12

RAILWAY COMPANIES

Ahmedabad Pratnji	500	500	Feb.-Oct.	11 1/2%	635xd
Amritsar Patty	100	100	,,	8 1/4%	105
Central Provinces	100	100	,,	6%	88 xd
Chaparmukh Silghat	100	100	,,	2%	55
Dond-Baramate	100	100	Feb-Aug.	2 1/2%	83
Khulna Bagirhat	100	100	,,	4%	108
Larkhana	100	100	,,	4%	82
Mandhra Bhoa	90	100	Feb-Aug.	4 7/8%	65xd
Pachora					
Jamner	100	100	Feb-Aug.	2 1/2	69
Sara Sirajgunj	130	100	Mar-Sept.	1 1/4%	65
Sialkote Narowal	100	100	Apr-Oct.	5%	78 xd
Sindh Light	100	100	Jul-Jan.	8 1/2%	115
Tapti Valley	500	500	Mar-Sept.	,,	370
Upper Sindh Light	100	100	Feb-Aug	—	95

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland	18	18	July	1/8	33/8xd
Bamankua	5	—	—	—	4
Central mining	10	—	—	32 8%	34
Indian Cement	250	250	—	20	245
Katal Cement ord.	100	100	,	20	225
,, Defd	40	40	,,	184 10	1125
Shivrajpur	19	10	,,	4-2-4	27/8

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Rs.	Rs		Rs.	Rs.
Ah. Advances Alliance.	500	500	Apr-Oct.	250	2500xdn.
cotton	100	100	,,	40	275
Appollo	50	50	Feb.-Jan.	8	60
Birla mills	100	100	Apl.-Sept.	8	63/8
By. Cotton	500	500	Sept.-Dec.	100	915
By. Dyeing	250	250	Mar-Apl.	72/8	1205
Bradbury	250	250	June,-Nov.	100	1075
Bombay Industrial	100	100	,,	18	75
Century	100	100	Apl.-Sept.	40	592/8
Cent. India	500	500	May-Nov.	225	3480
Colaba Land	700	700	March	90	1860
Coorla	100	100	June-Dec.	33	245n.
Crescent	100	100	Mar-Sep.	59	413/12
Currimbhoy	350	250	,,	50	—
David	250	250	Apl.Sep.	45	—
Dawn	250	250	Mar-Apl.	80	1100
E. D. Sassoon United	11/2	10	Sept.	as.8	4
Edward Sassoon,	200	200	Mar-Aug	25	395
Elphinston	100	100	June	25	122/8
Fasulbhoy	250	250	,,	100	1210
Framji Petit	1000	1000	Mar,Sept	125	2100
Globe	100	100	,,	30	180
Gokak	100	100	,,	15	226/4
Indian Bleaching	100	100	May	10	210
Indore Malwa	100	100	Aug-Feb.	65	557/8
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	May-Oct.	15	325
Kastoorchand	500	500	July-Dec.	50	770
Khatao	100	100	Apl.-Nov.	35	430
Kilachand mill's	25	25	Aug.,Jan.	1	14/12
Kohinoor	500	500	Mar.-Aug.	72/8	1090
Laxmi Cotton	1000	1000	Apl.Oct.	200	4850n.
Madhavrao Scindia	100	100	,,	28	220
Madhowji	100	100	July-Dec.	30	340n.
Mathuradas	500	500	May..Nov,	50	700
Maneckji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	250	4250n.
Meyer Sassoon	100	100	Mar.-Aug.	15	260
Morarji	1000	1000	Apr,-Nov,	500	565 xd
New Great	200	200	Mar.-Sep,	35	582/8
New City	102	100	,,	35	560
Paban	250	250	,,	50	670
Pearls	250	250	July-Dec.	70	867/8
Phoenix	100	100	Mar-Aug.	65	760
Premier	100	100	May	100	12 /8
Planet	109	109	Dec.-Aug.	15	217/8
Presidency Mills	125	125	Aug.-Jan.	25	195
Sassoon Cotton	130	100	Apr.-Aug.	15	130
Shapurji	162	101	Aug.-Sept.	20	195/
Shahapur	2000	1000	Apr-Oct.	1800	1450n.
Simplex	250	250	Jan.-Dec.	70	583/8
Standard	250	250	Mar.-Aug.	70	920
Swan	500	500	Apr-Sept.	150	2175xdo
Swadeshi	500	500	Apr-Oct.	200	3456xd
Tata Mill	500	500	May.-Oct.	10	860
Vishnu Cotton	500	500	Apr.-Oct.	100	1950n

ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

Ahd. Electicy	188	100	,,	5 %	105
Andhra Valey	1200	1000	,,	2	72*
Bombay Electric Supply Tramway	52	52	,,	8	103/12
Tata Hydro	1022	1022	Jan	38	740

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock	102

BOMBA[illegible]ND SUBUR[illegible]

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Students' Brotherhood's Second Session's Inaugural Address by Rev. John Mackenzie at the Prarthana Samaj Hall, Girgaum Road, at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.).
1st day of the First Session of the Maharashtra Vyapari Parishad, Sir C. Jehangir Hall, 8-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. and 0-30 to 2-30 p.m.
Parsi War Memorial Meeting, Sir C. Jehangir Hall, 5-15 p.m.
Meeting to protest against increase in railway fare, at Shri Vishvani Nivas, Matunga, 9 p.m.
Mulshi leaders' addresses, Kirtiker's Wadi, Dadar, 9 p.m.

SUNDAY, November 12.

2nd day of the First Session of the Maharashtra Vyapari Conference, Sir C. Jehangir Hall, 8 a.m. to 11 a.m.
Meeting to protest against increases in railway fare, Cinema de Luxe, Bandra, 4 p.m.
Parel Co-operative Conference, Bachubai Building, Parel, 8 a.m. to 12 noon and 4 p.m. to 8 p.m., Mr. M. R. Jayaker to preside.
Mrs. Besant's lecture on "The Coming of a World Teacher", Town Hall, 6-15 p.m.

MONDAY, November 13.

Mrs. Annie Besant's lecture on "What do we mean by Home Rule", at the Excelsior Theatre, 6 p.m.
Public lecture at 4-30 p.m. by Prof. Geddes on Sociology and Civics in recent progress.

RAILWAY TIMINGS.

G. I. P. (VICTORIA TERMINUS)

	Arr. H. M.	Dep. H. M.
Punjab Mail	17 0	12 30
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)	13 15	21 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	7 0	15 30
Madras Mail	8 40	21 20
Poona Mail	11 40	14 45
Inter & Ord. Poona Express	12 15	14 10
Poona Express	19 50	7 50
Delhi & Lucknow Express	9 0	22 0
Madras Fast Passenger	21 40	8 15

B. B. & C. I. (COLABA.)

	Arr. H. M	Dep H. M.
Bombay-Peshawar Mail	13 35	16 0
Gujarat Mail	11 10	20 25
Delhi Express	6 30	20 55
Kathiawar Express	7 45	21 35
Fast Passenger	21 40	7 5

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

SUMAN—The dearly beloved son of Premlal Devkaran Nanjee died, aged 2½ years, at 16, Manordas Street, Fort, at 1 a.m. on 11th November, 1922.

CHURCH SERVICE.

The very Rev. J. G. McCormick, the Dean of Manchester, one of the leading members of the Mission of Help, will preach at the morning Marathi Service, Emmanuel Church, Girgaum, at 9-30 a.m. on Sunday, the 12th instant.

TO-DAY'S MEETINGS.

PATHARE PRABHU SOCIAL SAMAJ.

A special condolence meeting of the Samaj will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S. T.), in the Narayan Dinanathji Prabhu Seminary Hall, to record the lamentable death of Mr. Anandrao Vasantrao Talpade, an ordinary member of the Samaj, when members are earnestly requested to be present.

PARSI WAR MEMORIAL GATHERING.

Under the auspices of the Rathestar Mandal, a Parsi gathering will be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, Fort, at 5-15 p.m. (S. T.), when a varied programme will be gone through. Headed by the Union Jack and a big floral totem, a procession consisting of over a hundred Parsi Sea Scouts and Boy Scouts will proceed from the Queen's Statue and enter the Hall playing solemn bagpipe music, followed by a sacred Avesta prayer by Dastur R. E. Sanjana in memory of the dead. Major J. K. Nariman, Major S. B. Mehta and Captain Dr. J. R. Wadia will narrate their personal experiences of the battlefield. Nearly 40 slides of the Parsi heroes will be exhibited by lantern slides and their careers narrated by Mr. R. B. Paymaster. There will be special songs and recitations in English, Persian and Gujrati.

Admissions by tickets only. Proceeds will be devoted to raise the Parsi War Memorial Fund, to be handed over to the Trustees of the Parsi Panchayat Funds.

THE NATIONAL COLLEGE, BOMBAY.

The 6th lecture of the Higher Education Extension Series of the National College, Bombay, will be delivered by Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, to-day (Saturday) at 5-15 p.m., on "Ancient Philosophy of Europe." The lecture is open to the public.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

The inaugural address of the second session of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood will be delivered by Rev. John Mackenzie, M.A., Principal of the Wilson College, to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.), at the Prarthana Samaj Hall, Girgaum Road. The address is open to the public, and front seats will be reserved for ladies.

PROTEST AGAINST RY. FARE INCREASE.

Under the auspices of the Matunga Residents' Association, a public protest meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at Shri Vishvani Nivas, to protest against the proposed increased rates in the fares by G. I. P. and B. B. & C. I. Railway Companies, when all are requested to attend.

SPEECHES BY MULSHI LEADERS.

Under the auspices of the Dadar Congress Committee and the Dadar National Association, a public meeting will be held at Dadar, Kirtiker's Wadi (opposite Kasturchand Mills), to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S. T.), when the Mulshi leaders, Prof. S. M. Paranjpe, Dr. Phatak and Mr. S. K. Damle and other speakers will speak. Dr. Savarker will preside. All are requested to attend.

FORTHCOMING MEETINGS.

SWADHYAYASHRAM, DADAR.

Under the auspices of Swadhyayashram, Mr. Vinayak Gajanan Pradhan will deliver a Pravachan on "How to enlarge the scope of Hindu Missionary Activities" to-morrow (Sunday) at 3-30 p.m. All lovers of Hindu Missionary Movement are requested to attend.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

A meeting of the Reception Committee of the above Conference will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) in the office of the Ghatkopar Congress Committee to elect the President of the Conference and to do any other work.

BOMBAY CENTRAL CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE.

The Parel Cooperative Conference meets to-morrow (Sunday) from 8 a.m. to 12 noon (S.T.) and 4 p.m. to 8 p.m. under the Presidentship of Mr. M. R. Jayakar, Bar.-at-Law. All persons interested in the Co-operative movement are requested to attend.

PATHARE PRABHU SOCIAL SAMAJ.

The adjourned Special General Meeting of the Pathare Prabhu Social Samaj will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sharp, in the N. D. Prabhu Seminary Hall to consider the remaining propositions of Mr. D. M. Kothare. As per previous notice the members are earnestly requested to attend the meeting.

BOMBAY MARATHI GRANTH SANGRAHALAYA.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Marathi Grantha Sangrahalaya, a Pan-supari ceremony will be held at 7 p.m. (S.T.) to-morrow (Sunday) at the premises of the Sangrahalaya, Bhai Jiwanji's Wadi, Thakurdar, in honour of Shrimant Balasaheb Pant-Pratindhi, Chief of Oundh, the President-elect, and the delegates and visitors to the Maharashtriya Vyapari Parishad, when the members and well-wishers of the Sangrahalaya are cordially invited to attend.

LECTURES BY MRS. ANNIE BESANT.

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay branches of the Theosophical Society, Mrs. Annie Besant will deliver a public lecture on "The Coming of a World Teacher" at the Town Hall, to-morrow (Sunday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.)

Under the auspices of the National Home Rule League, Mrs. Annie Besant will also deliver a public lecture at the Excelsior Theatre, on "What do we mean by Home Rule" on the 13th instant at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Jamnadas Dwarakadas, M.L.A. will preside. The lecture is open to the public, and front seats will be reserved for ladies.

PROTEST AGAINST RAILWAY FARE INCREASE.

Under the auspices of the Bandra Rate Payers' Association and the Bandra Hindu Association a public meeting will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Cinema De Luxe Theatre Junction of Ghodbunder Road and Turner Road to protest against the proposed increase in the prices of season tickets of the B.B and C.I. Railway Company, and to consider the steps to be taken to induce the Company to abandon the proposals.

ANOTHER MEETING AT MARWADI VIDYALAYA.

A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held under the auspices of the Indian Passengers and T.R. Association at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, to protest against the increase of Railway fares when Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas will preside. The Hon. Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas and Messrs. Tairsey, Bharucha, Nensey, L. G. Khare, Marji Govanji, Nariman, Malavia, L. Roy Sampat, Motiwala and others will lecture on the occasion. Date and time will be announced later on.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

ALLEGED FRAUDULENT TRANSFER OF PROPERTY.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Friday, before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Hamid bin Ally, pearl merchant residing at Khetwadi, charged (1) Gulabchand Dharamchand, (2) Maganbhai Dharamchand and (3) Jivanchand Dharamchand, until recently pearl merchants doing business at Jhaveri Bazar, with dishonest and fraudulent removal and transfer of property to prevent the same being available for creditors and cheating under Sections 421, 422 and 417, I. P. C., under circumstances already reported.

Mr. N. N. Saher, Bar.-at-Law, with Mr. K. F. Nariman, pleader, appeared for the complainant; while Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Bar.-at-Law, with Mr. Kanuga, pleader, appeared for the accused.

The complainant, in the course of his examination-in-chief, alleged that while the firm had suspended payment here and gone into insolvency, pearls of the value of rupees five lakhs were fraudulently and dishonestly sent out to Europe with a friend and son of accused No. 1 to be sold there, so as to prevent the distribution of this large asset amongst the creditors in Bombay, and the new firm of Premchand Raichand and Company is still doing business, the accused abovenamed being practically the owner and manager of that firm. The fact of their suddenly going into insolvency only two days prior to the first instalment and the fact of their fraudulently and clandestinely disposing of very valuable properties, clearly showed that even at the time they entered into the said agreement with the complainant they had not the slightest intention of fulfilling it and their object was only to tide over the difficulties and save accused No. 3 from criminal liability by giving a civil aspect to the case.

Mr. Jinnah for the accused reserved cross-examination.

Mr. Naginchand Karamchand, the agent of the Orient Pearl Trading Company, said he did not know Mr. C. S. Marfatia to whom he sent pearls of the value of 3½ to 3¾ lakhs of rupees. The first consignment was sent on or about the 19th of September and since then he had been sending goods every week. He was sent to Arabia by Messrs. Jivanchand Lallubhoy and Company for four months and was given Rs. 2,000 for his trip before he became the Managing Agent of the Orient Pearl Trading Company. He went to Arabia for the purpose of pearl business. On the 7th of October the second consignment worth Rs. 25,000 was sent to Mr. Marfatia who represented the Company.

Mr. Naginchand's examination was not over, when the Court rose for the day. Further hearing of the case will be resumed on Tuesday next at 3-30.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

At the Esplanade Police Court, on Friday, before Mr. Khairaz, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Sergeant McCulloch charged Gangadas Jagjivan, a Bania with criminal breach of trust, as a servant, in respect of Rs. 1,200 belonging to Sir Dinshaw Petit Mills.

Mr. N. N. Saher, Bar.-at-Law, appeared for the complainant; while Mr. Gaveria, pleader, defended the accused.

Mr. S. N. Minocherhomji, Secretary to the Manekji Petit Manufacturing Co., Ltd., said that the accused was the cashier of the Sir D. M. Petit Mills. On the 14th ultimo the accused remained absent from duty and he subsequently learnt that he had left Bombay. On the 24th he examined the safe and found Rs. 1,200 short. The accused was then brought down from Gondal and handed over to the police. He was in service for three years and was hard-working.

The pleader for the defence said that the amount had been raised by the friends of the accused. He prayed that the accused might not be sent to jail as he was suffering from consumption.

Mr. Saher pressed the charge and asked for deterrent punishment.

His Worship convicted the accused and sentenced him to a day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 200, in default to suffer three months' rigorous imprisonment.

COMPANY MEETING.

KHATAU MAKANJI SPG. & WG. CO., LTD.

The forty-eight Ordinary General Meeting of the above Company was held on Friday, at the registered office of the Company, Laxmi Building, Ballard Pier, Fort, Mr. C. A. Latin presiding. In the course of the report it was stated.

The year's working shows a gross profit of Rs. 12,01,247-10-10; from which after deducting the Agents' commission of Rs. 1,02,070-14-2; and Rs. 3,43,546-9-0.

Paid for income-tax and super-tax there remains the balance of Rs. 7,55,630-3-8; to which is added the balance of last account Rs. 3,816-8-11; making a total net profit of Rs. 7,59,446-12-7.

Out of this your directors have set aside the following sums:—

To machinery deterioration fund, Rs 1,00,000; to building depreciation fund, Rs. 35,000; to provision for income-tax and super-tax for 1922-1923, Rs. 1,00,000, Rs. 2,35,000; leaving a balance of Rs. 5,24,446-12-7.

Your directors declared an ad-interim dividend of Rs. 25 per share of Rs. 100 each amounting to Rs. 2,48,750.

The directors recommend that the balance thus standing to the credit of profit and loss account, Rs. 2,75,696-12-7.

Available for distribution be dealt with as under:—

For final dividend at the rate of Rs. 25 per share of Rs. 100 free of income-tax. Rs. 2,48,750; bonus to staff, Rs. 15,000; balance carried forward, Rs. 11,946-12-7.

During the year under report your directors have placed orders for machinery costing approximately Rs. 6,53,248-0-0 for renew is and additions. Machinery of the approximate value of Rs. 24,53,500-6-9 has been ordered out since the year 1918 till date out of which machinery amounting to Rs. 17,87,526-6-9 has been received upto 30th June 1922, since then till date of report machinery amounting to Rs. 1,24,691- has been received and machinery amounting to Rs. 5,38,247 is still to arrive. All the above prices for machinery were F. O. B. English Port and the total cost of Freight, Insurance Charges Banks' Charges, etc., have been Rs. 4,14,361 and the cost of building for same is Rs. 9,05,783 till date of report. The estimated freight, etc., for machinery still to arrive will be Rs. 1,07,000 and estimated cost of buildings for same will be Rs. 3,00,000. Owing to delay in receiving power, your directors have not been able to work most of the machinery, however they are trying their best to put the machinery in working order as early as possible.

The chairman moved the adoption of the report.

Mr. S. E. Warden seconded the motion.

Mr. K. P. Pavri, a shareholder, said the Directors' report was disappointing and unsatisfactory. He suggested that the accounts of the Company should be audited by Messrs. Fergusson & Company. He did not understand why the Agents declared such a small dividend, in view of the fact that Morarji Gokuldas and Currimbhoy Mills had declared handsome dividends.

Mr. Mulraj Khatau (interrupting) said: "You do not realize the difficulties of the agents? Why should you criticise the report in such a manner.

Mr. Pavri:—Why should I not? I have every right to criticise the report.

The chairman:—"You should not digress by referring to other mills."

Mr. Pavri said he was not digressing. All that he wanted to say was that some muddle had been made in the management of the Company.

Another Hindoo shareholder said that the attitude shown by the Directors and Agents this year towards the shareholders was very strange.

Mr. Mulraj Khatau, then, explaining the position of the Company said that the reason why the Company had not declared a handsome dividend was that the mill was not yet working in good order as some parts of the machinery were lying idle. He however, assured them that so long as he was at the head of the affairs of the Company, their interests would not be jeopardised. He hoped that the Company would be in a better position to pay a handsome dividend next year.

The proposition was, then put to vote and declared carried.

After the directors had been re-elected, the meeting was dissolved.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

At the eighty-second annual meeting of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, held at the Company's Offices, 122, Leadenhall Street, London, on the 18th October, 1922, the chairman, Lord Inchcape, after referring to the loss of s. s. "Egypt", said:—

I regret to say that many of our voyages have shown an adverse result. Outward cargo has been very scarce, while homeward rates of freight have been to a great extent unremunerative. Iperating expenses have continued far in excess of pre-war level; the strike of ship repairers, which lasted for many weeks and eventually came to an end by the men accepting the masters' terms, involved us in serious difficulties. We found it impossible to place vessels in dry dock here, as labour was unobtainable, and the ships had to go to sea with dirty hulls, involving reduced speed and increased coal consumption. In some cases we had to get dockings and overhauls done at Continental ports, where money was spent in labour and material instead of in London. I hope wiser counsels will prevail in future and that labour will realise that it is only cutting its own throat by insisting on demands which it is economically impossible to concede.

We raised three and a half millions by a Debenture Issue in the Spring to assist in paying for new vessels under construction, and others which we have in view. The terms obtained were reasonable at the time and though the Debentures have considerably increased in value since the issue was made, they were chiefly taken up by the Stockholders themselves and the increment has gone to them.

Our insurance account has not gone so well as last year, but we are able to increase the amount at credit by £94,242 7s. 11d., bringing it up to £3,094,242 7s. 11d.

Sir Eric Geddes asked me not long ago how shipping was doing, and I told him it was doing very badly. His caustic reply was "Oh, I suppose you will be paying your dividend out of your losses." (Laughter.) It has not come to that, as our associated Companies have helped materially, the conservative policy which they and we have always adopted brings in a handsome sum from our investments, and, with hope as to the future, the Directors feel fully justified in proposing to distribute the same dividend as last year, viz., 5 per cent. on the Preferred Stock, less Income Tax and 12 per cent. on the Deferred Stock, free of Income Tax.

The recent Debenture Issue of £3,500,000 falls to be redeemed at par not later than 1930, and you will notice from the accounts we have started a sinking fund to provide for this, placing at 30th September last the sum of £60,000 to its credit. We have also written off to this year's account the discount and expense of issue, about £192,000. We propose to add to the sinking fund yearly and to invest the money in Stock Exchange securities so that when the day for redemption arrives the money will be there.

There is a break in the clouds of bad trade, although not much sign of sunshine yet. We have apparently a poor period in front of us for a year or two. Operating costs must come down to secure an equilibrium. Unless these conditions are established in shipping, as in every other business, disaster must follow. Fortunately the P. & O. Company and its Associates have been careful in good years to provide for bad years, and they will be able to carry on till good times come again, but in the meantime all our energies must be directed, and are being directed, to getting back to doing something more than making both ends meet.

We have obtained a Supplementary Charter, which will enable us to issue if and as required another £3,500,000 Debenture Stock. There is no immediate intention of making this issue, but the powers will be useful in providing further capital as required.

Seven years ago the Board decided to augment their Branch service by five large vessels with good speed. They are now all in commission and are second to none for their special service.

WEAKNESS OF SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

Messrs. Montagu's silver report says that under the influence of the continued sales on China account, prices have been subject to considerable depression. The weakness was aggravated by fact that the Indian bazars had received substantial offers of silver from China direct and, therefore, resold some of the purchases made here. They, also practically ceased to support this market. The continent furnished a part of the supplies and America has been a good seller. As most of the silver required for the December settlement in Bombay seems to have been secured the outlook is not very bright. The weak tendency may continue until it is checked by China. The circumstance that the partial demonetisation of rupee should even be mooted by the Indians is a remarkable sign of the times and cannot breed confidence in the future of silver as a currency material.

RUBBER SHORTAGE PREDICTED.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

At a meeting of the Java Pala Rubber Estates, the chairman Mr. R. J. Arnold predicted a world shortage of rubber unless prices the improved within the next three or six months. He pointed out that the reduction of costs had been more marked in the case of the British colonies than the Dutch and consequently it was inexplicable that the Dutch estates had not joined the restrictive scheme. He declared it was pity the British companies only should make sacrifice.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

POSITION AS ON 3RD NOVEMBER.

LIABILITIES.

Subscribed Capital Rs. 11,24,76,000
Capital Paid-up Rs. 5,62,44,000
Reserve Rs. 4,11,89,000
Public Deposits Rs. 10,77,99,000
Other Deposits Rs. 69,82,94,000
Loans against securities per contra Rs. 1,46,90,000
Sundries Rs. 1,12,43,000
Total Rs. 92,94,59,000.

ASSETS.

Government Securities Rs. 8,07,08,000
Other authorized securities under the Act Rs. 1,26,09,000
Loans Rs. 17,36,26,000
Cash Credits Rs. 26,02,05,000
Inland bills discounted and purchased Rs. 4,39,89,000
Foreign Bills discounted and purchased Rs. 12,59,000
Dead Stock Rs. 2,47,42,000
Sundries Rs. 52,11,000
Balances with other Banks Rs. 8,74,000
Cash Rs. 32,71,26,000
Total Rs. 92,94,59,000.

MEMORANDUM.

LIABILITIES.

Public Deposits Rs. 1,41,59,000 Decrease.
Other Deposits Rs. 65,80,000 Increase.

ASSETS.

Bank's Investments Rs. 4,50,000 Decrease.
Loans Rs. 10,35,000 Increase.
Cash Credits Rs. 19,14,000 Decrease.
Bills Discounted and Purchased Rs. 1,73,000 Increase.
Cash Rs. 74,74,000 Decrease.
Percentage 39.31.

EMPRESS THEATRE

THE NEW SERIAL.

We had the opportunity last night of visiting the Empress Theatre to see the new Pathe super-serial "Go-Get-Em-Hutch" which is making such a stir in the Lamington Road cinema land. The leading part is played by Charles Hutchinson described as the "Thrill-a-Minute Stunt King" and he certainly deserves the title; for sheer dare devil escapades we have never seen his equal. There were plenty of "stunts" in "Hurricane Hutch" but it lags behind the present serial for thrills and excitement. We cannot recommend it to any suffering from weak nerves, but "Go-Get-Em-Hutch" will instantly appeal to those who like wild adventure, dangerous situations and hairbreadth escapes. Hutch is ably assisted by Miss Marguerite Clayton who makes an attractive and daring heroine who shares many of these hazardous duels with death. The scene of the play is set in New York Harbour. Hutch, known as J. Jones, a rivetter, is working in a shipyard, gaining experience of labour conditions, before assuming control of the McClelland Line, of which he is owner. He dives from the top of a crane and saves the life of a young girl named Dariel, to whom the shipyard belongs. A dastardly attempt to prevent the launch of a big ship is frustrated by Hutch, who at great peril, removes an obstruction so that the launching is successfully completed. We are now well started on this fascinating story. We see Hutch, with great ingenuity and daring, rescue a young girl from the top of a burning building and soon after he is engaged in a stiff fight with a burly adversary who has locked him in the hold of a ship which is being fumigated and is filled with poisonous gases. In order to prevent the lease of the shipyard from expiring, Hutch and Dariel do some thrilling work with a motor-cycle and motor-car, Hutch taking a flying leap from the dock on to a moving ferry-boat. The episode concludes with Hutch, his clothes caught on a spike, in imminent danger of being crushed between a wharf and the side of a ship. The cast includes Richard Neill, as the suave villain engaged in a conspiracy against Hans henchmen, while pretty Cecile Bonnel Hutch, Peerl Shepherd as his fascinating accomplice, Frank Hagney as one of the villains the part of girl pilot on a tug-boat.

GUJARAT'S RESOLVE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 9.

Commenting on the report of Civil Disobedience Committee "Navajivan" says: Gujarat is determined to follow wholeheartedly the programme of Mahatma Gandhi and expects other province to follow her.

Official and Personal.

Major His Highness the Maharaja Sir Udaiji Rao Puar, Maharaja of Dhar, has been attached as Hon. Officer to the 17th (Q.V.O.) Poona Horse.—A. P.

His Excellency was the guest of the Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Hayward at dinner at 3 Queens Gardens, Poona, on Thursday evening.

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay was the guest of the Hon'ble Mr. and Mrs. Hayward at Dinner at their Residence at 3 Queen's Gardens, Poona on the evening of the 9th instant.

The Hon'ble Elsie Mackay has left Government House, Ganeshkhind.

THEATRE & CINEMA.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

The Courtneidge-Holloway London Company is back again in Bombay at the right time. That it is supplying the city with the amusement which it appreciates, is illustrated by the large audiences that have been present at the Excelsior Theatre since the Company reopened in Bombay. The attraction for the week-end is "The Garden of Allah" which has been staged in Bombay before and needs no elaboration. It will be given tonight and at a special reduced price matinee at 5-30 p.m. to-morrow evening. There will be quite a merry time on Monday and Tuesday nights when we are to have "Ambrose Applejohn's Adventure," a most delightful comedy which London has taken to its heart. There, Sir Charles Hawrety has been playing "Ambrose" and the comedy has been transferred from the Criterion Theatre to the Savoy, where it is still having an excellent run and shows no sign of lapsing. On Wednesday there is a revival of "Abraham Lincoln" and the remainder of the week will be taken up with a new production—the great mystery play "The Bat" of which further particulars will be given later.

EXCELSIOR PICTURES.

There will be the usual cinema programme every evening at the Excelsior Theatre, except on Thursday the 16th instant when the theatre will be used for a public meeting. The chief picture is entitled "The Silent Master" and tells of the adventures of a modern Don Quixote, a nobleman in disguise, who spends his time trying to do good in the world. He marries the lady of his choice, but the course of true love does not run very smoothly, the lady conceiving the idea that her husband is responsible for the ruin of her brother, and she leaves him. However all ends happily, for, after a period of five years, the two are brought together again by one, whom, in earlier years, the Silent Master had befriended.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

A splendid racing picture, which should prove a special draw to all sportsmen, is being exhibited this week at the Empire Theatre. Entitled "Scarlet Lady" it is a rollicking yarn of the English Turf, after the style of Nat Gould. It is a film which presents some excellent scenes of English racing life.

A two part comedy is, also, included in the programme

EMPRESS THEATRE.

"Go-Get-Em-Hutch" promises to maintain its claim as a real thriller. The first instalment of last week provided but a foretaste of the thrills which are to come, and during the week Empress audiences will be introduced to more of them. "Go-Get-Em-Hutch" is certainly a film with plenty of action and the present instalment has no dull moments.

IMPERIAL CINEMA.

A fine Indian film "Sati Anusuya," produced by the Kohinoor Film Co., will be exhibited during the week at the Imperial Cinema. It deals with the great faith and virtue of Anusuya, the dutiful wife of the sage Atri. Ganga, the purifier of sinners, prayed for relief from the tortures of the shadow of sin and was commanded to seek a Sati, who, by her powers of chastity, was able to give the desired relief. Parwati, Luxmi and Savitri, three great Satis, exercised their powers on Ganga but all their efforts were of no avail because they had at some time transgressed their lord's commands. Ganga was then directed to go to Anusuya, who by reason of her great chastity, was able to give relief from the shadows of sin. The three Satis became very jealous and in many ways tried to overcome the pious chastity of Anusuya who always emerged triumphant from these ordeals. The Satis had to admit her great power and glory which spread over the three worlds.

CINEMA MAJESTIC.

At the Cinema Majestic a brilliant new production by the Star Films Ltd entitled "Pitrodkar, or Ganga the Redeemer" is being shown and the Alexandra Cinema is continuing the powerful serial "The Mystery of Myra."

WEST-END CINEMA.

Maurice Tourneur's picturization of "The County Fair" will be presented at the West-End Cinema, this week.

The story is founded upon the famous play of the same name in which Neil Burgess starred for many seasons all over the world. It is the typical study of New England rural life with a loveable spinster for its central character attaining its humours, excitement and character studies at a county fair and reaching its climax in a thrilling horse race where Cold Molasses runs for the fortunes and happiness of the story's protagonists. There are infinite sidelights and bucolic studies which lend it that simple appeal which is always so interesting in dramas native to the soil of New England.

GLOBE CINEMA.

Arline Pretty, the charming athletic star of "A Woman in Grey," the new fifteen episode mystery serial, which is the feature attraction at the theatre, is a lover of the clean, healthy sports of the great outdoors. In fact this popular serial actress ascribes her health and strength to the time she spends in many sports.

Tennis is her favourite game, and there are but few women, excepting those of top-ranking in American lawn tennis, who are her superior at this sport. Miss Pretty seldom works on pictures during the summer months, as she prefers to spend her time near the water where she will have ample opportunity to indulge in swimming, rowing and surf riding, the favourite sport of many of the motion picture players in California.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.

THE GARDEN OF ALLAH.

It is a pity that the Courtneidge-Holloway Company have had a disappointing week on their return visit to Bombay. Both the theatre-going public have been disappointed and so have the company. This has been due to baggage going astray, with the result that it has been found impossible to give the play advertised, and another has been substituted at the last moment. Perhaps this accounted for the very moderate house which assembled to witness "The Garden of Allah" which was successfully staged last night. The cast was practically the same as when produced during the last visit. The brunt of the performance was borne by Mr. Claud Allister as "Boris Androsvky" the renegade Trappist monk and Miss Cherry Hardy as "Domini." Their acting was of a very high order and certainly well worth seeing, especially the dramatic confession out in the desert and the emotional and almost tragic parting at the monastery gate. The two principals were excellently supported by Mr. J. F. Graham as "Father Roubier" and Mr. George Zucco as "Count Anteoni" both important characters in the play. It is rather a long production lasting nearly to 1 a.m. which is a disadvantage, as the attention of the audience begins to flag at such a late hour. The play is being repeated tonight when a greatly improved house is expected because now the missing scenery and costumes have arrived and the company are able to carry on with the swing which was so characteristic of their last visit.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 10.

S S Malwa, Le Mare, London
S S Ahmedi, Cunningham, Buereh
S S Badarpur, Younger, Rangoon
S S Montua, Armitage, Shanghai
S S Homefield, Cooper, Moulmein

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday.

S S Nirvana, Biencome, Karachi
S S Mantua, Armitage, London
S S Okara, Dehirst, Calcutta.

The following vessels began to load yesterday.

Steamer Malwa for London
Steamer Varella for Persian Gulf.
Steamer Waroonga for Tuticorin.

S S Malwa:—The P & O S N Company's English mail steamer Malwa, 5,935 tons, Captain W R Le Mare arrived in harbour yesterday from London, with the outward mails of the 26th ultimo, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Ahmedi:—The E S N Company's steamer Ahmedi, 1331 tons, Captain J Cunningham, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bussreh, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Mantua:—The P & O S N Company's China and Japan mail steamer Mantua, 5689 tons Captain A B Armitage, arrived in harbour yesterday from Shanghai etc., with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Homefield:—The B I S N Company's steamer Homefield, 3,223 tons, Captain R D Cooper, arrived in harbour yesterday from Moulmein with a cargo of timber.

S S Mantua:—The P & O S N Company's English mail steamer Mantua, 5,889 tons, Captain A. B. Armitage, will sail today from Bollord Pier Station at 1 p.m. for London with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S S Narvana:—The B I S N Company's steamer Nirvana, 3768 tons, Captain J Biencome will sail today from harbour for Karachi with same bottom cargo.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Friday November, 10, 1922.

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

Shed.	Steamers	Tons.	Destinations.	Date Agent.
1	Will Casino	3754	Madras	18-11 J. F. & Co.
2	Morea	5962	London	18-11 M M & Co.
3	Clan Mackenzie	4142	C Ports,	11-11 J F & Co
5	Taroba		Africa	15-11 M M & Co
8	Sicilia	4130	Shanghai	5-11 M M & Co
9	Alexia	3428	Graham & Co	
10	Colaba	3829	NF	M M & Co
11	Pundit		NF NF T M & Co	
12	Kandahar	4753	Karachi	18-11 J F & Co
14	Uilstad	2962	Dunkirk	14-11 TM& Co.
15	Nirvana	3768	Antwerp	11-11 M M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Barpeta	1877	P. Suit	16-11 M M & Co
2	Egremont	5256	Calcutta	11-11 VOLBa.
5	Cooyana	2496	Genoa	10-11 M M & Co
7	Windelia	2698	L'pool	NF Graham & Co
8	Koweit	2393	R S Ports	11-11 T M& Co
9	Sealda	3394	Japan	1-11 M M & Co
12 & 13	Ahmedi	331	P. gulf	20-11 S. Hassum.
15	Sultania	2758	P. Suit	R 11 P. G, S. N

PRINCESS DOCK.

B	Kohinur	3940	Colombo	11-11 T M & Co
C & R	City of Genoa	3965	NF K N &	Co
D & E	Himalaya-maru	3187	Japann	11 O S Kaisha & Co.
F	Oruro	1249	NF D M	Khandwani
G	Kkuld	6119	Colombo	12-11 F F Clompbela & Co.
K	Kura	1521	Abadan	12-11 S. Wallace & Co.
N	Garada	3218	N F N F	M M & C.

IMPORTS.

S S City of London from Diverpool, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co—779 cases cottons; 85 bales bleached cottons; 82 bales grey cotton yarn; 513 bales cotton yarn; 30 cases dyed cottons; 46 cases toilet soap; 29 cases cotton fents; 40 bales old newspaper; 276 bales paper; 31 cases biscuits; 471 cases tiles; 10 cases fruit essence; 17000 cases blue bricks; 320 drum caustic soda; 2380 pieces earthenware troughs; 10 kegs sulphate of copper; 100 bags soda ash; 75 cases whisky; 280 cases brandy; 165 cases mencial lubricating oil; 2060 kegs white lead; 215 kegs paint; 106 cases colour; 1500 boxes soap.

S S Chanda from Calcutta, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co—7318 ton coal.

S S Singu from Rangoon, Agents Shaw Wallace & Co 7805 bale. enzon in bulk

S S Taroba from Durban, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co—11 cases cheese; 20 bags coal; From Dar-es-Salam—182 bags bajree.

From Zanzibar—21 bales cotton; 2 bags grape; 3394 bales cloves.

From Mombassa—709 bales cotton; 150 bags bajree; 25 bales goat skins; 5 bales sheep skins.

S S Vasna from Basra, Agents Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co—129 bdles specie; 4 cases specie; 2 cases wet dates; 2520 bask. wet dates; 104 bdles skin dates; 95 bags wheat; 5 cases caoton dates.

EXPORTS

Nov. 10.

S S Vindelia for Liverpool—25 bales Indian cotton F F Campbell; 134 bales wool raw K Esmail; 45 bales wool raw R Alimohamed; 100 bales cotton raw B Meyer; 812 cwt oil cakes Birla Bros.

S S Vindelia for Marseilles—210 cwt gum arabic Nainsi Mulji; 500 cwt mustadd seed K M Nathu.

S S Morea for London—8 cwt khismis Gopaldas & Co; 27 bales tanned cowhides R Alimohamed; 8 bales tanned goat skins R Alimohamed; 18 bales lambs skins Cox's Shipping; 250 cwt khismis Sojpal Shamji; 47 bales woollen carpets Bontor & Co; 3 cases curios and chinaware Thos Cook & Sons; 2000 cwt jowari Louis Dreyfus; 300 cwt Indian condiments D D Framji.

S S Himalaya Maru for Kobe—2500 bales cotton raw Y K Kaisha; 3500 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 600 bales cotton raw Currimbhoy & Co; 221 bales cotton raw M H Hirji.

S S Cicilia for Shanghai—1200 lbs rough gdeaso J M Sale Mohmed.

S S Cicilia for Hongkong—100 bales grey cot twist Birla Bros; 500 bales grey cot twist David Sassoon.

S S Alesia for Hull—6000 cwt cotton seed Ralli Bros; 4000 cwt castor seed Ralli Bros.

S S Ulstad for Dunkirk—220 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha.

S S Nirvana for Antwerp—40 cwt salted casings Ad Meyer.

S S Malwa for London—52 cwt gum M M T Asshar; 160 boxes silver and platedware P P Steco.

S S Jalapiana for Dunkirk—2000 cwt groundnuts E D Sassoon; 4200 cwt castor seed Ralli Bros; 1000 cwt castor seed Ralli Bros; 2000 cwt castor seed Louis Dreyfus; 2000 cwt poppy seed Louis Dreyfus; 4000 cwt rape seed LouisDreyfus.; 110 bales Indian cotton Louis Dreyfus.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, November 11, 1922.

SULTANAT AND KHILAFAT.

It is a common error to ascribe to the Turkish nation none but military gifts, ignoring their voluminous literature which has acquired new vigour, human interest and influence over the people in the last few years. This exceedingly important intellectual revival contributing to the national revival seems almost entirely to have escaped the notice of Western Oriental students save in Germany. In English almost the only references to it—if we can trust that avid scholar and all too omnivorous reader on Islamic subjects, "G. K. N."—are to be found in "The Moslem World" (a Christian periodical edited by a missionary of considerable scholarship, who is a none too scrupulous opponent of Islam) over the signature of one "Charles Riggs". We publish elsewhere a letter from "G. K. N.", in which he seeks to excuse his quotation from this unknown Riggs in our paper on grounds which seem tc us a little frivolous. But let that pass. He mentions two German authorities but forgets to mention that the two in question are not considered quite without the bias—political in their case rather than religious—which disfigures the whole outlook of "The Moslem World." To say a view is German is not necessarily the same thing as to say that it is impartial. The Germans had their version of the Bryce Report—allegations derived solely from Armenian and pro-Armenian sources, yet published to the world as if they were established fact—and it was a German tribunal which ("to the everlasting shame of Germany"—*Frankfurter Zeitung*) acquitted the Armenian murderer of Talaat Pasha whom the unknown "Charles Riggs" has called "a notoriously irreligious man." As Talaat was in matters of devotional exercises, so is Mr. Winston Churchill, M. Poincare, the German Chancellor and nearly all the European statesmen one could mention. Why should he be called "notoriously irreligious" and they not? But he did what "G. K. N.'s" "orthodox Moslems of Constantinople" never did, he risked his life for El Islam upon the battlefield, not as a staff officer in the rear, but as a volunteer, a private soldier, at the front; and he was murdered by the enemies of El Islam because he was the strongest and most conspicuous defender of his faith and country. We cannot help wondering a little why "G.K.N." should think it necessary to send to us these ill-natured and extravagant calumnies on no better authority than he has shown, nor how, if he has really followed the fortunes of the Turkish nation, the defenders of Islam, with sympathy, he can wax indignant over the ignominous position in which "the saintly present occupier of the throne of the Sultanate" and the "Orthodox Moslems of Constantinople" find themselves at present. We are, of course, grateful to him for the opportunity of replying to allegations which, he seems to think, are being freely made, but we are surprised to find him giving credence to such allegations. He has written of the unknown "Charles Riggs": "His allegation regarding Enver's slight on Islam remains uncontradicted these four years to my knowledge". That is possible, no-one ever having heard of "Charles Riggs" till "G.K.N." unearthed him, and the allegations being such a palpable lie that, if any Turk did hear of it, he would only laugh at the absurdity of the invention. If "G.K.N." had given half the study to contemporary Turkish literature which he has devoted to "The Moslem World" and some selected German sources of information he would himself have been in a position to refute the general tenour of the allegations which he lays before us. As present events in Turkey are closely connected with the tendencies of Turkish thought expressed in literature, we need not apologise for trying to explain those tendencies to readers of "The Chronicle."

The awakening of Ottoman patriotism must be distinguished from the awakening of Turkish nationalism. The former goes back into old Turkish times; and its first appearance in a modern guise in literature in the poems of Namik Kemal some fifty years ago was hailed rather as a welcome symptom of returning vigour than a new phenomenon. It has been and is still the inspiration of a numerous group of writers who use the word Osmanli and not Turki to denote their race. The latter is a product of the last ten years, and is due to two main influences: first, the visible success of nationalism (in the European sense of the word) in the cases of the Bulgars, Serbs and Greeks opposed to Turkey; and secondly, the visible failure of the call of Ottoman patriotism as evidenced in the open sedition of a large part of the Christian population (who were included in the old ideal of the fatherland) and the rebellion of a section of the Arabs. The Ottoman Turks, confronted with a greater Bulgaria, a greater Serbia and a greater Greece and even an attempt at greater Montenegro, and harassed in their Empire by sedition due to foreign intrigue upon behalf of nationalities, remembered suddenly that they too possessed a nation—a nation of more than fifty million souls whose territories extended from the Mediterranean to the wall of China. Thus the ideal of greater Turkey came into existence as an immediate and natural result of the Balkan Wars. It is to be found expressed in the works of one good poet—Zia Gok-Alp—and in several works of German wartime propaganda, of which Zia Bey was author or part author. For the idea found favour with the German propagandists who, wishing to inculcate ruthlessness into the easy-going Turk, were pleased to hold up to his admiration the sublime examples of Chenghiz Khan and Timur Leng. Gok-Alp under the German hegemony acquired an importance which he certainly had not before or since. This accounts for the predominance ascribed by Germans who had anything to do with German wartime propaganda to the ideas of Pan-Turanianism and the works of Zia Bey, who never had so much importance in the estimation of his own compatriots. But Zia Gok-Alp is not by any means the Shamanistic pagan which the authorities adduced by "G. K. N." would make him out to be. He is a poet and an enthusiast, but quite a Muslim, though of a kind which might be labelled "anti-clerical". His collection of poems *Qizil Elma* ("The Red Apple")—which is not a ballad, as Prof. Brockelman (cited by "G. K. N.") appears to think—contains lines which no-one who was not a Muslim could have written and which, taken in conjunction with another of his books of poems *Yeni Hayat* ("new Life") show his Turan as a vision of the poet quite apart from his home-standpoint as a patriot and practical reformer. The meaning of the following short poem, which those well versed in Turkish literature will compare with Abdul Haqq Hamid's very much longer poem, *Bir Waiza Bir Muw' iza* (a Sermon to a Preacher) shows his religious posture. We have translated almost literally:

"My Belief is not Hope and not Uneasiness"
"Out of Love I pray to my God
"Not fear of Hell, not the desire of Paradise
"Feel I in me. Nothing save duty's call.
"Thou, preacher, cease to talk to me of Hell-fire's pain
"Which thousand thousand tons of wood send forth.
"Speak rather of the ray of Beauty's sun
"Which makes our love to glow so wonderfully.
"(Speak) of the tree of Blessing which has roots
"In Heaven and in the heart its foliage
"I ate of its fruit and I was satisfied
"Of love and kindness is it rich in juice."
"Thou, Preacher, show us love!
"What devil is, what angel—never mind!
"Speak of the rapture of the choosen band
"Of Lovers, and of what Love truly is!
"Seduce me not with Eden's lordliness!
"My mind is holy, from desire aloof.
"Shriek not to me of Hell's atrociousness
"My heart knows naught of pain, in ecstacy!"

That is a poem which, as far as its meaning goes, might have been written by any Muslim mystic of the Turkish race since the day when the Seljukians first appeared in Anatolia. It reminds of the well-known reply of Abu Hanifa to a disciple who once asked him to describe the pains of Hell. But it is evident that the poet does not love the preacher whom he thus apostrophises. In another poem, *Mashikhat*, he attacks the Sheykh-ul-Islam's department—which has become as intricate a spider's web as the Court of Chancery described by Dickens' in "Bleak House"—in a similar strain, asking it in effect to mind its own proper business and attend to *religion*, instead of paralysing the nation's life by an obstructive interference. We were right therefor in describing Zia Gok-Alp as an "anti-clerical," but by the same token he is not a Shamanistic heathen who takes so keen an interest in the reform of our Islamic institutions. If, on the one hand, as a Turk he is the apostle of pan-Turanianism, on the other as a Muslim, he is a zealous and intelligent supporter of the party of religious reform. Also his poems show him to be not devoid of that very Ottoman patriotism which he has made old-fashioned. This man has been incredibly misrepresented an maligned and held up as a sort of monster to the Western world. He is simply a Turkish Muslim patriot and poet with a pan-Turanian bee occasionally in his bonnet.

And now we come to the third and dominant tendency—the thirst for "true Islam." What is the religious reformation for which the "Young Turks," as they used to be called, have been striving side by side with the political revolution? Mahmud Shevket Pasha, Ahmed Niazi, Hasan Riza, Said Halim, the men who placed that Reformation above everything, have been assassinated one by one. But their desire is now the mission of the Turkish race—to rebuild the true Islamic State, to furnish to the world a great example of Islam in practice. The contemplated reformation, we must say to start with, does not touch religion itself—that is to say, belief—at all. It is not, like the Reformation in Christendom, a revision of doctrines. It would be best described as an anti-clerical movement, and when the reader realises that there ought to be nothing even remotely resembling a priesthood among Muslims, he will understand that such a movement is Islamic. Even in Arabic-speaking countries there has long existed a class of men who claim the position almost of a regular clergy; but where everybody knows the language of the prayers and every educated man is capable of leading them and of conducting a marriage or a funeral, the problem is not so acute as in non-Arab Muslim countries. Here the knowledge of Arabic is restricted to the preacher class who have gradually assumed the status of a priesthood and used their privileged position to impose respect upon the congregation, every member of which is as much a priest as they are according to the proper teaching of Islam. Thus a species of "ecclesiasticism," where nothing of the kind should be, has been evolved, in direct contravention of the teaching of the Coran and the injunctions of the Holy Prophet. By this ecclesiasticism the religion of free thought and free expression has been imprisoned in a rigid mantle of tradition, which the enemies of Islam regard indulgently and wish us to retain, because it is quite dead, and is smothering the life of true Islam. We observe that "G. K. N."—under the influence of enemies of Islam—speaks tenderly of the "early juris-consuls," and compassionately of the "Sultan Mohamed VI and the *orthodox* Muslims of Constantinople" at this juncture. He would "like to know how the inaugurators of the new movement can circumvent the sanctions of Islam and violate, for instance, the definition of Imam or Khalifa and the qualifications inherent in the office as laid down *inter alia* by Ibn Khaldun" etc etc.' We can easily "circumvent" and "violate" the things he mentions on the authority of a single verse of the Coran, or of a saying of the Prophet. "G.K.N." is enamoured of the ecclesiasticism which is killing us. He would maintain its strangle-hold about our necks. So would the British Government, so would everyone who wishes to keep Muslims "in their place." The Turkish reformers—and indeed the more intelligent among the Muslims everywhere—see in this ecclesiasticism, based on superstition and in love with ignorance, the cause of the degeneration of the Muslims and the downfall of Islamic power. It is connected in their mind with the Mashikhat (the Sheykh-ul-Islam's department) at Constantinople which has great power both as a Ministry and vested interest, and plays the part of the Dead Hand in Turkish politics, opposing progress of the people upon true Islamic lines. It is in reality the Mashikhat, not the Khalifa, that the reformers wish to rob of temporal power and that in order that they may be able to "Islamise" (*Islamlashmaq*) the new nationalist Turkish State. Many are the exponents of this aim in recent Turkish literature, Zia-Gok-Alp, who has been ridiculously accused of a desire to lead all the Osmanlis back to totemism, being one of them as we have shown. But the writer on this subject who has made the most profound impression not only on the Turkish reading public but on the Arabic reading public too—probably the most profound impression made by any writer in any country during the last ten years—is Prince Said Halim Pasha, the "Young Turk" ex-Grand Vizier who was murdered last December in Rome by one of Europe's lambs—an "innocent" Armenian. His masterly and brilliant work entitled "*Islamlashmaq*" sold by thousands upon thousands. It expounds the theory and mechanism of the true Islamic State in all its bearings, in the light not of the cramping "ecclesiasticism" we have mentioned, but of the Holy Phophet's teaching and example; and shows it to be strictly in accordance with the aspirations of the Turkish people, and at the same time with the restoration of the universal brotherhood of Muslims under Allah's sovereignty, having the Khalifa as its earthly head. What we would impress upon our readers, in view of G.K.N's allegations, is this: that while the Pan-Turanian literature touches at the extreme estimate a public of say five thousand, and interests considerably less than half that number, the literature of the Islamic revival touches millions. It—or rather the ideas behind it—is the real cause of the renewed vigour of the Turkish race—a miraculous renewal in a race worn out with war and bleeding from a thousand awful wounds. Combind—even one might say, identified—with Turkish patriotism as it has become, the ideal of the revival of Islam is probably the strongest motive force of human energy on earth to-day.

Thus the three chief themes in Turkish literature to-day are, Ottoman patriotism, pan-Turanianism, and true Islam as opposed to what we have described as "ecclesiasticism," borrowing a word from the religion which has suffered most from that disease. Ten years ago if we had had to write this article, we should have described the chief themes as Ottoman patriotism, modernisation, Europeanisation and true Islam all more or less at variance with one another. Now modernisation as a separate cult or tendency has become completely merged in the desire to found a true Islamic State. Europeanisation has vanished altogether, and the themes which remain are no longer at war with one another but in harmony, all three being present in the work of almost every "new Turk" writer one could mention—even in Zia Bey Gok-Alp himself, as we have seen. They were still at variance *till* Said Halim's "*Islamlashmaq*" showed them an ideal all approved of and could follow. The Turkish administration as it was will be destroyed, for it was un-Islamic, though in the minds of what "G.K.N." would call the orthodox it had become identified with Islam. The corruption and intrigue for which the Sublime Porte—that honeycomb of cells of Government officials—had become a byword, was a disgrace to Islam. Readers of Ahmed Rustem Bey's appreciation of Mustafa Kemal Pasha in "The Chronicle" will remember the bitter indignation he expressed, when mentioning the Sublime Porte. "Delenda est"; it has to go, with all that it connotes of pomp and shame, to make way for the plain, straightforward pure administration of the true Islamic State. The Nationalist Turks are quite sincere—horribly so from the point of view of the luxurious, corrupt "old gang" in Turkey. They are going to make very drastic changes, but those changes will all be for the good of Turkey and, through Turkey, of the whole Islamic world. The Powers of Europe will take up the attitude which "G.K.N." takes up in the concluding portion of his letter: Oh, the pity of destroying things so venerable! They found their profit in the old corruption and their pleasure in the antiquated pomp and ceremony. But the Muslims, when they hear of the destruction of these time-honoured vanities, will rejoice, seeing in it the greatest triumph of the spirit of Islam since the day the Holy Prophet broke the idols which had been set up within the precincts of the House of God at Mecca.

Notes of the Day

Loyalty to Congress.

The proposal of Hakim Ajmal Khan, Pandit Motilal Nehru and Mr. V. J. Patel regarding the entry into the Councils in order to wreck the "Reforms" is now before the country. We have already expressed our view that the proposal is as opposed to the principle of non-co-operation as it is uncalled for and we have no doubt this view will be upheld by the Gaya Congress. In discussing this proposal one consideration must not be lost sight of and it is that it must be dealt with on its merits alone. While the country must not imagine that it is bound to accept it because it comes from recognised and respected leaders of the movement, it must equally guard against the danger of questioni[illegible] of these leaders. The leade[illegible], but they have submitted their propo[illegible] because they honestly feel that it is the quickest way of attaining Swaraj. And, above all, they have, no intention of flouting the decision of the Congress. As they say in their Report, "individual views on other matters of principle or practice may vary from time to time but loyalty to the Congress must remain the first and last unalterable article of faith with every true Congressmen."

A Deplorable Decision.

On Thursday the Municipal Corporation, on the motion of Mr. P. C. Sethna, agreed to grant a licence to Mr. Tobaccowalla to erect stables on the piece of land to the west of Mount Road, Mazagaon. When this item first came before the Corporation, it was referred to the Sanitary Measures Committee for report. Several residents of Mazagaon had strongly protested against the licence being granted. Before the report of the Committee came before the Corporation the Commissioner had already promised the granting of a licence, provided the stables were built on sanitary principles, and the erection of the stables was nearly completed. The members of the Committee, after having inspected the stables, distinctly stated in their report that the Corporation should express an opinion that a licence *should not be granted* to the owner of the stables on sanitary grounds. The plea of Mr. Sethna that since the owner had already spent about two lakhs of rupees on the structure, it would not be fair for the Corporation to ask him to pull it down and that it would be tantamount to a vote of censure on the Commissioner, who had promised the license, amounts to this that the Commissioner can do no wrong and the Corporation must set aside the findings of its own Committee whenever its conflicts with the attitude or action of the Commissioner. Why should the Commissioner have given permission to the owner of the stables to erect them knowing as he did that the matter was still under the consideration of the Committee? On the one hand, the Commissioner tries to convince the Corporation of the efficacy of the measures taken by the Municipal Executive for the purpose of combating Malaria, while, on the other hand, he takes steps which are only calculated to aggravate the mosquito nuisance. The Corporation has stultified itself in the eyes of the public by setting aside the considered opinion of its own Committee and jeopardising public health in order to save the face of the Commissioner.

"Simply Scandalous."

A right royal battle is being waged on the floor of the U. P. Council Hall at Lucknow. The nature of the discussions that are taking place in the Legislative Council on the District Boards Act Amendment Bill has disgusted our eminently forbearing and sober—all the stock of its forbearance and sobriety being reserved for the foibles of the Reformed Councils—contemporary, the "Leader" of Allahabad. In righteous indignation it says: "We do not know how to characterise the proceedings of the local Legislative Council on Tuesday last. They were simply scandalous." Like the Laputans, who were flapped to rouse them from their meditations, it is only such "scandalous proceedings" which bring home to our contemporary the evil-working powers of the Reforms and the stuff of which the Councillors are made. Pandit Jagat Narain, Minister of Local Self-Government, presented the Select Committee's Report on the District Boards Act Amendment Bill and moved that it be taken into consideration. The Pandit strongly urged that the Bill, giving the local bodies wide franchise and reducing the external control to a minimum, should be accepted by the Council. But the debate, as it was expected, proved to be a most stormy one. Feelings ran high and discussions became most heated and exciting. The United Provinces are a strong-hold of the Zamindars, who strongly resent any proposals likely to touch their pockets. The new Bill lays down that the District Boards should be given the power of taxation. The Minister enumerated the sources of taxation sanctioned under the rules of the Government of India Act and pointed out the impossibility of all excepting three heads which were (1) tax on land; (ii) tax on vehicles and (iii) tax on trades and professions. For the required amount of at least 21 to 24 lakhs for the purpose of carrying on the work of the District Boards, the Minister contended that it was absolutely necessary to resort to land taxation. This the landholders most vehemently oppose and have engineered an agitation which, our contemporary remarks, is "actuated not by regard for class or public interests but by the personal antipathies and ambitions of an anti-Ministerial clique."

The Old Game.

The Bill had not reached the taxation clauses when an unhappy controversy on the Hindu-Muslim representation on the Boards was raised. Our contemporary makes a damaging statement, based on the report of its correspondent at Lucknow, that the Government were trying to create a disunion between the Hindus and the Muslims and "to set Hindus and Mahomedans by the ears as they did from 1908 to 1912." Matters have reached such a crisis; and the Rubicon is not yet crossed. Pandit Jagat Narain has staked his Ministership on the result of the Bill. Whether the recalcitrant Zamindars will yield to the appeals of the Liberals remains to be seen.

THE INEVITABLE!

SIR T. AINSCOUGH'S ADVICE TO LANCASHIRE.

BOYCOTT LOSING GROUND?

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

Sir Thomas Ainscough's report on the conditions and prospects of British trade with India, for the last fiscal year revised to September, is being issued by the Department of Overseas Trade. The report says that there are many indications that the low-water-mark has been passed and that the boycott movement is steadily losing ground. Discussing the emergence of racial feelings in business, the report says that the next few years are bound to be the most difficult period of the transition. It warns that the British interests need to deal tactfully with the many problems which are likely to arise. Although many adjustments of trading methods may be required in view of the formidable rocks ahead, Sir Thomas Ainscough is sufficiently optimistic to believe that the British exporters and merchants will hold their own. He urges Lancashire to accept frankly the present position relative to the growing control of the Legislative Assembly over finance and fiscal policy, in which case he does not see that there is any reason why the import trade and mill trade should not make smooth progress, side by side, to the ultimate benefit of the great mass of consumers.

GUILDHALL BANQUET.

MR. LAW'S COLOURLESS SPEECH.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

The traditional state and ceremony marked the Lord Mayor's banquet at Guildhall this evening. It was attended by the High Commissioners for Australia, Canada and South Africa. Mr. Bonar Law only arrived after dinner, suffering from a cold and huskiness of voice. This accounted for the shortness of his speech, which was colourless. The Premier was heartily cheered on rising to respond on behalf of the Government. He referred to the part played by Dominions in the great war and said that the Dominions then sprang to manhood. Thenceforth, in all policy Britain had not only to think of public opinion at home, but, by consultation where possible, to make certain that it was supported thoughout the Empire. (Cheers). Mr. Bonar Law did not think that it was a disadvantage that just when the Dominions had reached the manhood a man who was born in one of them should for the first time be a Prime Minister of Britain. His only reference to the present electoral contest was a reminder that, while all the parties but one were fighting the Labour Party, none was fighting Labour, because in such a case "not one of us could have a candidate returned." Mr. Law proceeded to declare that the Government's aim was to give the League of Nations greater opportunities for usefulness. There was nothing new about Constantinople, where the Allies were acting with the most complete unanimity. He believed that the difficulties there would be overcome and that the peace of Europe would be secured if the war-time Allies would act together.

The new Lord Mayor of London—Mr. Moore—entered on Thursday upon his year of office. Accompanied by the traditional procession, he drove through gaily beflagged streets, thronged with sightseers, to take the oath at the law courts. The most striking features of the procession were the tableux of overseas Dominions representing their varied resources.—(B. O. W.).

LONDON, Nov. 10.

Col. Amery declared that the Navy was as efficient and ready for any emergency as in the week before the Great War. Lord Derby said that the moral and discipline of the Army had never been higher. The War Office was cordially cooperating in reducing expenses to the lowest limit but nothing would induce him to allow the Army to be reduced below the safety limit of the Empire. As long as we had the commptments we had we must have troops capable of sustaining the duty put upon them.

CREDITORS OF McGRIGORS BANK.

TO GET HALF A CROWN IN THE POUND.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

The court has authorised the distribution of half a crown in the pound on November 16 to creditors of McGrigors Bank who have proved debts. The creditors number about nine thousand.

MESSRS J. & P. COATS.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

Messrs. J. and P. Coats' profits for the year amount to £3,270,000 sterling and the dividend is 17½ per cent.

LORD CURZON'S SPEECH APPROVED

DELHI, Nov. 10.

The newspapers continue to comment approvingly upon Lord Curzon's speech regarding British foreign policy. They particularly support his insistence upon the cardinal principle of common action by the principal Allies, who achieved victory in war, and they express satisfaction with the firm tone which he adopted in respect of the Kemalist pretensions.—B. O. W.

CABLE ITEMS.

The motor show at Olympia is proving a great success. Yesterday over 8,000 people attended.—(B. O. W.).

REPARATIONS.

FRANCE INSISTS ON PAYMENT

CONTROL OF GERMAN FINANCES ADVOCATED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

Paris.—In a speech before the Senate, M. Poincare said that Germany, while professedly bankrupt, was rebuilding and increasing her mercantile fleet and quadrupling certain strategic railways. France would persist in the demand for the control of German finances and exports. The question would be asked at the Brussels Conference whether the Allies would consent to resort with France, if necessary, to force. France counted on friendship with Britain who could count on friendship with France. They would exercise the rights alone, sooner than be unpaid.

Asked by the Reporter-General whether he admitted that the ninety milliard francs which France advanced for the reparations on Germany's account were lost except the interest thereon. M. Poincare replied that the Government would forego no part of what was due to her to keep to the act of guarantees under the Treaty.

FRANCE.

CONFIDENCE IN GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

Paris.—After M. Poinmare had made a speech on the reparations, the Senate expressed unanimous confidence in the Government to-day. France is despatching another battleship to Turkey.

REPARATIONS TANGLE.

STABILISATION OF MARK---ONLY SOLUTION.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

Berlin.—Disappointment is expressed in the Reparations Commission circles at the intangible character of the German proposals in reply to the Reparations Commission's note, delivered early in the week, requesting more concrete proposals with regard to the reorganisation of the German finances. The reply considers that the stabilisation of the mark is the most urgent task, but an essential preliminary to possible measures is the final and immediate solution to the reparations problem.

The reply suggests that the Commission shall sympathetically consider the plan for the formation of an unofficial syndicate for supporting the mark, apparently proposed by the British, Dutch and Swiss bankers with the Reichsbank co-operating, conditionally on the suspension of the Treaty payments until the foreign syndicate advances are refunded.

Sir John Bradbury, interviewed by Reuter, emphasises the urgency of Germany's formulating measures and submitting proposals for concessions if German catastrophe is to be avoided. While testifying to the close collaboration of the Franco-British Reparations representatives Sir John expressed the opinion that a policy of control or coercion would inevitably result in the franc going the same way as the mark.

LONDON EXCHANGES EASY.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

In London, the foreign exchanges were better to-day. The market is of the opinion that yesterday's selling was overdone. The French franc buyers operated at 69.5 and the Belgians at 76.6, while the German marks were 36,000.

RACIAL DISCRIMINATIONS.

EXTENDED INTO REALM OF SPORT.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

The Home Office has banned the fight between "Battling" Siki and "Joe" Beckett, which had been arranged to take place on December, 7th. The Government's decision was taken on the ground that it was undesirable to have contests of that sort between White and coloured men.

SENSATIONAL BOXING INCIDENT.

SIKI IN FIGHTING MOOD.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

The fight last night in Paris for the French middleweight championship resulted in a win for Prunier who knocked out Balzac. At the conclusion of the fight Siki, who was seconding Balzac sprang into the ring and advanced towards Prunier's manager with raised fists. Officials interfered and prevented Siki using violence. The audience hooted the Senegalese who was finally hustled out by the police.

SIKI SUSPENDED FOR 3 MONTHS.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

Paris.—The French Federation has suspended Siki for three months. The foregoing does not preclude the meeting with Beckett as the contract was signed before yesterday's incident.

NOBEL PRIZE AWARDS.

PROF. EINSTEIN GETS PHYSICS PRIZE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Nov. 10.

Stockholm.—The Nobel Prize for Physics for 1921 has been awarded to Professor Einstein and the 1922 prize has been awarded to Professor Niels Bohr, Copenhagen, in recognition of his research into structure of atoms.

REVOLUTION IN GREECE.

FATE OF EX-MINISTERS.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

Athens.—In consequence of the report of the commission of enquiry, a decree has been issued, handing over six ex-Ministers, and Generals Stratigos and Hadjianestis, to an Extraordinary Court Martial.

The report impugns Constantine's interference with the military operations in Asia Minor and adds:—"But, forgetting the examples of history, instead of heading his troops when times were difficult, he fled, immediately the fortune of war began to turn." The report does not recommend a trial for Constantine, because constitutionally he is irresponsible. The indictment of the ex-Ministers states, *inter alia*, that they appointed as commander of the army General Hadjianestis, who was known to be of an unbalanced mind.

U. S. ELECTIONS.

MOVEMENT TOWARDS NORMAL CONDITIONS.

LONDON, Nov. 9.

New York.—Observers everywhere claim that the election results indicate a general movement of the people towards normal conditions in tariff, taxation, freight rates and prohibition, The electors have been disregarding the party lines and voting for candidates on whom they placed their hopes for a fulfilment of the desires.

FINAL RETURNS

LONDON, Nov. 9.

New York. The next House of Representatives will consist of 225 Republicans; 207 Democrats; One Socialist; One Farmer-Labour; One Independent.

KHADDAR AND SWARAJ.

MRS. GANDHI'S LECTURE AT KARACHI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, Nov. 9.

Last night Mrs. Gandhi addressed a meeting under the auspices of the District Congress Committee at the Idgah maidan. She said that the method of attaining Swaraj shown by Mahatma Gandhi was the same by which India had maintained it in the past. The country had been economically self-reliant then and that was the first desideratum of Swaraj. Now she urged on the audience not to look at Khaddar from the business point of view and not to mind if it was sold even dearer than foreign cloth. The profit over it after all went to the poor labourers who would be the stay of the nation. She urged on the women folk to assist man in the national work. They should at all times think how best they themselves might render service to the country. She quoted an instance of their God Ramachandra who suffered exile for fourteen years for the sake of his country and held out his example as worthy of emulation. India she concluded was preeminently a religious country and they should join in prayer to God so that they might attain Swaraj at an early date and remove all sufferings which their brothers were suffering at present.

"FOLLOW CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME.

PANDIT NEHRU'S SPEECH AT AMRITSAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

AMRITSAR, Nov. 8.

Pandit Motilal Nehru delivered a speech last night at Jallianwala Bagh before a crowd of about eight thousand people under the presidentship of Mr. Dhan Singh Wachhowal, who had been to prison more than once in connection with the Gurudwara Reform Movement. The Pandit stated that this was his first speech in Jallianwala Bagh, yet, he found that the loss of lives that had occurred there and the heroic bravery and perseverance of the Akalis had not taught the people of Amritsar anything, with the result that 80 to 90 per cent of them still wore foreign clothes. The constructive programme laid down by the Congress was not observed by the public. They wanted to enroll one crore people as members of the Congress but only one fifth of that number had come forward. Untouchability was still keeping the people apart, and the *panchaets* created were dwindling in numbers. People had lost interest in them. Swaraj could only be obtained by rigidly following the constructive programme of the National Congress and it was no good blaming the leaders for curtailing their programme by the passing of the Bardoli resolution, when the blame rested on the public for their own disinterestedness (*sic*) and inactivity.

The Pandit then returned to Lahore.

COERCING TURKEY.

ITALY TO FALL INTO LINE WITH BRITAIN.

MUSSOLINI FAVOURS "UNITED FRONT."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Nov. 9.

Rome.—After a six-hours meeting of the Cabinet, yesterday afternoon, Sgr. Mussolini stated that he had cabled to the Italian High Commissioner in Constantinople saying that he favoured the formation of a united front with regard to Turkey. He had also ordered the warship "Archimede" to remain off Constantinople, and other vessels were held in readiness to protect the Italian nationals, if necessary. Italy agreed with the British suggestion for the postponement of the Lausanne Conference, provided the delay was a very brief one. Sgr. Mussolini reserved for himself the freedom to participate in any conference with the British and French Premiers. If he were personally prevented from attending the Lausanne Conference, he would appoint delegates in whom he had confidence.

EASIER SITUATION.

"MODUS VIVENDI" TO BE REACHED

LONDON, Nov. 9.

The situation in Constantinople is less strained according to the latest messages via Paris, and the hopes are entertained of a satisfactory issue. General Rafet Pasha has expressed a desire to reach a *modus vivendi*. He met the Allied Generals, this afternoon, to settle the details of the police, military and other administrative questions. Meanwhile, a fresh incident between the British soldiers and the Turkish police has resulted in the death of a soldier and the arrest of a policeman. An imposing force of British troops and blue-jackets, with fixed bayonets, afterwards made a demonstration in the principal streets of Pera.

ALLIED NOTE TO ANGORA.

THREATENED COERCION.

DELHI, Nov. 10.

In dealing firmly with the situation in Constantinople, the Allied High Commissioners have the full and united support of their respective Governments. The latest newspaper report from Constantinople is that the Allied High Commissioners have handed a note to the Angora Representative, stating that if the measures put in force in Constantinople by the Kemalist authorities—in flagrant violation of the Mudania agreement—are not withdrawn, they will consult with their Governments with a view to the adoption of "any urgent steps that may be necessary."—B. O. W.

NEAR EAST SITUATION.

ALLIED PRESSURE ON KEMALISTS.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

Paris.—Official information confirms the improvement in the Near East situation. Reports of the Allied High Commissioners state that several interviews with General Rafet Pasha and the Angora Foreign Minister have yielded the impression that the Kemalists are beginning to entertain sounder views on the situation. The differences are not yet corpletely settled, but appreciable progress is being made. A noteworthy development is that the Allies have consented to cooperate with the Kemalists on certain administrative councils, which are placed under Allied control.

DEMAND FOR REPEAL OF NEW LEGISLATION.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

Constantinople.—9/11. The Allied High Commissioners have handed a Note to the Angora representative demanding repeal of all measures regarding customs, public debt, sanitary and other services which conflict with the capitulations and stipulations of the Mudros Armistice, otherwise they will be compelled to refer to their governments for necessary action.

KEMALISTS IN INTRACTABLE MOOD.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

The High Commissioners have also presented a Note to the Kemalist representative protesting against the "political murder" of the Turkish Liberal journalist, Ali Kemal, whom the Kemalists hanged. They state they are bringing the matter to the knowledge of their respective governments. They also confirmed the murder of a British soldier in Kassimpasha suburb yesterday. Ismet Pasha has complained to General Horington with regard to constant adjournments of the peace conference, which he said had created a very difficult situation. Ismet Pasha and Hamid Bey, the Angora representative at Constantinople, with Turkish experts are leaving to-morrow for Lausanne in order to place on record their presence there on the date fixed. The Allied generals are meeting General Rafet Pasha and are submitting minimum demands with a view to ensuring the safety of troops and the effecient control of the police and gendarmerie. The result of the meeting is not yet known but there are abundant indications that the Kemalists are in an intractable mood, as witness the fresh demand for evacuation of Allied forces and the withdrawal of warships.

NEAR EAST SETTLEMENT

RUSSIA'S PROTEST,

DELHI, Nov. 10.

The Russian Soviet representative in London has presented a note from his Government in reply to the invitation to the Lausanne Conference. The Soviet Government protests against confining their representation to that part of the Conference which is to deal with the Straits. It is urgent that the question of the Straits cannot be treated separately from the general settlement of the Near East question and that Russia, together with the Ukraine and Georgian Governments, should participate in the whole conference.

As Britain is not exclusively interested in this matter, her Allies will be consulted as to whether a reply is required. It is obvious, however, that a large part of proceedings at Lausanne must be devoted to regularising the relationships between Turkey and the powers still technically at war with her. Russia is not among those powers.—(B. O. W.)

ENTRY INTO COUNCILS

WILL WRECK NOT GOVERNMENT BUT N-C-O.

MRS. NAIDU ON C. D. COMMITTEE'S REPORT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

Opinion in Bombay is sharply divided on entry into the Councils among the staunch adherents of Non-Co-operation, and among those desirous of seeking election.

Interviewed by the Associated Press, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu declared entry into the Councils for any form of co-operation, responsive or otherwise, must ultimately vitiate the principles of Non Co-operation She believed any form of entry into Councils would be a triumph for Government and a confession of failure.

Referring to the Civil Disobedience Committee report she said: "I am entirely opposed to the recommendations for the removal of the boycott of Councils because I believe it is the only real focus of Non-Co-operation. I am deeply grieved to find myself at variance on such a vital issue with the considered opinion of such distinguished leaders as Pandit Motilal Nehru, Hakim Ajmal Khan and Mr. C. R. Das whose magnificent services to the country have entitled them to the abiding respect and confidence of the people. But I am convinced that to compromise on any essentials of our programme must imperceptibly but inevitably, lead to an unconscious compromise on the principle which instead of wrecking the Reforms will ultimately wreck the ideal of Non-Cooperation itself. I am aware that they advocate entry into the Councils as a more intensive and dynamic form of Non-Coperation to stimulate the energy and enthusiasm of the country, but I believe that a nation that does not feel the shame of subjection as a sufficient goal and the hope of freedom as a sufficient inspiration, and is not prepared to accept drudgery as part of its daily discipline and duty, is not fit for any kind of Swaraj."

Questioned whether she was averse to any change in the programme, Mrs. Naidu expressed her readiness to accept a change provided she was sure that it was necessary and more effective and did not by a hair's breadth, imperil the ideal of Non-Co-operation. She advised her countrymen to carry on the Congress work intensively towards the fulfilment of the Calcutta resolution on Non-co-operation in its entirety. Asked whether she apprehended any split in the ensuing Congress on the question of the Council boycott, Mrs. Naidu expected no such split and averred whatever the majority decided in the Congress, would be loyally accepted by leaders and workers of all parties because the will of the majority was the true basis of democracy. Incidentally she however remarked that Non-Co-operationists should bear no ill-feelings towards those entering the Councils.

MRS. GANDHI AT KARACHI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, Nov. 8.

After attending the Larkhana Conference Mrs. Gandhi journeyed to Karachi arriving here by Lahore mail this morning accompanied by Prof. A. T. Gidwani, Vice-Chancellor, Gujarat Vidyapith, and some Gujarat workers. Several hundreds, including women and children, were assembled at the station to accord reception after which she was taken in procession round the city. Mrs. Gandhi will address a ladies gathering this afternoon while to-night she will speak at a meeting on the present political situation.

SULTAN COMING TO INDIA.

A special cable to the "Englishman" dated London Nov. 6 says:—

It is reported here this evening that the Sultan has refused to renounce the Caliphate and is leaving for India, where he hopes to be received hospitably.—Wireless.

ANGORA'S DECISION ENDORSED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Nov. 9.

A certain section of the Urdu Press has published wild statements regarding the Amir's army marching on India in connection with the Near East crisis. The statements are totally untrue.

Enlightened Moslem opinion favours the election of the Khalifa Khawaja Hasan Nizami of famous Moslem Shrine of Nizamuddin Aulia, Delhi, in a statement to the Press says: "The decision of the Angora National Assembly to reinstate the elected Khalifa instead of the hereditary Sultan is a most happy piece of news, and is in full conformity with Islamic Commandments. The introduction of the principle of inheritance was an innovation of Amir Muadiah. May Angora's decision prove a return to the days of the first four great Khalifas, the most rightful successors of the Holy Prophet! The whole Islamic world will heartily welcome an elected Khalifa.

TIDE OF REPRESSION.

PRINCE'S VISIT AND AFTER

TRIALS & CONVICTION OF LEADERS.

The following extracts from the second chapter in the Report of the Civil Disobedience Enquiry Committee describes the visit of the Prince of Wales to India which was foisted on the people in spite of universal opposition, the trials and convictions of Deshbandhu Das, Lala Lajpat Rai and Pandit Jawahirlal Nehru, the orgy of repression in the country at large, and the fight of the brave Akalis which has proved "an object-lesson to the world":—

H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

H. R. H. the Prince of Wales arrived in India on the 17th November. On that day happened what Sir W. Vincent has described as a "despicable thing"—the memorable all-India *hartal* which in truth was a remarkable manifestation of the determined will of the nation to condemn the exploitation of the Royal Family for political ends. It was made quite clear from the very beginning that no insult was meant to H. R. H. No reasonable doubt could possibly be entertained on that point after the very full statement made by the All-India Committee (Appendix X-B.) and the article of Mahatmaji under the heading "Honour the Prince" in "Young India" of October 27th, 1921. But the bureaucracy would not be turned from the course it had decided upon. The good old rule of the British constitution, that the King was above party politics, was trotted out, in and out of season, by persons who were expected to know better. Every child in the country knew that the visit of H. R. H. was originally intended to give a start to the working of the new Reforms which the country had refused to accept; and that H. R. H. having been prevented by ill-health from accomplishing that object, his revered grand-uncle was brought out of his retirement to do so. After this it was but natural to apprehend that the Prince would be called upon in the course of his visit to give his Royal blessing to these very highly controversial reforms, an apprehension which subsequent events fully justified. There was, above all, the great political effect which the bureaucracy was calculating to produce by bringing together all-India to welcome the Heir to the Throne at a time when the whole country was seething with discontent. Despite these patent facts assurance after assurance was given that the visit of H. R. H. was entirely unconnected with politics.

LEADING MODERATE OPPOSED THE PRINCE'S VISIT.

The country as a whole was opposed to the visit, even Moderates not being in favour of it. Addressing the Liberal Conference at Bombay Mr. Sastri said:—

"Moreover, there was one thing above all which drew the harsh character of this dual Government out and exhibited it in a most glaring form. That was the visit of the Prince of Wales. He did not think there was any one there who desired it most enthusiastically. He certainly did not. He counselled against the visit as long as he could, but the visit came and what happened when the boycott of that visit was proclaimed by the Non-Cooperators? The result was that Government in order to make it a success against this opposition had to use all the arms in their control. They used all the repressive laws they could think of. The result was that even the Liberal public and the Moderate party stood out of that cooperation with Government in all that went to maintain law and order for which they had previously pledged their word. This had drawn into prominent relief the odious feature of dyarchy. He mentioned this to show that through the action of Government itself the bad nature of dyarchy had been brought out to the knowledge of everybody."

WANTED QUIET ATMOSPHERE FOR H. R. H.

Many and various were the forms of repression employed to secure a quiet atmosphere during the visit of H. R. H. It is impossible to describe them fully without exceeding the limits of a report of this nature. It was most lawless and cruel in the Punjab, U. P., Bengal and Assam. We give in Appendix VIII, extracts from the reports supplied to us by the Congress Committees of these Provinces which will show the nature of the atrocities committed in the name of law and order. Speaking generally many districts in these provinces have from time to time been practically denuded of the more active of their Congress and Khilafat workers by wholesale and indiscriminate arrests and prosecutions under the Criminal Law Amendment Act, and Sections 107, 108 of the Code of Criminal Procedure and Sections 124A and 153A of the Indian Penal Code. The United Provinces had the unique distinction of having 55 members of their Provincial Committee taken in one sweep by the police while engaged in discussing a resolution on volunteering at an emergent meeting held in Allahabad. The draft resolution was seized, one by one every member was asked if he approved of it and on his replying in the affirmative was secured in the police van waiting downstairs on the road. Those who did not move quickly enough had some gentle pressure applied to them from behind and the progress of one at least was accelerated by a mild assault. The 55 were tried under the Criminal Law Amendment Act before a competent court for the offence of drafting and discussing a proposal for the enlistment of volunteers and each was sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment which was either simple or rigorous according as each individual impressed the Magistrate with his special aptitude for the particular variety of punishment.

ILLEGALITY OF CONVICTIONS NO REASON FOR RELEASE.

There was of course no defence and no appeal, but a special judge subsequently appointed by the Local Government to examine a certain

(Continued on next page.)

REMOVAL OF COUNCIL BOYCOTT.

MR. JAYAKAR'S SUPPORT.

Mr. M. R. Jayakar writes:—

Except on one or two important particulars I am in agreement with the views of Pandit Motilal and his two colleagues regarding entry into Councils. I cannot help feeling a satisfaction that the views, which some of us stated with bold precision exactly a year ago even at the cost of our popularity, have found expression through a medium and in a quarter which must compel the earnest attention of the Congress. I do hope that in the atmosphere which the Committee's Report seeks to create in the country, lawyers will be admitted to a place of self-respectful participation in the work of nation-building lying before the country. As for entry into Councils, I have always held the view, as you are aware, that our best men should go into the Councils and carry on there their struggle with the Bureaucracy, by using all the opportunities provided by the Government of India Act and kindred other laws and usages. I have always been against our despising the weapons—limited and feeble as they are—provided by the Reform Act, for bending the Government to the popular will. I have no doubt that if the Nationalists enter the Councils, with a large majority behind them in the country, and make full use of their power and capacity of self-sacrifice, determination and courage, our present struggle with re-actionary forces will be of a very short duration. I am, therefore, in agreement with the recommendation of Pandit Motilal and his two colleagues that the boycott against the Councils should be removed. I, however, do not agree with another part of their recommendation that the Nationalists should enter the Councils for the *sole and avowed purpose* of wrecking the Reforms. I think it is unwise to sound such a party-cry at the very start or to lay down, at this stage, any express direction or mandate regarding the policy to be pursued in the Councils. That will depend very largely upon many circumstances which it is difficult at present to anticipate. Our policy in the Councils must vary according to the attitude which Government will adopt in response to our efforts to approximate it to the popular will and it will also depend upon relative strength of our numbers and leadership in the Councils, as also on the public exigencies which arise at the moment. I am, therefore, against laying down, at this stage, any details regarding the policy or programme to be pursued by our representatives, save stating, in general terms, that they must be ready and willing, *if occasion should arise and the obduracy of the Bureaucracy make it necessary*, to create a deadlock, for I hold that, given the necessary provocation, it is a perfectly constitutional weapon to obstruct the business of Government. But in my opinion, it is wrong and is an unnecessary weakening of our strength to state that we want to enter the Councils for this express purpose. I may go further and say that some of us, who are desirous of keeping the national movement at a very high level of moral purpose, may find it difficult to reconcile entry into Councils *for* the avowed purpose of obstructing all measures of Government and of wrecking the reforms with the high and noble principles and the spirit of the movement as conceived by its great leader. I am, therefore, of opinion that it is unfortunate that Pandit Motilal and his two colleagues thought it desirable to couple their recommendation with definite details of policy. I have, however, no doubt that, with the growth of public opinion on this point, it will be possible to have modifications, which will have the effect of removing the difficulty, which is unnecessarily created by these details and which Mr. Kasturiranga Iyengar and his colleagues have not failed to critise, in such excellent terms, in their dissenting Report. There are one or two other points of difference, which it is unnecessary to state in this short statement of my views.

ENTRY INTO COUNCILS.

REPUGNANT TO COUNTRY.

Mr. N. H. Belgamwala writes:—

With reference to the present controversy as regards the report of Civil Disobedience Enquiry Committee and the question of entry into the Councils, I am of opinion that it is due to the clamour of a certain number of discontented lawyers, that three of the most distinguished patriots of India have rebelled against the principles of Non-cooperation. The Non-cooperation movement as chalked out by Mahatma Gandhi has up to now achieved a considerable amount of success, even against heavy odds. But unfortunately, instead of marching forward like brave soldiers, the leaders are now trying to order us to retreat, strategically, I suppose. But the country I am perfectly sure will refuse to go to the Councils and cooperate there as some desire. The idea of going to the Councils with the deliberate intention of smashing them, which is incompatible with the principle of non-violence is repugnant to the whole country and the decision of the next India Parliament at Gaya will disillusion those who want to serve the country in their own way, which is less work and more profit. The country has now fully realised that it can never attain its goal of Swaraj by simply depending upon the efforts of halfhearted time-serving workers who clamour for entry into the councils and the probability in consequence is that the three noble patriots who have decided in favour of going to the Councils due to the present unpreparedness of the country for mass civil disobedience, will have to revise their decision in response to the call of the country.

["A PERVERSE JUDGMENT."

MR. NAG AGAINST ENTRY INTO COUNCILS.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 9.

Interviewed by a representative of the Associated Press at Chandpur with regard to the Civil Disobedience Committee's report, Babu Hardayal Nag, a member of the All-India Congress Committee and President, Bengal Congress Committee, said that the report was unsatisfactory and disappointing. It unanimously recommended many retrograde steps which meant and abject surrender of the principle of Non-Co-operation. The nature of the recommendations clearly indicated that members of the Committee misunderstood the scope of the enquiry and, misled by side issues, lost sight of the fact that Non-Cooperation was a purity movement. The idea of a lawyer being a co-operator with reference to profession and a Non-Cooperator with reference to Congress work was inconsistent with the principle of self-purification. Recommendations of half the members in favour of entry into the councils seemed to be based upon a perverse judgment. Reasoning of the other half against such entry was not complete in itself but was a sufficient answer to the perversity of that judgment. Entry into the Councils involved dishonest and violent co-operation which was mistaken for Non-Cooperation. Mr. Nag accused the members of the Committee of having been influenced by bourgeoise considerations and of having overlooked the interests of the masses. If any change was necessary in the Congress programme, fundamental changes should be made to remove the bourgeois character of the Non-Cooperation movement. If Swaraj is wanted for the benefit of bourgeois then the country does not require such a Swaraj.

QUESTION OF ENTRY INTO COUNCILS.

WANTED TIME TO EXPRESS DEFINITE OPINION.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 8.

A public meeting organised by some prominent Non-Co-operators was held at College Square this evening, Dr. Prafulla Chunder Ghosh presiding to consider the report of the Civil Disobedience Enquiry Committee and the statement made by Mr. C. R. Das. The Chairman read a letter from Mrs. Hemaprava Mazumdar saying that they required some time to be in a position to express definite opinion on the Committee's report. Several speakers, including Mr. Kiransankar Roy, Dr. Sundari Mohan Das, Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta, Babus Pancheowri Banerjee and Nripendra Nath Banerjee supported Mrs. Mazumdar's views. Some suggested that they must not express any opinion on entry into the Councils before consulting their brothers who were now in jail.

COUNCIL ENTRY UNJUSTIFIABLE.

SREE SHANKARACHARYA'S SPEECH AT PATNA.

(Associated Press.)

PATNA, Nov. 9.

Speaking at a public meeting yesterday evening on the present situation Jagadguru Shankaracharya said that council entry was unjustifiable under any circumstances. According to him the Civil Disobedience Enquiry Committee's recommendations except on the question of civil disobedience, should be brushed aside as irrelevant to the issue on hand the terms of reference being very limited. The speaker could not understand how if council entry was against India's dharma two years ago, it could be sanctioned now. "Have you forgotten", asked the speaker, "that the Congress accepted the principle of non-cooperation not as a policy but as creed?" The leaders who advised council entry were playing with the honour and the dignity of the motherland. Speaking on the expediency of the proposal, the Jagatguru stated that it could not affect the Government as the latter had their power of veto. In conclusion he appealed to the people in his capacity as an ecclesiastic to wash off their hands with the Congress if the Congress should embark on a policy of responsive cooperation.

SIKH COUNCILLORS' STATEMENT.

GOVT. COMMUNIQE REPUDIATED.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, Nov. 8.

Four Sikh members of the Punjab Legislative Council have issued a statement today recording their "strong repudiation of the Punjab Government Communique dated 6th instant stating that the third Gurdwara Bill has been introduced in the Legislative Council with the consent of Sikh members. The signatories state:—It is true, as mentioned in the communique, that in July last we did consent to the introduction of a Gurdwara Bill, but it is all important to remember that the circumstances were quite different then. The atmosphere at the time was calm, and we were anxious to see the Gurdwara problem solved by legislation. Some of us went so far as to suggest that if necessary a special session of the Council should be convened for the consideration of the Gurdwara Bill but the Government turned a deaf ear to our request with the result, as we had feared, that serious differences arose between the Sikh community and the Government. Happenings connected with Gurukhabagh have changed the whole aspect of affairs. We cannot therefore take any responsibility for the statement made in the Government Communique that the present Bill had been introduced with the consent of Sikh members of the Council.

We may also add that some ten days back we informed the Minister for Education that we were against the introduction of the present Gurdwara Bill and if it has been introduced inspite of our protests, we fail to see how we can be held responsible for it. Even after the introduction of the Bill, S. Raghubir Singh, speaking on behalf of most, if not all, the Sikh members, opposed the Bill. Five Sikh members were put on the Select Committee of the Bill. Of these S. Dilbagh Singh was the only member who was present and he then and there declined to act on the Committee. It remains to be seen if any of other four members consent to act on the Committee. In the light of these facts it will be strange if responsibilities for the introduction of the Bill are thrown upon our shoulders. We do hope that Government will consider the position and drop the Gurdwara Bill.

BENGAL FLOOD RELIEF.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS.

The following appeal has been addressed to the public of Bombay for the Bengal Flood Relief Fund over the signatures of Mrs. Sarojani Naidu, Mrs. Awantikabai Gokhale Mrs. Sarjubala Chatterjee, Miss. B. H. Engineer, Messrs. K. Natarajan, G. K. Deodhar, Revashankar Jagjivan Javeri, S. A. Brelvi, Lallubhai Samaldas, Hansaraj Pragji Thackersey, Manmohandas Ramji D. G. Dalvi, and B. F. Bharucha:—

We think the public are fully aware of the terrible havoc wrought by the floods in North Bengal. The situation is simply appalling. An area of about 2,000 square miles containing nearly 5,000 villages and 15,00,000 inhabitants is in the grip of this disaster. Thousands of homesteads have been swept away—death, epidemic and starvation stare the people in the face—the homeless, clothless victims of the flood are shivering in the cold. Acharya Sir P. C. Ray the friend of the poor, has started relief-work and appealed to Bombay for funds. Bombay is noted for her humanitarian achievements and it is with pride we record that only the other day the Bombay public contributed handsomely to the Khulna Relief Fund. The call has come now also the help the flood-stricken people of North Bengal. Will not Bombay act up to her tradition?

A Relief organisation has already been started in Bombay and money is coming forth. But considering the magnitude of the disaster it is not adequate. We, therefore, appeal to the public to contribute their mite to the mitigation of the miseries of their helpless sisters and brethren and we hope that the cloth-merchants, mill agents and mill-owners will help the sufferers with cloths and blankets.

We have received the following amounts: Mr. R. R. Kembha Rs. 20; Mr. R. 1; A Human Being Rs. 50; K. and J. Cooper Rs. 100.

Mr. W. C Chatterji acknowledges the following amounts to the Bengal Flood Relief Fund:—Previously announced Rs. 10,701-4as.; through the Bengali Hindu Muslim Committee Bombay Rs. 1716-1as..3p. Cotton Brokers Asscn: (Sent direct to Sir P. C. Ray) Rs. 5,000. through the Bengali Manufacturing Jewellers' Committee Rs. 737-4as.; Through Secretary Rs. 280; Bengal Club Rs. 215-12as.; J. H. Duvarkar, Kalyan Rs. 50. Through Mr B. K. Sinha Rs. 22; Mr. Purshotamdas Rs. 227; Sree Gururutta Rs. 101; Mrs. Tulshidas Tribhubandas Rs. 15; through the Bombay Chronicle Press Rs. 4237; Total Rs. 23,299-5as..3p.

200 lbs of Cloth from Seth Madhavji Damodhar Thackersey.

Contributions may be sent to the Treasurer Mr. G. K. Deodhar, Servant of India Society, Sandhurst Road, or to the Editor, "The Bombay Chronicle."

GOVT. COMMUNIQUE ON EXTENT OF CALAMITY.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 9.

The latest communique issued by Bengal Government to-day regarding the extent of the calamity caused by floods in North Bengal gives in detail figures as regards the area affected and the loss of human lives, cattle, crops and homesteads, The main areas affected by the floods lie in a compact area in the districts of Rajshahi and Bogra on both sides of the Eastern Bengal railway and estimated to be 1,800 square miles with a population of 990,997, 55 human lives and 12,538 heads of cattle were lost, in the northern part of the affected area. Damage to crops is about 75 per cent., while it is less in other parts.

After starting relief measures which had already appeared, the Communique states the Government are determined to appoint a Committee of official and non-official experts to enquire into and report on the causes of the floods in Rajshahi Division and to suggest the remedies of the same. Their attention will be especially directed towards an enquiry into the effect of railways and roads in the area on natural drainage of country.

MR. EARDLEY NORTON.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Nov. 8.

With reference to the telegram stating that Mr. Eardley Norton had given up practice, it is authoritively stated that the statement is incorrect, and that he intends to practise in Calcutta.

HIGH COMMISSIONER.

INDIAN ASSOCIATION URGES APPOINTMENT OF INDIAN.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 8.

The Indian Association wired to the Governor of Bengal stating nothing but the appointment of an Indian as High Commissioner in London will satisfy Indian opinion.

PUNITIVE TAX AT GUNTUR.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Nov. 8.

A Guntur message to "Swarajya" says that punitive tax is being collected very briskly there. Ninety-nine persons are taxed and some of them are refusing payment and are giving property or cash for attachment.

"SULTANAT OR KHILAFAT."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I do not see that there is anything to reply to the letter of my critic Mr. M. Khwaja, which appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle" of the 4th instant. He evidently is not acquainted with even a portion of what I have been explaining to non-Moslems with regard to Turkey and the Khilafat. I cannot help prefacing my remarks with the observation that the unfettered expression of my views and Mr. M. Khwaja's comment on them are a triumph of Indian snity and nationalism inasmuch as a sincerely nationalist journal alone can admit of such controversy. Anglo-Indian papers and others, with an eye to their circulation list would ban all correspondence which savoured of the possibilities of an unpopular truth. Even an innocent statement that Baghdad was an ancient Zoroastrian name and had philologically nothing to do with Arabic was ruled out by a contemporary lest it offend Moslem readers! The underlying assumption that the Mussalmans are fanatic and ignorant and likely to be dangerously affronted at ascertained historical facts is of a piece with the policy which drives actualities underground with regard to Eastern countries and especially the neighbours of India like Afghanistan and Persia.

As a student of comparative religion I am not unaware that the "Moslem World" edited by Dr. Zwemer, admit articles which show a combative bias. But I am loath to discredit statements merely because they appear in that propagandist periodical. Dr. Zwemer is a force for evil against Islam. One feels drawn to him not because of his destructive comments but by his tireless studies in Islamic literature. Where do we find, for instance, a study of Ghazali more lucid and elaborate in the English language than by him? And if I read, on the other hand, Christian polemical writings I do not reject *al-Manar* and its Moslem congeners.

If I quoted Charles Riggs of Constantinople it was not because I have known anything of him otherwise but because the said articles appeared boldly over his signature. If what he says regarding the excessive zeal of the pan-Turanists is groundless it is for the other side to prove his fiction. His allegation regarding Enver's slight on Islam remains uncontradicted these four years to my knowledge. I wonder how I could ever be charged with accepting "anything and everything that appears in black and white as a reliable source of information." As a matter of fact, I cited "Moslem World" because being in English my friends could help me in assessing the value of its veracity. As I stated it is only one of my sources. There are several others. Very significantly a couple of them are high German authorities who could not possibly be associated with anti-Turkish propensities. Some time ago, a very balanced address was delivered at Halle on the "National sentiment of the Turks in the light of history" by Professor Brockelmann, familiar to us as the author of the "Literary History of Arabic Literature" in which he makes allegations similar to those of the "Moslem World" regarding the weakening hold of Islam on the Young Turks. After quoting several striking instances he says:—

"In their love for the remote past of their people the individual extreme nationalists could not suppress even a regret that their ancestors had exchanged the Shamanistic religion for Islam. This thought is echoed in the ballad "Qizil Elma of Goek Alp." (p. 18).

The Young Turks are further credited with the heresy of separation of the church from the State, the boldness of which shocked the orhodox. (p. 19). Nor am I aware that the other students of Islamic institutions like Hartmann ("Non-political Letters from Turkey") and Becker have not insisted on this disturbing denouncement in the Young Turk's psychology.

That of all non-Moslems I should be charged with accepting uncritically the products of Greek and Armenian "lie factories" only convinces me that I have been as little able to impress the popular leaders on the one hand as the Government on the other with the validity of my contentions. In sheer justice to myself I claim to have contributed to the controverting of the mendacious "atrocities" next only after the distinguished Editor of the "Bombay Chronicle." As soon as the Bryce report appeared I showed from its pages how unsafe it was to reply upon the unaided versions of the "victims" of the Turks. I went further and compared the "persecuted" Greeks and Armenians in Turkey with my own co-religionists stated to be similarly and ruthlessly handled in Islamic Persia. In both cases history will show that the occurrences have been deliberately distorted or exaggerated.

It is for the Mussalmans themselves to settle the momentous problem of the power and prestige of the Khilafat. But since the co-operation of other Indians has been invited and substantially given, in agreement with the orthodox and those who like the Central Khilafat Committee of Bombay consider that the severance of the temporal power from the holder of the Khilafat is unthinkable, I would like to know how the inaugurators of the new movement can circumvent the sanctions of Islam, and violate for instance, the definition of Imam or Khilafa and the qualifications inherent in the office as laid down *inter alia* by Ibn Khaldun, by Mawardi, by Masudi and the early juris-consuls on whose judgments they base their regulations.

Finally, if it comes to this that the new masters of Turkey are prepared to place nationality above immemorial usage and create a Khalifa in name in substitution for one in fact to the undoing of the efforts of the self-sacrificing Moslems of India and their non-Moslem comrades the Government of India cannot escape the blame for the discomfiture. The Publicity Boards which are maintained at a heavy expense to the rate-payer and which sought only to disprove the existence of the Khilafat while as a matter of fact, the British Government themselves had utilised the institution in their Wars against Tipu Sultan, never took pains to make it clear to the uneducated Moslem in the street that some of the advanced Turks were patriots first and Mussalmans in the second place. It should be forgotten by those who are now prepared to make a stand by the side of the saintly present occupier of the throne of the Sultanate that his own son-in-law going with the olive branch a few months ago voluntarily to Angora was spurned by the Kemalists. The cruelly difficult position of Muhammad VI and the orthodox Moslems of Constantinople has obviously not been taken into consideration by the victors. The Constantinople Turks were placed between the Scylla of a temporary foreign influence and the Charybdis of the destruction of the twin office of Sultan-Khalifa as understood and accepted by the legists of old. Non-Moslem India cannot forget the pledges on behalf of the Kemal Pasha group. But perhaps it is too soon to judge.—Yours, etc.,

G. K. N.

TIDE OF REPRESSION.

(Continued from previous page.)

class of political cases appears to have advised that these 55 had committed no offence. Attempt after attempt made by the Local Councillors to have this report laid on the table failed and although the Government had finally to admit that the convictions under the charges framed were illegal, it was not so ill-advised as to allow the 55 picked public men of the Province to slip through its hands. And so it came about that these men remained in gaol, some being treated as first class misdemeanants and others as ordinary criminals. The reason given by the Local Government for keeping them in duress vile was that these men had not appealed and that if they had, it would have been open to the appellate court to alter the convictions under some section of the criminal law more applicable to their case! One of them, a strong young man, the breadwinner of his family, has since succumbed to an attack of fever in the Lucknow Jail, the circumstances of which were discussed in the Press and an open enquiry demanded, but was not allowed. The survivors have now served a little more than half the sentences inflicted, but have so far failed to attract the notice of the Central Government presided over by the ex-Lord Chief Justice of England.

It may be convenient here to refer briefly to some other notable trials, to show how British justice vindicates itself in India.

DESHBANDHU C. R. DAS' PROTRACTED TRIAL.

Deshbandhu Chittaranjan Das, the President-elect of the Congress, was arrested on the 23rd December, 1921, under the Criminal Law Amendment Act, on the eve of his departure for Ahmedabad for issuing a public appeal calling upon the people to enlist as volunteers. The trial was adjourned from time to time for various reasons till the 12th February, 1922. The accused having declined to plead or make a statement, it became necessary to prove his signatures on the papers porporting to be the original manuscripts sent to the Press.

GOVERNMENT EXPERT'S PERJURY.

Besides some other evidence, the Government expert swore on a comparison of that signature with admitted signatures that the former were in the hand writing of the person who made the latter. Deshbandhu was convicted and sentenced to 6 months' imprisonment after being detained for about two months as an undertrial prisoner. After his conviction, in a message to his countrymen, he made it quite clear that the signatures found to be his were really written by other persons named by him. Sometime after the Indian member of the Bengal Executive Council, an ex-chief Justice of Madras, intimated that the case of Mr. Das was being considered by the Government, but such was the patient care bestowed by the Government that Mr. Das was released after serving the full sentence before the consideration of his case was completed.

The great Hindu leader of Bengal having been secured in prison a Mohammedan leader of eminence was next wanted to complete the triumph of repression. The choice fell upon Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, a respected Mohammadan divine, Vice-President of the Central Khilafat Committee and an earnest member of the Congress who was next arrested, convicted under section 124-A of the Penal Code (Sedition) and awarded a sentence of imprisonment which he has nearly served out.

LALA LAJPAT RAI CONVICTED, RELEASED AND RE-CONVICTED.

Lala Lajpat Rai, ex-President of the Congress was tried under the Seditious Meetings Act for presiding at a meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee. Some correspondence had previously passed between the Magistrate and the Lalaji about the nature of the meeting and the fact that it was merely a committee meeting, not open to the public, was well-known to the magistrate. The Lalaji was however convicted and sentenced to a term of imprisinment. The Law Officer of the Government, who should have been consulted before the prosecution was launched, gave his opinion after the conviction that the Seditious Meetings Act did not apply, upon which Lalaji was released from the prison but was re-arrested the moment he stepped out of the main gate for another offence and in due course convicted and sentenced to a term of two years' imprisonment which he is now undergoing.

Babu Bhagwandas a highly respected citizen of Benares and president of the U. P. Provincial Committee was arrested under the Criminal Amendment Act for issuing and distributing an appeal to the shopkeepers to observe *hartal* on the day of the arrival of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales and sentenced to a term of imprisonment. The conviction was so utterly absurd that an agitation in the press in which Dr. Subramaniya Iyer, ex-Chief Justice of the Madras High Court, took part compelled the Government to cancel the unexpired portion of the sentence.

PT. JAWAHIRLAL NEHRU.

Panrit Jawahirlal Nehru was convicted under sections 385 and 505, Indian Penal Code, for having declared his intention to picket foreign shops in a public speech and for asking the audience to help him. Another charge under which also he was convicted was abetment of extortion based on the fact that he presided at a committee meeting at which cases were agreed to be sent to certain cloth merchants calling upon them to pay the fines imposed by the cloth merchants' own association under their own rules. He was sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment and is now serving his sentence.

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

EX PARTE DECREE SET ASIDE.

The Royal Union Co. ..... Plaintiffs

vs.

The Eastern Bank, Ltd. ..... Defendants.

(Before Mr. Justice Kemp.)

This was an application to set aside an "ex parte" decree passed by the Court on the 5th July, 1922. The defendants had filed a suit claiming damages from the plaintiffs for failure to take up certain goods. In that suit the plaintiffs had contended that one of the sales of the goods by the defendants had not been properly conducted. A consent decree was eventually passed on the 25th March, 1922, and as regards the plaintiffs' contention that the sale was not properly conducted, they were asked to file a separate suit and the present suit was filed against the defendant Bank. Certain monies, Rs. 6,000, were detained in Court pending the result of the suit. On the 26th April the defendants' attorneys had written to the plaintiffs' attorneys inquiring if the suit had been filed and the latter had replied in the affirmative, although as a matter of fact the plaint lodged on the 21st April was not filed till 27th April. There was thereafter correspondence between the attorneys of the respective parties as regards the service of summons. On 20th May the summons was served on the defendants' attorneys and copy of the proceedings were sent to them. The defendants' attorneys stated that they had filed the warrant on the 30th May as well as a power of attorney from one Mr. Steel of the defendant Bank, who had signed their authority. On the 28th June, 1922, the plaintiffs' attorneys wrote alleging that the written statement was not filed and threatening to have the suit set down for an "ex parte" decree under Rule 107. On the 5th July the plaintiffs obtained an "ex parte" decree. The decree was not sealed till the 23rd August and on the 24th August the plaintiffs sent a copy of the decree to the defendant Bank and demanded payment. The Bank informed their attorneys the same day. The Courts were closed for the next two days and on the 28th August the defendants' attorneys made inquiries and they found that on 8th July the suit had been placed on board as undefended long cause and their name as attorneys for the defendants was not on the cause list. The same day the plaintiffs threatened execution and the defendants' attorneys at once wrote stating the facts and giving notice of a motion to set aside the "ex parte" decree. The application to set aside the "ex parte" decree was made on the 4th September.

His Lordship after considering the case wrote out his judgment which was delivered by Mulla J. His Lordship remarked that there were two points to be considered:—(1) When was the appearance of defendants' attorneys filed and (2) were the defendants within time in making the application? As regards the first point, the warrant was dated May, 1922, and the voucher for it and the power of attorney were both dated 30th May. Across the face of the vouchers was stamped an endorsement of the cancellation of the stamps on 10th July. The defendants' contention was that the documents left for filing at the Prothonotary's office were accepted with the vouchers relating to them, but no receipt was given at the time nor was any entry made by the filing clerk and that often many days elapsed before the voucher was returned marked "stamps cancelled." This certainly suggested in his Lordship's view a state of things which called for a remedy. In the first place, a receipt should certainly be given or some entry made in a book when an appearance was lodged in the Prothonotary's office. His Lordship thought that under the system prevailing in the Prothonotary's office and the heavy pressure of work there, the delay was inevitable. His Lordship heard with dismay that it was under contemplation to still further cut down the Prothonotary's establishment. His Lordship therefore held that the duly stamped appearance had been lodged with the Prothonotary's office on 30th May. That being so, and the documents being in order the suit ought not to have been placed on board as an undefended long cause, but should have gone automatically to the defended list. The whole of the proceedings in the suit after 30th May was wrong. The defendants had no opportunity and remained in complete ignorance of the proceedings against them.

As regards the second point his Lordship observed that as the W/S was properly served on the defendants, Article 104 of the Limitation Act gave 30 days from the date of the decree within which to make an application to set it aside. But during those 30 days the decree had not been sealed, and the defendants and their attorneys were in complete ignorance. When they did hear of it, the time had already elapsed. It was now contended that they were too late. If that were the law, it shocked one's notions of justice. The decree was no proper decree at all. The procedure was all wrong. Rule 107 had not been complied with. The so-called decree was really so much waste paper, and the proceedings to obtain it were an abuse of the process of the Court. To this abuse the plaintiffs' attorneys—no doubt unwillingly—had contributed. Article 104 had no application under the circumstances of the case. His Lordship therefore made the rule absolute setting aside the "ex parte" decree.

TERRIFIC SHELL EXPLOSION IN MORADABAD.

17 KILLED 7 WOUNDED.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Nov. 8.

A shell exploded in the interior of Moradabad, killing 17 men and wounding 7 one of whom died later on. An ex-soldier, who had served in France and Mesopotamia brought a "home live" shell and as a curio passed it to a blacksmith who attempted to melt it, which however caused a terrible explosion. The injured were medically attended to. District authorities were rendering them help as far as practicable.

GLOBE TROTTER ARRIVES IN MADRAS

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Nov. 8.

Mr. Cyril W. J. Soully, an Anglo-Canadian, who has undertaken for a wager of some thousands of pounds a walking tour round the world has just arrived in Madras.

COMMERCIAL.

where. Statistics show that, for a population of 800,000,000, India, China and Japan have, combined, only about 12,000,000 Spindles and these are engaged on goods which generally speaking do not compete with Lancashire. This trade is being hindered from coming forward owing largely I believe to our own lack of business organisation. We are allowing a large section of the trade to make to stock, thus playing into the hands of merchants who will only buy from the weakest sellers and are slowly draining the life-blood from the industry. I consider the remedy is to be found in controlling the industry as we did in war time. . . . I am not asking for the cotton trade a monopoly position which will lead to extortion and inordinate profits, but the establishment of a system of organisation which will prevent buyers taking advantage of the producers at a time like the present. If we regulate supply to demand, I feel sure that we should soon be on full time working again."

Sir Charles Macara does not seem to have taken into consideration the financial difficulties of the dealers here caused by the muddle in exchange, the wiping off of capital in losses borne by the merchants on their large holdings bought at high prices, the falling off of the buying capacity and the purchasing power of the consumers, the Khadi and Swadeshi movement which has taken a hold on the cultivators, labourers and the lower and middle classes, in up-country districts, the political unrest and consequent agitation all over India, the heavy stocks left over in the hands of Importing Firms and Banks, the competition of Japanese, American and local mills, the curtailment of facilities granted by the Banks during the pre-war period, the increases in the rate of customs duty, the unfavourable rate of exchange and the uncertainty regarding the future outlook. All these factors have tended to decrease fresh trade with Lancashire as buyers have become very nervous and there is a lack of confidence. Besides this, the high prices of foodstuffs, rents and other necessities of life have naturally curtailed the consumption of cloth to a great extent. Many merchants have no need to give forward orders, as gradually the custom of indenting goods is being replaced by the system of ordering out goods on own account by some well-known Importing Firms in accordance with the recommendations of their clients, and selling them at the market rate later on. The system of cash payment amongst the merchants and the curtailment of credit have tended to decrease trade. The ravages in the Cotton as well as the Share Markets have also demoralised trade.

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under :—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins. Yds.	Rs.	as.	p
Ralli's Fari No. 2000	39×37 1/2/8	13	0	0
„ 100,000 ..	..45× „ ..	16	0	0
„ No. 33,000 ..	..45× „ ..	14	12	0
„ „ 2800 ..	..37× „ ..	12	4	0
Graham's No. 2730	..39× „ ..	13	0	0
„ No 2750 ..	..45× „ ..	16	0	0
„ Yellow Horse	..43×39 ..	16	0	0
„ No. 2310 ..	..44×36 1/2	16	0	0
Dewhursts BBB ..	..38×38 1/2	21	0	0
„ BB	..38×38 1/2	18	8	0
„ Rupee No. 5	..38×38 1/2	16	0	0
Bombay Co.'s No. 2580	..44×38 1/2	..		
„ No. 1500 ..	..39×37 1/2/38	..		
„ No. 5600 ..	..38×37 1/2/38	..		
Ritchie's No. 510 ..	39×37 1/2/38	13	0	0
„ No. 4462 ..	..41× „ ..	16	0	0
„ No. 1566 ..	..33×37/37 1/2	..		
Forbes' No. 651 ..	..38×37 1/2/8	..		
Lyon's Shunker ..	..39× „ ..	13	0	0

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperell's Dragon	..29×40 Net	20	0	0
Ralli's Munjid No. 425	..26×40 ..	13	12	0
Mitsui's Elephant ..	..29×40 Net	18	0	0

GREY JACONETS—

Ralli's No. 18 ..	..45×22 ..	8	0	0
„ „ 18 ..	..40×22 ..	7	0	0
„ „ 138 ..	..40×22 ..	6	6	0
„ „ 636 ..	..44×22 ..	7	8	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Liepman's No. 1500	..32×42 ..	25	6	0
H.B.T.C. 40000 ..	..36×40 ..	32	8	0
Ralli's No. 9889 ..	..33×40 ..	22	0	0
Forbes' K. B. 100	..33×40 ..	19	0	0
„ 151	..33×40 ..	19	0	0

WHITE MULLS—

Ralli's No. 6 ..	..41×19 ..	8	4	0
„ No. 60 ..	..46×19 ..	9	4	0
„ No. 600 ..	..51×19 ..	10	4	0
„ No. 6000 ..	..56×19 ..	11	8	0
„ No. 88 ..	..58×20 ..	7	14	0
„ No. 1270 ..	..27×18 ..	4	2	0
„ No 818 ..	..39×20 ..	8	4	0
„ No. 1440 ..	..36×20 ..	5	14	0
„ No. 5352 ..	..42×20 ..	12	8	0
„ No. 2755 ..	..42×20 ..	14	0	0
„ No. 1703 ..	..52×20 Net	16	8	0
Ritchie's No. 1260	..27×18 ..	4	2	0
„ No. 119 ..	..37×18 ..	5	0	0
„ No. 229 ..	..42×18 ..	5	8	0
„ No. 339 ..	..47×18 ..	6	0	0
„ 1K/4K 38",43",48",	53"×18 Avg.	6	1	0
„ No. 95 ..	..58×20 ..	7	14	0
„ No. 86999 ..	..40×18 ..	6	12	0
„ No. 88999 ..	.. „ ..	7	4	0
„ No. 775 ..	..40×18 ..	..		
„ No. 875 ..	..45×18 ..	..		t
„ No. 975 ..	..50×18 ..	..		
„ No. 615 ..	.. „ ..	8	4	0
Graham's" Baloon"	..58"×20 ..	7	14	0
„ No. 142 ..	..34×19 ..	..		
„ No. 850 ..	..36×18 ..	..		
Greaves' No. 5060 ..	..27×18 ..	3	14	0

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No. 7070/9090	..27×18 ..	4	2	0
„ No. 61/81..	.. „ ..	4	1	0
„ No. 1850 ..	.. „ ..	3	6	0
„ No. 1900 ..	.. „ ..	3	7	0
„ No. 2600 ..	.. „ ..	3	8	0
„ No. 21021..	.. „ ..	3	9	0
„ No. 33044/88	..30×18 Avg.	3	3	0
„ No. 33620 T.B.	..38×22 ..	6	12	0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888	..28×18 ..	5	8	0
„ 95950/97970	.. .. ..	..		
„ Saraswati ..	..33×18 ..	..		
„ "Tipoo W/WWW	..34×18 ..	6	12	0
„ No. 50000 ..	.. „ ..	7	4	0
„ No. 33340/33350/33360	„ ..	7	12	0
Lyons' No. 4545/5656/6767	26×18 ..	4	3	0
Greaves' No. 30000/50000	„ ..	4	3	0
„ No. 8006 T.B.	..38×22 ..	7	4	0
Ritchie's Nos. 3500/4510/5520	26×18	4	2	0
S. W. & Co's. Nos. 5800/5820				
"Motor Car" ..	.. „ ..	4	2	0
Bombay Co's. ZZ/ZZZZ ..	„ ..	..		

The above quotations are on bazaar terms, with discount of 3 1/2 per cent. on Grey Goods and 4 per cent, on White Goods.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Nov. 10th.

Market Rates.

Bank Telegraphic	1-3-21/32
Bank Demand	1-3-11/16
Doc. Acceptance 3 m/s	1-3-7/8
Fcc Demand	440
American Dollars	346
Honkong Dollars	188
Shanghai	253
Japan	166 3/4
Singapore	180 1/2

Market Steady.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Nov. 10th

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Bombay Grain Merchants' Association :—

	Basar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
Ready		
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30 ..	52 0 0	7 13 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30 ..	50 0 0	7 12 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla ..	49 0 0	7 10 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi ..	10 0 0	10 8 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore ..	10 0 0	10 8 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore ..	10 12 0	11 4 0
Linseed, Brown Bold ..	12 6 0	12 14 0
Linseed, Brown Thin ..	12 2 0	12 10 0
Teelseed, White 85-15 ..	72 0 0	14 8 0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25 ..	69 0 0	
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50 ..	65 0 0	
Teelseed Black ..	61 0 0	
Poppyseed, White ..	13 0 0	14 0 0
Grcundnuts	64 0 0	12 13 0
Mowraseed	6 12 0	7 4 0
Barley	37 0 0	
Castorseed	54 0 0	
Cottonseed ready delivery.	34 0 0	3 12 0
Forward.	Rs. a. p.	
Wheat. May ..	7 12 0	
Linseed. May	2 2 0	

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS.

(ISSUED BY THE HINDUSTANI NATIVE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION.)

Bombay Nov. 10th.

	Rs. a. p
Khaddi :—	
Textile	1 2 0
E. D. Sassoon	1 1 3
Tata	..
Elphinstone	1 1 0
Longcloth (Full weight) 34/40 inches :—	
Rachael per lb	..
Standard per lb.	1 8 6
Century per lb	1 9 6
Hindustan per lb.	1 10 0
Vasulbhai per lb.	1 10 0
Textile per lb.	1 9 6
Phoenix	1 8 6
Pearl	1 9 0
Manekji (Gav mukh)	1 7 6
Elphinstone (Batti)	1 10 0
Jacob (Four minars)	1 9 6
Longcloth (Light weight) No. 5202/5203 :—	
Rachael per lb.	0 0 0
Swan Finlay per lb.	1 9 6
Pearl per lb.	1 9 0
E. D. Sassoon per lb.	1 9 6
Longcloth X quality :—	
Rachael per lb.	1 9 9
Fazulbhai per lb.	1 10 0
Kohinoor per lb	1 10 0
Pearl per lb.	1 9 0
Longcloth Satin Calender, 34/40 inches :—	
Textile (Hand) per lb.	1 8 6
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1 8 6
Century (Bugle) per lb	1 7 0
Zenith (Drum) per lb	..
E. D. Sassoon (Gun) per lb. ..	1 7 0
Jacob Rajkumar per lb.	1 8 0
Sekita :—	
Century per lb.	1 7 9
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1 9 3
Grey Drill, Century Mill :—	
No. 1125 per piece	15 4 0
No. 125½ per piece	14 4 9
Dhooties :—7, 8 and 9 yards :—	
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1 11 0
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1 10 0
Dhooties :—10 yards :—	
Spring (Balance) per lb	1 12 0
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1 10 0
Check 5 lbs. Grey Drills :—	
Standard per piece	6 14 0
Phoenix per piece	6 14 0
Swan Finlay per piece	6 12 0
Hindustan per lb.	7 1 0
Check 5½ lbs. Grey Drills :—	
Textile per piece	7 4 0
Pearl per piece	7 8 6
Bleached Check :—	
Textile per piece	..
Kasturchand per piece	8 12 0
Bombay United per piece	8 6 0
Black Check 5 lbs :—	
Textile per piece	9 10 0
Spring per piece	8 10 0
E. D. Rachal	8 2 0

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Bombay, Nov. 10.

*Bars gold ready.
*Bars gold forward.
*Bars gold 2nd settlement.
*Bars silver ready.
*Bars silver 1st settlement.
*Bars silver 2nd settlement.
*The Bullion Market is closed.

EXCHANGE.

B C Rate—Bank's selling T T, 1/3 5/8.
Bank's selling D D, 1/3 21/32.
On London—Bank's selling T T, 1/3 21/32.
Bank's selling D D, 1/3 11/16.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A, 1/3 7/8.
Bank's buying T T, 1/3 23/32.
Bank's buying D D, 1/3 3/4.
Tone of Exchange—Steady Market.
On Paris—Bank's selling D D, Frcs 440.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A, Frcs 460.
Bank's buying D D, Frcs 450.
On Japan—Bank's selling T T, Rs. 166¼.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P, Rs. 161¼.
On Hongkong—Bank's selling D D, closed.
On Shanghai—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 253.
On Singapore—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 180½.
On New York—Bank's selling D D, Rs. 646.
London gold ready, sh. 92-2.
London silver ready, d. 33-7.
London silver forward, d. 33.
Tone of silver—Weak, China and American sold, Speculators bought.

CROSS RATES ON LONDON TO THE POUND STERLING.

American Exchange, Dollars 4.45-7/8.
French Exchange, Frcs 69.20.
Swiss Exchange, Frcs 24.50.
Belgium Exchange, Frcs 76.20.
Italian Exchange, Liras 105.00.
German Exchange, Mrks 28500.
Prague Exchange, Krons 138.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

3½ per cent Paper, Rs. 58/8.
5 per cent War Loan, 83/8.
4 per cent Terminable Loan, 98.
4 per cent Conversion Loan, 78.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1923, 100/12.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1928, 101/2.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1926, 101.
6 per cent Government of India Bonds due 1932, 101.
6½ per cent Bombay Development Loan due 1935, 104/4.
4 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1974, 66.
6 per cent Bombay Port Trust due 1930, 95.
4 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1974, 66.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1929 to 49, 95.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974, 66.

FINANCE.

MONEY.

Conditions in the money market continue easy with the call-money rate about 1½ per cent.; the short deposit rate being unchanged at 3½ per cent. for three months and 4 per cent. for six months.

From the weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of India, Government deposits show a decrease of Rs. 65.80 lakhs. The cash balance is reduced by Rs. 74.74 lakhs, the percentage being 39.31 as compared with 39.89 of last week. The Bank rate remains unchanged at 5 per cent. There is an active inquiry in the market for gilt-edged securities, more particularly for 6 per cent. Government of India tax-free bonds at about 1 per cent. premium.

To-day Rs. 100 lakhs Treasury bills will be on offer and the sale is expected to be at or about last week's rates.

EXCHANGE.

Exchange on London opened steady round 1s. 3-5/8d. During the week the rates gradually improved and at the close are 1s. 3-11/16d. for ready T. T. A fair amount of bills was placed in the market both here and in Calcutta and it would appear that the tendency is towards higher prices. The demand for bullion import has declined on account of very heavy stocks of both silver and gold which have depressed the local prices much below the importing prices.

American exchange on London declined from Dollars 4.46¾ to Dollars 4.44¾, but subsequently improved and closes steady at Dollars 4.46. The German mark continued on its downward course from 26,000 to the pound sterling to 28,500. The influence of the recent heavy fall in German mark is now being reflected on the Continental exchanges; the French franc has declined from 64.70 to 72.50 and Belgium francs have also dropped from 69.70 to 79.60.

GOLD.

The gradual decline in the rates, which set in from the second half of October and which may be ascribed chiefly to the effect of heavy stocks and arrivals unrelieved by any improvement in the up-country off-take, continues. During the week rates fell from the neighbourhood of Rs. 26-10 to Rs. 26-8. The off-take still averages about 15,000 tolas a day and the stock on hand is estimated at about 8¼ lakhs tolas. This week's shipment is expected to be for £70,000.

SILVER.

Silver also exhibits a declining market. The rate gradually eased from Rs. 88/13 to Rs. 86/9, but subsequently recovered to some extent on account of profit-taking by the Bears. The price in London dropped from 33-13/16d. to 33-7/16d. for ready and from 33½d. to 33d. for forward. The Shanghai-London rate dropped from 3s. 3-9/16d. to 3s. 2-13/16d., but has since recovered and closes at 3s. 2-7/8d. The off-take averages about 65 bars a day and the stock is estimated at about 4,500 bars. It is reported that a certain Native State bought about 2,000 bars for currency purposes. This week's shipment is expected to be for about £55,000.

SHARES.

The week under report has witnessed an accentuation of the slumping conditions experienced during the foregoing period and a further all-round fall in share values has been registered. Business has been on a small scale owing to the absence of support either from investors or Bull operators.

Owing to the heavy Bear pressure, Cotton mill shares opened weak on Monday with a sharp fall in values. The depression became pronounced on Tuesday when a further smart drop was experienced, the hammering being more marked in Nagpores, Swadeshis and Kohinoors. At this stage, however, a rally ensued due to Bears covering, and the market closed steadier on Wednesday.

The general sentiment continues bearish, and although the decline in prices during the last few days has been considerable, investors refuse to be attracted, and it looks as though a further break is inevitable.

The prospects of the textile industry grow dimmer as days roll on. Stocks of yarn and cloth with mills are accumulating both here and in Ahmedabad. The earnings of mills are dwindling down. The margin on yarns to spinners has well-nigh reached the vanishing point. The cloth situation, although not so bad, nevertheless calls for anxiety in view of the abnormally heavy statistical position. Mills will be forced either to cut down rates in order to attract demand—and this connotes a further shrinkage in their earnings—or to devise measures to alleviate stocks.

All things considered, the outlook of the textile trade is anything but robust, and investors are adopting a far-sighted policy in holding aloof, pending a still lower range of values of Cotton mill shares.

The miscellaneous section has likewise ruled weak, with constantly sagging prices, the most prominent being the Deferred shares of the Tata Iron and Steel Co., which continue to fall without interruption. Tramways have changed hands at lower rates. Bank shares have been pressed for sale, Imperial Banks being done down to Rs. 1,320. Very little business has been reported in other cash shares, with rates in sellers' favour.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange on the 8th instant :—

BANKS.

Imperial 1325, India 99 n, Central 33/8 xd, Tata Bank 15 n, Eastern 74.

COTTON MILLS.

Ahmedabad Advance 2500 xdn, Alliance 275 n, Apollo 60, Birla Mills 62/8, Bombay Cotton 915, Bombay Dyeing 1205, Bradbury 1075, Century 592/8, Central India 3480, Colaba Land 1860, Coorla 245 n, Crescent 413/12, Edward Sassoon 395, Elphinstone 122/8, Fazulbhoy 1210, Gokak 226/4, Indian Bleaching 210, Indore-Malwa 557/8, Jamshed Mfg 325, Kastoorchand 770, Khatao 400, Kohinoor 1690, Luxmi Cotton 4850 n, Madhavrao Scindia 220 n, Madhowji 350 n, Mathuradas 700, M Petit 4250 n, Meyer Sassoon 250, Morarji 5650 xd, New Great 582/8, New City 460, Pabani 670, Pearls 862, Phoenix 750, Planet 217/8, Shapurji 196/4, Simplex 532/8, Standard 2175 xdn, Swan 950, Swadeshi 3455 xd, Tata Mill 960 and Vishnu Cotton 1990 n.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 390, Bombay-Burma 450, Bombay-Burma N I 126/4 pr, Bt Burma Pet 7/4, Bombay Tramway 103/12, Bombay Steam 165, Bundi Cement 33/8 xd, Indian Cement 245, Katni ord 225, Katni def 1125, New India 16/8, Shivrajpur 27/8, Tata Iron ord 38/12 xd, Tata Iron def 127/8, Tata Hydro 750, Tata Oil 27/8 and Scindia Steam 7/2.

YARN MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, Nov. 10.

The Yarn market has remained steady to firm throughout the week and prices have improved to about ¼ to ½ anna per lb. in various yarns. Steady advance in raw cotton in America and Manchester and consequent improvement here would certainly have raised the yarn prices much higher than the present level, but the buyers seem quite unprepared to pay any high prices and at every rise, demand suddenly falls which again checks further rise and in some cases prices have to be lowered to a particular level. It is believed whatever may be the advices regarding raw material, consumers, dealers and all alike have no capacity to pay any higher prices and they stop buying as soon as prices go up. Demand from consuming centres is not again very encouraging and off-take is not quite satisfactory. Calcutta and Rangoon show slackness and Punjab is quiet. Other centres move very slowly.

English yarn meet with some demand for ready goods and stocks are slowly decreasing as the fresh arrivals are few. Fresh business with Manchester is well nigh impossible. Some business in Japanese yarns for November December and December January shipments has been reported but that too is limited as Japan has raised her limits in sympathy with New York advices and prices are therefore unworkable.

Indian mills report sales of a few bales of 10s and 12s. spinnings for China market at little higher rates than the last week, the total amounting to about five thousand bales during this week. No sales are reported for the Bazar. But for the very unfavourable Exchange, China would have effected—considerable purchases at this level. Large unsold stocks of cloth, slack demand, financial stringency and the deep rooted sentimental "Mandi" in the minds of Indian dealers are some of the forces constantly working against any substantial rise in prices, although circumstances clearly indicate improvement to a large extent.

In view of these circumstances, it is difficult to speak with any certainty regarding the future course of the market but we feel confident that in view of the present considerable advance in cotton, prices cannot go down and we shall not be surprised if there is substantial improvement in near future.

FREIGHT MARKET.

SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

November 10, 1922.

The freight market is quieter this week but ratesremain firm. Sellers generally asking 19s. light-seeds and 22s.-6d. seeds measurement for December to June, picked ports U. K. /Continent. Shippers do not seem disposed to pay these rates except to cover their immediate requirements for early shipments; consequently bookings representing fresh business during the week are small. A large proportion of the bookings reported, amounting altogether to about 25,000 freight tons, consists of covering business, certain Liners finding themselves apparently short of space to cover their bookings.

Outward freights are easy, 17s. being quoted from Cardiff to Bombay.

Deadweight charter rates are firm, up to 27s.-9d. having been paid for a late November steamer.

CHEMICALS—MARKET.

November 10.

The market continued steady after a rapid fall in the prices of the important chemicals. Zinc and Magnesium Chlorides kept unaltered at Rs. 23 and Rs. 3-12 per cwt. Brown sugar lead hada poor demand. Litharge witnessed some activity and the price has touched Rs. 35 per cwt. Nitrate of iron saw some good up-country demand. Yellow prussiate and potash chlorate kept unchanged. Aniline salt had no animation and the price ruled easy at Rs. 0-8-6 per lb. Antimony salt is quoted at Rs. 0-12-0. Hydrosulphide and Hyposulphide of soda kept at Rs. 1-8 per lb. and Rs. 20 per cwt. respectively. Caustic soda and Bleaching powder have had some small upcountry demand, and the prices for these two chemicals have almost stabilised. Sago-flour and Farina changed hands at Rs. 14 and Rs. 24, respectively. Large consignments of Dutch Farina are expected shortly and the rate is anticipated to go down to Rs. 19 per cwt. Maize and rice starch have had nothing of importance. Quotations are as under:—

Salt Anjline Rs. 0-8-6.
Salt Antimony Rs. 0-12-0.
Salt Epsom Rs. 5.
Salt Glauber Rs. 5.
Sugar lead, brown Rs. 32.
Sugar lead, white Rs. 39.
Chloride Zinc Rs. 22-8.
Chloride Magnesium Rs. 4.
Soda Sulphide Rs. 23 (60—62 per cent.).
Soda Caustic 98 per cent. Rs. 33.
Soda Caustic 72 per cent. Rs. 23.
Soda Bichromate Rs. 47.
Soda Washing Rs. 8.
Soda Silicate Rs. 11.
Soda Hydrosulphide Rs. 1-8.
Litharge Rs. 35.
Bichromate potash Rs. 57.

OIL MARKET REPORT.

November 10.

Cocoanut oils—Cochin, Rs. 7-8; Bombay Rs. 7-7.
Castor—Gujarat, Rs. 6-10; Bombay, Rs. 6-9.
Groundnut Rs. 7-2
Kardi Rs. 7-2.
Linseed, Raw Rs. 7-12; Linseed, Boiled Rs. 9-8.
Cocoanut Cake Rs. 165—70.
Grcoanut Cake Rs. 115—20.
Linseed Cake Rs. 130—35.
Castorseed Cake Rs. 70—72.

LOCAL YARN MARKET.

6½s. Second quality—Finlay 9-10; Apollo 9-10; Simplex 9-8; Shapoorji 9-10; Currimbhoy 9-10.
6¾s. First quality—Edward Sassoon 10-8; Apollo 10-8; David 10-8
8¾s. First quality—Jacob (Seven Stars) 11-6; Edward Sassoon 11-2; Apollo 11-0; Bradbury 11-6.
10½s.—Shapoorji 11-4; Apollo 12-4; Swadeshi 12-4; Bradbury 12-8; Asur Virji 12-8; David (Flowerman) 12-6; David (Cockatoo) 12-4; Indo China 11-12.
12½s.—Elphinstone 12-14; Currimbhoy 12-8; China 12-4; Moon 12-4; Apollo 12-12; Dawn 13-8.
14½s.—Kilachand 13-8; Apollo 13-8; City 14-4; Colaba Land 14-4 Fazalbhai 13-12
20s.—Kilachand 16-8; Edward Sassoon 16-12; Elphinstone 16-8; Phoenix 17-4; Dawn 17-8.

SHARE BAZAR.

November 10.

Yesterday was the settlement day for the November Vaida, so there was no forward business. A few tranactions took place.
Ahmedabad Advance:—Rs. 2,550.
Apollo Rs. 66-4.
Elphinstone Rs. 116-4.
Emperor Edward Rs. 1,125.
Kurla Rs. 250.
Khatau Rs. 450.
Globe Rs. 165.
Dawn Rs. 980.
Pabaney Rs. 665; Premium Rs. 125.
Presidency Rs. 190.
Fazal Rs. 1,195.
Bradbury Rs. 1,060.
Birla Rs. 67-8.
Madhawji Rs. 350.
Maneckji Petit Rs. 4,300.
Meyer Sassoon Rs. 235.
Morarji Rs. 5,800.
Laxmi Rs. 4,900.
Vishnoo Rs. 1,950.

MILL STORES MARKET.

November 10.

There was some animation in the demand of Cotton Healds which changed hands at Rs. 2-2, though large lots are offered at much less than this price. Forward indenting price has advanced slightly and at present no large consignments are arriving in the harbour, in view of adverse price ruling here. Unless the stock in the hands of the weak holders who have been underselling are disposed off, the market is not likely to take an active turn. Reeds are rather scarce and the price for select sizes and counts are Rs. 0-5-6. Roller cloth and sizing flannels had comparatively better demand this week, especially in 18 oz. Roller cloth and 72" Twill of Flannel of Kenion make. The mills are keen buyers. Quotations are as under:—
Healds Rs. 2-2.
Reeds Rs. 0-5-3.
Roller cloth Rs. 11 (18 B).
Roller cloth Rs. 9 (16 B).
Sizing flannel Rs. 5-6 (72 inches Twill).
Sizing flannel Rs. 4-12 (66 inches Twill).
Weft grates Rs. 30.
Roving Bobbins Rs. 28.
Slubbing Bobbins Rs. 30.
Ring Rabbeth 5 inches Rs. 13.
Ring Rabbeth 6 inches Rs. 11.
Roller Skins Rs. 85.
Pickers No. 4 Rs. 75.
Drop Box Pickers Rs. 10-8.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, Nov. 10.

The S. S. Kohinoor and Pandit arrived from Java with over a lac of bags and dealers being free sellers and with easier and advices from Karachi and Calcutta, prices for ready sugars have been reduced by As. 4 per cwt. all round. Forward positions are in very small demand and small parcels changed hands amongst dealers in White Java. November c 18s.-11d. to 19s. and November December c19s.-4d. to 19s.-5d. per cwt. free Bombay Harbour. Ready sugar steamers was done c 18s.-6d. to 18s.-8d. F.B.H.

Karachi, Calcutta and Java merekts remain quiet with lower rates and little business. Americas keeps steady. There is no news from Mauritius.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:—

T. M. O. Rs. 21-14-0 18s. 7d. F.B Harbour stocks 3,30,000 bags, Brown Rs. 20-8-0 18s. 7d. F. B. Harbour stocks 5,000 bags, Beet Rs. 20-12-0 18s.-7d. F. B. Harbour stocks 6,000 bags.

A small business has been done in White Java December January shipment c 19s.-10d. F.B. Harbour by Japanese Firms.

HISTORY—ROMANCE—POETRY—ART

All Rolled into one, on the Moving Picture screen !!

The story that enchants you by its marvellous Historical accuracy, fascinates you by its wonderful realistic splendour, Thrills you by its heart-appealing pathos.

COME ! THE GREAT IMPERIAL DIVORCE SCENE WILL ENTHRALL YOU, AND WILL DAZZLE YOU !

"THE DAUGHTER OF NAPOLEON"

Has a special pleading this week. The story reaches its intensest appeal when Napoleon Bounaparte, in spite of his ardent, unfailing love for the Empress Josephine divorces her with all the solemnity and pomp of State Ceremony in order to ensure his dynasty by a fresh marriage.

"THE DAUGHTER OF NAPOLEON"

Becomes by the irony of fate the new companion of the now divorced Empress—and both little dream that they are step-mother and step-daughter ! The situations are really most soul-inspiring !

THE LOVERS MEET !

Yes, love will find its own way out, though buried in the catacombs of dark Egypt Jacques Feroud risks his life to see his sweetheart again. With what result ? He i ;cily received because he wears the state uniform. What a head-strong girl is this.

" THE DAUGHTER OF NAPOLEON"

Grippesols beats the scheming arch-plotter Fouche at his own game. That happy-go-lucky devil of a little brave boy is at his best this week. It is a treat to watch him!

COME-COME ! YOU ARE PROMISED A CINEMA TREAT SUCH AS YOU HAVE NEVER ENJOYED BEFORE !

A side-splitting two-reel Universal Century Comedy "The Mischievous Imp" in the programme.

To-Night : 3-45 : 5-30 ; 7 ; 8-45 & 10-30 p. m. (S. T.)

NOVELTY CINEMA.

(Grant Road, Tram Terminus.)

A WORD.

ONCE you study the Central Bank of India's scheme for Savings Bank Accounts, you will not have to think—

TWICE before stopping your Savings Bank Account now running elsewhere.

ONCE you realize the difference between earning "interest on daily balances" and "interest on minimum monthly balances," you will not have to think—

TWICE before opening a Home Savings Bank Account with

The Central Bank of India, Limited.

MESSRS. MONTAGU'S REPORTE.

LONDON, October 19.

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against its note issue is £ 125,600,130, as compared with £ 125, 598,875 last week.

A substantial amount ofgold was on offer, the bulk of supplies being taken for the United States, India being only a moderate buyer.

Gold to the value of S. 6,261,000 has arrived in New York S. 4,800,000 from Rotterdgm ; S. S.825,000 from London and S. 636,000 from France.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold during the month of September 1922 :—

	Imports. £	Exports. £
Netherlands	..	17,400
Belgium	..	13,625
West Africa	55,281	115
United States of America	6,748	1,648,988
Mexico	2,196	..
Central America & West Indies	3,977	..
Various South American countries	3,879	..
Egypt	1,505	..
Rhodesia	221,380	..
Transvaal	2,718,337	..
British India	..	918,711
Straits Settlements	..	7,142
Other Countries	58,313	2,784
Total	£3,071,616.	£2,608,765.

CURRENCY.

Referring to the Polish currency reforms mentioned in our letter of the 28th, ult., it is stated that the whole bullion reserve of the Polish National Loan Bank, the present Polish bank of issue, has been ear-marked to the value of 31.6 millions of gold marks in gold and 44.1 millions of gold marks in silver as a covering for the necessary loan.

It is reported that the two-rupee-eight-anna note now constitutes only 2 per cent of the total note circulation, and as it is no longer being issued must soon disappear.

SILVER.

The market has shown distinct weakness during the week. The chief reason is the news that the Canton Mint has definitely closed down.

Now it seems that there is a redundancy of fractional coin, lately minted n large quantities—when civil war was being waged—and there is a prospect of a discount instead of the premium which recently obtained on such coins. In these circumstances, the mint's working may be suspended for an indefinite period . Much of the silver imported into China of late has been sent into the Canton Mint ; hence the marked effect upon the silver market of the changed conditions.

The Indian Bazaars have bought moderately forshipment by this week's-the settlement-steamer, but, unless China is in a position to help absorption of supplies, India is hardly likely to tackle the work unaided, unless of course prices reach a more tempting level.

A certain amount of bear covering is due for near dates, but, failing confidence in the future of the market, bears will probably be tempted to prolong their shortage for a further two months.

The Government has announced that silver coin, other than coin current in the United Kingdom, may now be melted without a special license.

INDIAN CURRENCY RETURNS.

(in lacs of rupees)	Sept. 30	Oct. 7,	Oct. 15.
NOTES IN CIRCULATION .	18076	18132	18116
Silver coin and bullion in India	8967	9017	9072
Silver coin and bullion out of India			
Gold coin and bullion in India	2432	2432	2432
Gold coin and bullion out of India			
Securities (Indian Government)	6092	6099	6028
Securities (British Government)	585	584	584

No silver oinage was reported during the week ending 15th. inst.

The stock in Shanghai on the 14th inst. consisted of about 40,300,000 ounces in sycee, 38,000 000 dollars, and 2, 2,450 silver bars, as compared with about 40,400,000 ounces in sycee, 37, 500,000 dollars, and 3,390 silver bars on the 7th inst.

The Shanghai exchange is quoted at 3s/ 3 1/2d. the taeb.

Quotations	Bar Silver p. oz. std.	Bar Gold p. oz. Fine.
October		S. d.
13th.	34, 3/8d.cash 34, 3/8d. 2 moss.

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ARRESTS IN CALCUTTA.

ON CHARGES OF SEDITION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 8.

The Calcutta City Police are busy searching a number of houses and arresting several Mohamedans on charges of sedition. The office of the "Dhumketu," a vernacular biweekly journal of Mohamedans, a mess and a library owned by Mr. Afzalul Haq. Printer of the "Dhumketu" were searched. The Police arrested Mr. Afzalul Haq. The police also searched the residence of Moulana Mahomed Safi, President of the Khilafat Committee, who was, also, arrested. Later on the arrested persons were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate. The charge against Mr. Afzalul Huq was that he printed and published two articles in the "Dhumketu" headed "Advent of Goddess of Joy" and "Explanation of Rebel" containing alleged seditious matter. Moulvi Sirajuddin, who was arrested last night, was next produced. It was alleged that the accused on the 12th September last delivered a speech in Urdu at the Halliday Park on "Help to Akali Sikhs in their distress" in which the accused attempted, as alleged, to excite disaffection towards Government. Moulvi Mahomed Shafi, President of the Khilafat Committee, was next produced. It was alleged that the accused on the 11th September delivered a speech at the Halliday Park on the "Kemalist Victory over Greeks." This speech was alleged to be seditious, All these cases were adjourned and the three accused remanded to *hajat*.

BRITISH CENSORSHIP.

AMERICAN JOURNALIST'S DEFIANCE.

Mr. John Clayton, the special correspondent if the "Chicago Tribune" and the "Daily Telegraph" in the Near East, has, writes a contemporary in Mail week, been threatened with arrest and expulsion as an undesirable alien by the British military authorities at Constantinople. The charge against him is that he violated the orders of the Allied Generals at Constantinople in going to the Mudania Conference. His brilliant reporting of the armistice negotiations between the Allies and the Turks furnished the only complete account to the world for some days of the important events going on in this remote Turkish town. As Mr. Clayton succeeded in reaching Mudania spite of manifestoes and British destroyers the Allied Generals were then forced to allow all the otner correspondents to go there. His despatches were passed by the censor at Constantinople and their accuracy is not questioned.

"TRIBUNE" BACKS UP ITS CORRESPONDENT.

In the absence of further information from Constantinople about the action of the British military authorities (thanks to the censorship) the "Tribune" has made proper representations to Washington. It has also telegraphed to Mr. Clayton, needless to say, that it is standing behind him "hook, line and sinker."

Mr. John S. Steel, London editor of the "Chicago Tribune", says the threat to deport Mr. Clayton emanates not from the British Home Government but from the British local administration at Constantinople. The Foreign Office knows nothing of it and the War Office, under whose Department the matter comes, has no information. The War Offices view regarding Mr. Clayton's defiance of General Harington's ban correspondents at Mudania is that General Harrington, as Commander-in-Chief, is bound to make any rules that he thinks ecessary for military safety, and in bound enforce them. All correspondents and others, whether British or aliens, are under his orders at Constantinople.

FREE LIFE READING TO ALL WHO WRITE AT ONCE.

The well-known European Astrologer, Prof. Roxroy, has once more decided to favour the people of this country with Free Test Readings of their lives from his office in Holland.

Prof. Roxroy's fame is so well-known in this country that he hardly needs an introduction from us. His power to read the lives of people, no matter at what distance they may be, is described as simply marvellous.

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THE WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Nov. 9.

The storm from the Gulf of Siam that ppeared yesterday in Andaman Sea has moved in the west north westerly direction and is this morning about hundred miles west of Diamond Island. It is at present travelling in a north westerly direction but may strike the Arakan coast to-night. The monsoon has weakened in the centre of the Peninsula. A very slight north western disturbance is entering Kashmir. The rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, West of the Central Provinces, Malabar, Mysore, Southeast Madras; local in the Bombay (Deccan), North Hyderabad and the Madras Deccan. A few falls have also occurred on the north Madras coast.

The chief amounts are:—Victoria Point nd Moulmein one inch, Rangoon two, Diamond Island and Hoshangabad one and a half, Mangalore three-quarters, Cochin four, Trivandrum six, Tinnevelly one, Trihinopoly one and a half, Cuddalore and Madras two, Salem and Cuddapah three.

Forecast:—Extension on Arkan Coast.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA

Bombay, 9th Nov. 1922.

Means of observations taken at 6 a. m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr	29.769 inches.
Temperature of Air	81.9 degrees.
Wet Buib Thermometer	76.7 ,,
Dew Point	74.8 ,,
Relative humidity of Air	0.793 ,,
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	4.4 ,,
Maximum temperature of Air	88.8 ,,
Minimum temperature of Air	77.4 ,,
General direction of wind from mid-night to midnight	N,NNE,ENE,NNW.
Movement of wind from mid-night to midnight	141 miles.

SUN MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week, Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock still.

Day of week	Day of month	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.	LOW WATER. Day of month	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
	Nov	h. m.	ft. in.	Nov.	h. m.	ft, in
T	7	m 0 40	28 4	7	m 6 3a	18 7
		0 27a	26 5		6 28d	15 1
W	15	m 7 30	26 10	15	m 1 30	19 1
		8 30a	26 10		2 12a	16 1
T	16	m 8 32	27 4	16	2 30	18 8
		9 30a	28 1		30a	15 9
F	14	m 6 27	26 5	14	m 0 4	19 4
		2 21a	25 7		1 21a	18 2
S	11	m 3 18	26 10	11	m 9 33	20 1
		3 24a	24 7		9 22a	18 3
S	12	m 4 21	26 6	12	m 10 58	20 0
		4 42a	24 4		10 36a	19 0
M	13	m 5 24	26 4	13	m ..	..
		m 6 2a	24 8		0 18a	19 3

The following are the hours of sunries and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week.

Nov.	A.M. Sunrise	P.M. Sunset
,, 7 (Tuesday)	,, 6h. 41m.	,, 6h. 4m.
,, 8 (Wednesday)	,, 6h. 42m.	,, 6h. 4m.
,, 9 (Thursday)	,, 6h. 39m.	,, 6h. 6m.
,, 10 (Friday)	,, 6h. 39m,	,, 6h. 5m.
,, 11 (Saturday)	,, 6h. 40m.	,, 6h. 5m.
,, 12 (Sunday)	,, 6h. 40m.	,, 6h. 4m
,, 13 (Monday)	,, 6h. 41m.	,, 6h. 4m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Full Moon, Nov. 5th. oh. 6.5 m. a.m. Last Quarter, 12th, 8h. 22.5m. p.m.; New Moon, 19th h5 36.4m. a.m.; First Quarter, 26th, 1h. 45.0 m. p.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, November 10, 1922, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear and humildity is nearly normal. Temparature was nearly normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Night temperature was below normal at Jhansi.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear and at Karchi and in north Rajputana humidity is in defect. Temperature was nearly normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately clouded at Surat and lightly clouded in Kathiawar. Humidity is nearly normal or in excess. Day temperature was below normal at Bhavnagar-Para, Ahmedabad and Indore. Night temperature was above the average at Surat and Bhavnagar-Para.

The Central Provinces.—Akola reports 0.42" of rain. Skies are moderately clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in excess. Day temperature was nearly normal at Raipur and was below the average at other stations. Night temperature was generally above the average.

The Konkan.—Karwar reports 0.01" of rain Skies are heavily clouded and at Ratnagiri humidity is in excess. Night temperature was above normal at Bombay and Ratnagiri.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Ahmednagar reports 0.71" of rain. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and the air is considerably damper than usual. Day temperature was below and night temperature was above the average.

General Remarks.—There has been nearly general rain in Malabar, Madras and Mysore and local rain in the north Konkan, the north Bombay Deccan and Berar. Falls exceeding one inch amount to 2.43" at Trichinopoly and 1.96" at Colombo. Skies are clear in northwest India and the United Provinces and are moderately or heavily clouded in the Peninsula and the Central Provinces. The air is damper than usual in the Peninsula and in the west Central Provinces, Central India West, south Gujarat and east Kahiawar. Day temperature was below normal and night temperature was above he average in the northern half of the Peninsula and the adjacent parts of the Central Provinces, Central India West and Gujarat.

Forecast.—No large change is likely.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 9th November 1922.

The storm from the Gulf of Siam that appeared yestrday in the Andaman sea has moved in a westnorthwesterly direction and is this morning about hundred miles west of the Diamond Island. It is at present travelling in a northwesterly direction but may strike on the Arakan coast to-night. The monsoon has weakened in the centre of the Peninsula. A very slight northwestern disturbance is entering Kashmir. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, the west of the Central Provinces, Malabar, Mysore and southeast Madras and local in the Bombay Deccan, north Hyderabad and the Madras Deccan. A few falls have also occurred on the north Madras coast.

The chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay report are:—Victoria Point, Moulmein one inch; Rangoon two; Diamond Island one and a half; Tinnevelly one; Cuddalore two and Salem three.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON THURSDAY, THE 9TH OF NOV. 1922.

DIVISION	Highest Temp. in shade during the day	Lowest Temp. in shade during the night	Rainfall in inches: Actual during the 24 hours ending 8 a.m.	Rainfall in inches: Total from 1st June to date	Rainfall in inches: Total from 1st Nov. to date	Departure since 1st Nov.
PENJAB & U.P.						
Multan	86	64	..	..	..	..
Do. 10th	81	63	4	53	..	—0.14
Jhang	87	66	..	..	..	..
Montgomery	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. 2nd	90	58	0	24	0	—0 19
Lyallpur	80	56	4	53	..	..
Multan	80	56	4	53	..	0
Gurdaspur	77	46	7	58	..	—1.07
Lahore	84	51	2	72	..	0
Rohtak	87	50	7	51	..	0
Karnal	86	54	4	47	..	—2.18
Ambala	83	0	..	58	..	—2.06
Delhi	..	..	..	..	..	..
CENTRAL PROVINCES						
Agra	81	52	3	42	..	..
Saugor	85	53	5	62	..	—0 08
Jhansi	85	56	..	48	..	—0 14
Damoh	85	56	..	48	..	—0.01
Narsingpore	82	56	5	61	..	—0.26
Allahabad	81	57	5	64	..	—0 17
RAJPUTANA & CENTRAL INDIA						
Ajmere	85	48	0	15	..	..
Deesa	87	65	0	43	..	—0.05
Ajmir	85	55	4	70	..	—0 02
Jaipur	87	56	2	34	..	—0 01
Kotah	86	61	0	50	..	—0.02
Mount Abu	78	60	0	45	..	0
GUJRAT, KATHIAWAR AND DECCAN INDIA						
Deesa	89	58	0	32	..	..
Surat	88	61	3	61	..	0
Broach	89	71	0	63	..	0
Dohad	88	60	1	57	..	—2.10
Bhavnagar Para	85	0	0	74	..	0
Surat	89	64	1	73	..	—7 0
Ahmedabad	89	63	1	62	..	0
Deesa	94	60	0	44	..	—0 66
Roshnesh	82	55	0	30	..	0
Indore	76	54	1	25	1.12	+1 11
DECCAN PROVINCES						
Jabbulpore	78	51	0	53	..	0 37
Nagpur	80	59	0	54	..	0.4
Wellington	78	60	4	93	..	1 68
Khandwa	77	60	2	66	..	0.81
Akola	75	64	1	94	0 42	0.56
Amraoti	73	65	2	79	0 01	0 11
Raipur	80	58	7	98	0.03	0 0
Chanda	80	71	0	78	..	0.97
Raipur	84	57	9	58	..	0 27
KONKAN—						
Bombay	88	78	8	80	..	0
Ratnagiri	89	74	3	78	..	2.10
Harnaikoo	84	68	3	90	..	2.34
Castle	86	64	0	69	0.10	0 93
DECCAN DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	75	56	5	55	..	0.71
Ahmednagar	76	55	1	90	0.71	5 43
Poona	81	59	3	93	0 01	4 16
Sholapur	85	70	1	87	0 01	4 12
Bijapur	84	63	3	77	0.19	0 85
Belgaum	80	65	1	91	..	2.19
Kurnakote	80	59	1	0	..	4 21
Hanmanhoe (India)	78	61	3	82	..	0.72
Hyderabad	80	1	6	86	0 01	2.63
MADRAS AND MYSORE—						
Mangalore	87	2	4	89	0 06	2.15
Calicut	88	3	5	88	0.30	3 11
Cochin	81	74	1	83	0 75	7 11
Cuddalore	88	72	3	95	1.46	4 10
MADRAS DECCAN AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	85	74	1	88	..	5 35
Nellore	91	68	2	86	0.01	1.19
Cuddapah	88	70	0	80	0 14	2 62
Madras	86	4	4	91	0 18	7 14
Vellore	74	69	2	98	0 03	3.31
Coimbatore	84	0	2	78	0.84	1.79
Trichinopoly	87	3	0	98	1.43	3 82
Negapatam	84	8	4	89	..	4.36

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THE NATIONAL ECHO.

Calcutta—Saturday, July 29, 1920 Page 4 from our own correspondents.

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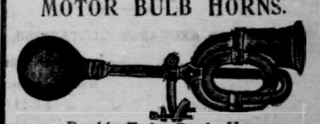

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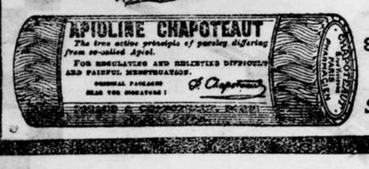

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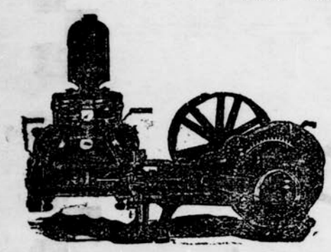

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NEAR EAST CRISIS.

LL. G.'S SILENCE ON GREEK ATROCITIES.

Mr. Toynbee is Professor of Modern Greek at London University. He acted as war correspondent in the early stages of the Graeco-Turkish War, and his recent book on "The Western Question in Greece and Turkey" is an illuminating description of the causes of the last crisis. He was attached to the Peace Delegation to Paris for his knowledge of Eastern affairs. He writes in the "Daily News."

The fact that the Prime Minister is speaking in his own defence at Manchester to-day is of good augury to the country. It indicates that we are out of danger of war, and that Ministers who almost brought that catastrophe upon us are in danger of discredit. "After the ball is over," the mutual explanations between the Government and the nation are to begin. There is indeed something almost indecorous in the haste with which the Prime Minister is assuming the "offensive-defensive."

The most profitable approach to the history of the crisis which we have just surmounted is to consider the probable lines of what the Prime Minister is going to say. One may venture to prophesy that he will begin with a dichotomy between what had happened before the Greek debacle and what has happened after it. In regard to the former series of events, he will doubtless distribute generous quantities of blame to other people—the French and Italian Governments, for example, and the Turkish Nationalists—with a word or two, perhaps, for the wretched ex-King Constantine.

France and Italy will be accused, in more or less unveiled language, of treachery; the Turks will be castigated for their unconventionality in having taken up the cudgels on their own behalf, unlike other beaten nations; and Constantine will be treated as if he, instead of Mr. Lloyd George and M. Venizelos, were responsible for the inevitable consequences of the Greek military adventure in Anatolia.

If after this purgation any residuum of the blame still clings to the Prime Minister himself, one can imagine his moving appeal, *ad misericordiam*. "Here was the situation created by the Greek disaster. What is the use of discussing whether or not I was in some slight degree responsible? The crisis had come upon us. What was I to do?"

THE GREEK DISASTER.

This forecast may be wrong. The Prime Minister may be intending to make a clean breast of it. But the defensive gesture on his part is so familiar that it is worth attempting to deal with some of his probable words before he utters them.

It will not do for him to sweep into limbo, with his imitable sleight of hand, the events that have happened in the Near East between the Armistice of 1918 and the denouement at the end of the month before last. Anyone who knows how great the Prime Minister's responsibility is for the events which led up to the Greek disaster, and anyone who has caught even a glimpse, as I have, of the suffering which these events, and their terrible culmination, have caused, will rightly be implacable in branding the Prime Minister with the indictment that he deserves.

On the 10th of this month, when the Lord Mayor held a meeting at the Mansion House on behalf of the Near Eastern victims, the Prime Minister sent a sympathetic message. Yet if the hundreds of thousands of Turkish men, women and children who have been made homeless and destitute in Anatolia by the Greek Army's acts of devastation, and again those other hundreds of thousands of Greeks and Armenians who have lost their homes and their worldly possessions and have had to take refuge across the sea—if all these victims of an obstinately wrong-headed policy were enlightened as to the ultimate cause of their sufferings, Mr. Lloyd George would not escape condemnation.

Mr. Lloyd George, together with Mr. Venizelos (who is now making a fine attempt to atone for his error), was the statesman chiefly responsible for the original landing of Greek troops at Smyrna in May, 1919, from which all these evils arose. He cannot shelter himself by citing the joint responsibility of M. Clemenceau and President Wilson. It is notorious that the initiative for this fatal decision of the Supreme Council came from the British member of it.

GREEK ATROCITIES.

Possibly to-day, Mr. Lloyd George will swear stoutly that nothing but the study of nationality-statisics (possibly erroneous, but taken in bona fide at the time) induced him to support the transference of the Smyrna enclave from Turkish rule to Greek. But was he so sure of his figures? If he was, why did the first step of the Allied Powers at the abortive Conference of London (held nearly two years afterwards, in February, 1921) take the form of a proposal that an inter-Allied Commission of Inquiry should be sent to Eastern Thrace and Smyrna to examine the relative numerical strength of the nationalities on the spot? The Turks jumped at this proposal; the Greeks rejected it; and the Graeco-Turkish War went on. Why was not this inquiry made in 1919, before the Greek troops were ever sent to Smyrna, if it was considered desirable afterwards in 1921?

Again, is Mr. Lloyd George yet willing to publish the report, drawn up by a commission of distinguished American, British, French, and Italian officers, sent by the Powers for the purpose, upon the excesses committed by the Greek forces at Smyrna within a few hours of their landing? Mr. Lloyd George defended the suppression of this report on the ground that no Greek assessor had been present at the hearing of the Turkish witnesses. But that safeguard was a reflection on the Greek administration, in whose power the witnesses remained; and, in parallel circumstances, the British Government had not hesitated to publish Armenian evidence against the Turks, or Belgian evidence against the Germans.

SIR HENRY WILSON'S VIEW.

Further, will the Prime Minister publish the official opinion of Sir Henry Wilson on the prospects of the Greek campaign in Anatolia—for instance, the opinion he gave at the Conference of Hythe on June 19th to 21st, 1920, or at the Conference of Boulogne on the 21st-22nd of the same month and year? Or the remaining official reports on the same subject (not a selection of them, but the whole series) submitted by the Imperial General Staff during the course of the Graeco-Turkish War? And will he tell us whether these opinions differed from those of the French General Staff, who are as far as our own Staff from being amateurs in this matter?

While he is about it, the Prime Minister might lay on the table of the House of Commons all the reports of our British naval, military and consular representatives in Turkey from November, 1918, to May, 1919, inclusive, in so far as they bear upon the question of sending the Greek troops to Smyrna, which was being debated at Paris during that period. Or, as an alternative to publishing them, will the Prime Minister assure us to-day that these reports from the experts on the spot recommended or at least did not disapprove the policy that was actually adopted by the statesmen at Paris?

The Prime Minister cannot put off such questions as these regarding his policy before last August, but there are just as many, and as pertinent questions to be asked about his policy during the last few weeks.

A STRANGE SILENCE.

To begin with there is Fethi Bey's mission to London in August itself. Was it the Prime Minister's secretariat, or the Foreign Office, which circularised the Press, on the evening of August 9, to the effect that Fethi Bey was not in London on business connected with the forthcoming Near Eastern settlement, and that he had only been received at the Foreign Office by junior officials?

As a matter of fact, we know that, five days after this, Fethi was received at the Foreign Office by a senior and distinguished official, Sir William Tyrrell, who submitted a full report of Fethi Bey's proposals regarding the freedom of the Straits to Lord Curzon.

Did the Prime Minister submit it to the Dominion Governments for their information at the time when he summoned them to arms? Was it only by some unfortunate oversight that all reference to Fethi Bey's proposals was omitted from the celebrated manifesto which somebody launched, on the Government's behalf, on September 16?

A WAR FOR NOTHING.

Will the Prime Minister make any statement regarding Fethi Bey's proposals now? Will he tell us on what ground he felt himself justified in ignoring them, whether or not he considered them satisfactory? And if he did not consider them satisfactory, will he tell us precisely in what respect these proposals brought by Fethi Bey from Angora in August differ from the proposals made by the Principal Allied Powers on September 23 and October 7, on the basis of which the present armistice has been concluded with a view to a definite peace settlement?

If any difference can be found between these two sets of terms, will be Prime Minister inform us exactly how many million pounds that fine shade has cost the country? And if no difference exists, will the Prime Minister explain precisely why he ignored these terms in August, and has since accepted and endorsed them as a feasible solution?

Was it that he distrusted Fethi Bey? Considering that he never saw him, he was hardly in a position to judge whether he was trustworthy or not. And was not Fethi Bey received in audience, after his departure from London, by M. Poincare for France and Signor Schanzer for Italy? Possibly their conversations with him were the ground of the certainty, professed by them and not impugned by anything that has since happened, that the freedom of the Straits could have been secured all the time without risking an armed conflict.

The Prime Minister stands or falls by the soundness or unsoundness of his contention that his alarms and excursions and the undoubtedly acute danger of war which they brought with them were necessary in order to bring the Turks to reason. That contention remains to be proved, and to prove it, the Prime Minister must give us, not old rhetoric, but new facts.

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"MAHATMA GANDHI KI JAI."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—You have laid the whole of India under a deep debt of gratitude for the patriotic and disinterested advocacy in your esteemed journal of the cause of India's salvation through the method of non-violent non-co-operation inaugurated by Mahatma Gandhi—a leader enthroned in the hearts of the teeming millions of his suffering countrymen: a superman who practised whatever he preached: an unerring prophet who welcomed suffering and misery for himself to achieve the good of suffering humanity: in short a *man* in whom all the elements are so combined that Nature would stand up and say: 'This is the *man*': a real son of India who showed during his short regime of a year or so intrinsic qualities and creative genius of such a high order that he forced as it were our weeping mother-India to exclaim in a single moment of joy: This is my son, all the rest of the whole lot of Indians being only so many abortions. After reading these words of reverence and admiration your readers may conclude that I am a worshipper of Man, which I must hasten to say I am not. A genuine idol-worshipper is he who worships God through the idol and not the stone-image before him. All India elected Gandhi as the uncrowned king of India, because his principles and practices, his work and sufferings, his aims and methods, in short everything in him and about him pointed out that it was he alone who correctly read the mind of India; it was he alone who felt the pulse of his suffering countrymen; it was he, his principles and methods alone that could bring about India's salvation, if India is ever destined to achieve it: a real surgeon and a doctor who only could cure India of her present slave-mentality. Was it for nothing that so many of his countrymen followed him and his principles? Alas! the beacon-light was taken away and confined within the massive walls of the Yeravda jail, and all India has been left to grope in the dark, with, however, one redeeming feature, one silver-lining in the dark cloud, namely, the knowledge that the only means of getting light and happiness is along the straight path carved out by the Great Leader of Non-violent N. C. O.; and India would have seen the end of her misery, had all her sons and daughters fired with a patriotic zeal followed up closely the Mahatma's principles and methods. The way to freedom and happiness for the country having once been determined and tried, the only thing to be done was to bring about unity, to reorganise the forces of disruption in sweet reasonableness, and to advise the people to follow the same path to a successful end. It is not the principles and methods and discussions thereabout, but unity of action and feeling that can take a down-trodden country any further towards freedom.

Mahatma Gandhi advised his educated followers to non-co-operate with the Government and to go into the villages and to concentrate all their attention and energies in educating and awakening the masses. He said: "Leave the Government alone. Disabuse yourself of all the abuses in yourself. Look within yourself. Save yourself by your own self. Remove all the demoralising impurities in you. Fit yourself into the position of a free citizen of a free nation. Stand on your legs. Self-help and self-support shall be your guide. Self Government cannot be sought after as a boon from outside. It is within yourself. Only it is dormant and it requires to be exerted. Educate and elevate the masses. All this done, Swarajya will follow you unsought." But these golden rules are set aside, as the ravings of a saintly maniac!

My dear Editor, I was so long dreaming a happy dream that India under the wise guidance of Mahatma Gandhi and his devoted leader-followers was well on her way towards Swarajya. But I was rudely awakened by the C. D. C's report and the Press Note issued by Mr. Das. Mahatma Gandhi Ki Jai. Amen,—Yours, etc.,

A CRY OF DESPAIR FROM KARNATAK.

Nov. 9.

"A CONFESSION OF FAILURE."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—One argument advanced by the Pro-Council part of the C. D. Committee is that by entering the Councils, our constructive programme of Bardoli, will be much pushed forward.

Now, as I understand the matter, the Councils can never stand on the same level with one constructive programme. The spirit underlying the Bardoli proposals is that of self-reliance, while the Councils signify dependence,—relying on a foreign organisation, and hence the idea of forwarding the Bardoli programme through Councils is a contradiction in itself. The constructive proposals were designed especially to infuse the spirit of self-dependence, and self-control, and to discipline the nation for putting into operation the last stage of Non-Co-operation, and hence for Swarajya. If one goes a little forward with the same reasoning, one is confronted with the question whether the Council proposals, are not a confession of failure *on the part of the leaders*.—Yours, etc.,

MANILAL VADILAL CONTRACTOR.

Nov. 9.

The Lloyd Triestino Company's s.s. "Aquileia" left Port Said on the 8th instant. She will sail from Bombay for Venice and Trieste via Karachi on 27th instant.

A Lucknow message of November 8 says: It is understood that informal discussions are proceeding between the Liberals and Hindu landlords for a compromise on the taxation clauses of the District Boards Bill.

Dean Bahadur L. D. Swamikanu Pillay, Council Secretary, who had lately been to England, will deliver a lecture to the members of the Madras Legislative Council at the Council Chambers on Tuesday next after the days session on his impression of the working of Parliament. His Excellency the Governor will preside.

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SENSATIONAL REVIEW BY THE PRESS.

LE FIGARO.

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DR. PAUL BLYTTE. (*Journal de li Sante.*)

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All of these admit having precribed it with success *in sympathic cases to women suffering from anæmia, exhausted by hœmorrhage or after laborious confinement, to old enfeebled people, to persons suffering from fevers caught in hot climates, from tropical anæmia, from disease of the spinal marrow, from partial paralysis, and senile softening of the brain."* DR. JULES LAFAGE.

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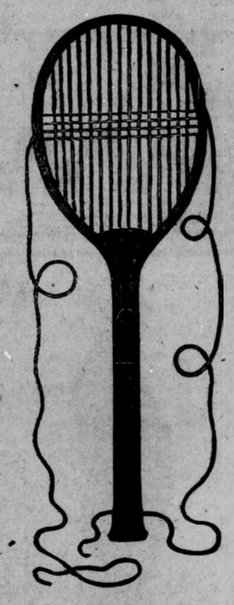

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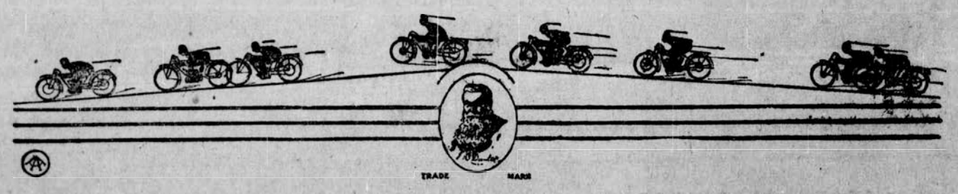

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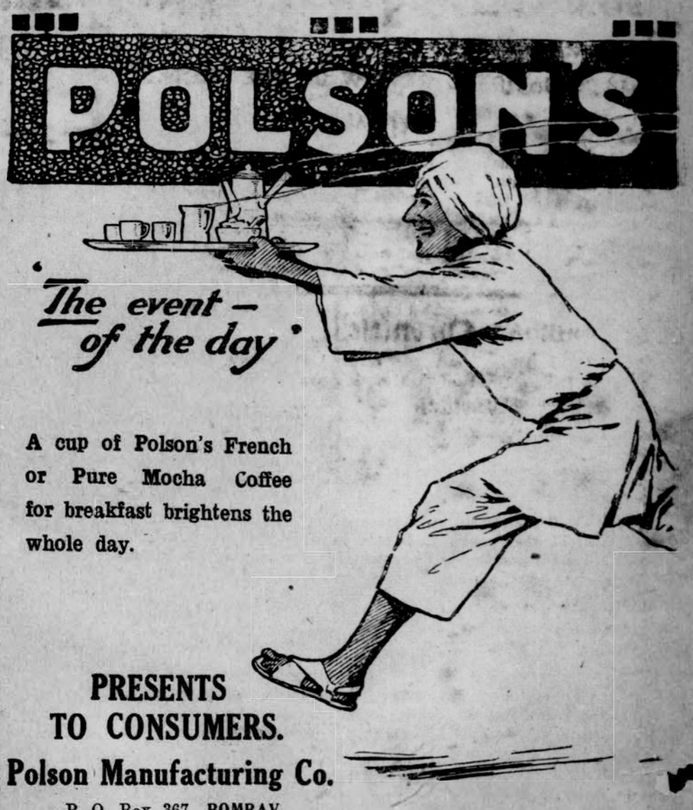

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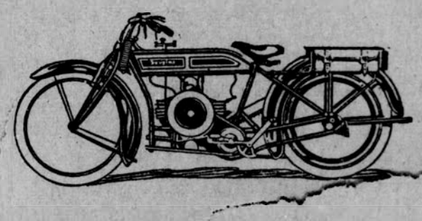

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